

TRANSCRIPT July 15, 2008

MONTGOMERY COUNTY COUNCIL

PRESENT

Councilmember Michael Knapp, President Councilmember Roger Berliner Councilmember Valerie Ervin Councilmember George Leventhal Councilmember Duchy Trachtenberg

Councilmember Phil Andrews, Vice President Councilmember Marc Elrich Councilmember Nancy Floreen Councilmember Praisner



1 President Knapp,

2 Good morning everyone. Welcome to the County Council. We begin our morning with 3 invocation by Rabbi Stuart Weinblatt, B'nai Tzedek of Potomac. Welcome Rabbi. I 4 would ask you all to please rise.

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Rabbi Stuart Weinblatt.

6 7 As we gather this morning we're ever conscious of the fact that the strength of our 8 nation derives in part from the blessing of our diversity. It is nourished by our openness, 9 our tolerance for our differences, by our celebration and embrace of the fabric of the 10 mosaic that enriches our community. When coupled with the pursuant of justice and the desire to do that which is right and good, we have been able to share our blessings, for 11 12 part of the greatness of our society comes from our values and sense of decency. Our 13 nation is enriched for we are the beneficiaries of those who participate in the democratic process. We deliberate over matters large and small with commitment to fairness and 14 15 equality. And so we pray, oh God, may all of these attributes continue to serve us well. 16 May our elected officials continue to find the wisdom and the fortitude to act wisely on behalf of all the citizens of this great county. The Prophet Micah declared it has been 17 told you what is good and what I desire of you only to do justly, to love mercy and walk 18 19 humbly with thy God. So we pray, dear God, may those who are here and who have 20 been chosen as our representatives follow these words of advice; may their actions be 21 just yet tempered by mercy and compassion; may they always have a sense of humility, 22 cognizant that there is a greater being in the universe beyond any one of us who 23 inspires and guides us. And in so doing, may they reach for the good in all aspiring to 24 deliberate on our behalf with this in mind, and achieving the greatness of which our

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27 President Knapp,

Amen. Ms. Lauer, general business. 28

nation is so capable. Amen.

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30 Linda Lauer,

31 We don't have any changes today, but we did receive one position, and that was one 32 supporting Suburban Hospitals Campus Enhancement Project.

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34 President Knapp,

Very good. Thank you very much. Madam Clerk, are through minutes to approve? 35

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37 Crystal Brockington,

Is there a motion?

38 Yes, the minutes of June 24th, 2008.

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40 President Knapp,

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43 Councilmember Trachtenberg,

44 So moved.

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President Knapp,

Moved by Councilmember Trachtenberg.

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Councilmember Leventhal,

6 Second.

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President Knapp,

9 Seconded by Councilmember Leventhal. Any discussion on the minutes for June 24th? 10 Seeing none, all in support of the minutes please indicate by raising your hand. That is unanimous among those present. Thank you very much. Quickly, Ms. Ervin will be a 11 12 little late this morning. She is joining the County Executive for a Wounded Warriors 13 Welcome that is taking place in Silver Spring for those returning veterans from Iraq and Afghanistan. And so we look forward to -- we're glad she is doing that on behalf of the 14 15 Council, and we appreciate it. Obviously we appreciate and respect all that our veterans 16 are doing and have done over the previous year, and we're glad that she is there representing us on our behalf. We turn to the Consent Calendar; is there a motion? 17

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19 Councilmember Trachtenberg,

20 [Inaudible].

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Councilmember Floreen,

23 Second.

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President Knapp,

Moved by Councilmember Trachtenberg, seconded by Councilmember Floreen. Is there discussion on the Consent Calendar? You guys are easy this morning. Seeing none, all in support of the Consent Calendar indicate by raising your hand. That is also unanimous among those present. Thank you. We now turn to -- right on time -- update of the After Action report on water main break of June 2008. This is an ongoing discussion that has begun shortly after the water main break occurred and -- as a brief overview. And then there was a follow-up on the public safety communications element of the water main break that was taking place in the committee that a number of Councilmembers participated in. This is really a unique opportunity since September 11, 2001, there have been many, many exercises, many activities that have throughout the region and in Montgomery County to try to ensure collaboration and coordination as incidents occur both in Montgomery County and outside Montgomery County. And this was an incident that had potentially significant consequences. We were fortunate in that there were not any dire things that occurred but required a great level of coordination to ultimately resolve the issue and to make decisions throughout the process. And so this is really an opportunity for the Council to hear from the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission, Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission, particularly the Department of Parks, County Public Health Department and County Government to just get a sense of how the incident unfolded, how it presented itself, what the coordination



- was amongst the various entities that were required to ultimately bring this to resolution,
- 2 and how were the decisions made throughout that process so we can get a sense of
- 3 how is our incident-management process working or not working; what did we learn;
- 4 what do we need to do differently the next time? And just how did -- it's an opportunity
- 5 really for us to get an overview of what did occur, and get a better understanding of that
- 6 for both us as decision makers and for the general public. And so that is our objective
- 7 this morning. We have about an hour set aside in which we will focus on this and try to
- 8 keep this fairly straightforward. Mr. Levchenko, do you have anything that you wanted to
- 9 lay out for us?

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- 11 Keith Levchenko,
- Just to note that you had initially discussed having WSSC speak first. I know they are
- present. Not sure what other staff are here, but we can go one at a time if you like.

14

- 15 President Knapp,
- Okay that would great. I turn first to the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission.
- 17 Good morning all. Commissioner Mandel.

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- 19 Adrienne Mandel,
- 20 Good morning, President Knapp and members of the Council. We very much appreciate
- the opportunity to work with the Council and with the other presenters here today to
- review the June 15th, 48-inch water main break incident. This morning WSSC intends to
- evaluate our response, and together with the other presenters will try to identify any
- 24 aspects of our policy, communications and coordination efforts that may need attention.
- 25 I am pleased to turn to our Interim General Manager Teresa Daniell who will introduce
- staff and provide specific information. Thank you for this opportunity.

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- 28 President Knapp,
- 29 Thank you.

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- 31 Teresa Daniell,
- 32 Good morning. Thank you.

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- 34 President Knapp,
- And for the benefit of those viewing if could do the introductions for everybody on the
- 36 platform, that would be great.

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- 38 Teresa Daniell,
- 39 Certainly.

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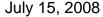
- 41 President Knapp,
- 42 Thank you.

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44 Teresa Daniell,

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With me from WSSC, of course, is Rudy Chow or Interim Deputy General Manager, Jim Newstat, Director of Communications, Karen Wright who is our group leader for

Systems Control, and who was the Incident Commander during the water main break and all the events unfolding from that. Curt Wineland our Director of Intergovernmental

Relations Office is here as well. And Sheila [Inaudible] also from the Intergovernmental

Relations Office. I think I've captured everyone that's with us and who could provide

7 more detail as needed.

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President Knapp,

10 Thank you.

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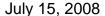
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Teresa Daniell,

I know you had before you or at least have had an opportunity to read a very detailed timeline of the WSSC response from the time of the water main break to the conclusion of the World Water Advisory that a large portion of Montgomery County was under as a precautionary measure resulting from the break. What I want to do is take a few moments then to summarize the most significant parts of our timeline and our response, and then elaborate on the first four hours, which were the most crucial hours in responding to the event. As you know the water main broke at 9:15 p.m. on June 15th. and we were immediately aware of the break in the control center because of our 24hour-a-day monitoring of our water distribution system. When you had lost pressure and water in elevated tanks in the Montgomery high zone, within two hours of the break we were out in the field looking for the break to stop the leak and begin the repair process. Had made initial notification to Montgomery County Department of Homeland Security, and were discussing worst-case scenario preparations. Within four hours of the break, we were well within -- into all the operations to locate the break, increase water flow, and communicate via mass communications to the public affected; as well as initiate discussions with emergency responders and Maryland Department of Environment, and Montgomery County Department of Homeland Security regarding water safety and use. Many of these actions were simultaneous. All the while we were continually monitoring the situation in our control room. We were also receiving thousands of phone calls into our call center. During the rest of the evening of June 15th and then the following two days we continued to update the WSSC chain of command and representatives of public safety and health agencies on our efforts to locate and repair the leak, as well as updates on the water sampling we were doing to ensure the water was free of any contaminates due to the depressurization of the water line. Now let me elaborate a bit on the actions within the first four hours, as I said. Fifteen minutes after we saw we had a break, we had a customer care member in the field looking for the problem. At 10:04 the Incident Commander - that's Karen Wright -- at the Control Center had contacted Homeland Security to make an initial notification of the loss of water. AT 10:30 p.m., the Incident Commander and Communications Director discussed the possibility of the need for a boiled-water advisory as a preliminary look ahead if the water main break was not located soon. By 10:44 p.m., we were working with Potomac water infiltration plant to increase the flow of water to stem the loss of water pressure from the elevated





1 tanks. By 11:00 p.m. we had added several customer care members to the field who 2 were diligently searching for the leak. Meanwhile, back at the Control Center and the 3 Call Center, we were scrutinizing our control panels and customer call-ins for any 4 information that would help locate the leak. As you know, it was in a remote locate, as it 5 turned out, and thus took a number of hours to locate. By 10:50 p.m. we had put out a quick news release to air on the 11:00 p.m. news on TV and radio, and had contacted 6 7 the Montgomery Fire Department to alert them of the water loss. At this point I do have 8 to stop and once again commend Karen Wright, the Incident Commander, and Jim 9 Newstat, Director of Communications, for their immediate actions, as well as for the 10 forethought to begin preparing for a situation that, in fact, did come to fruition. They, I 11 think, brought the best of both immediate tactical action to find the leak and resolve the 12 issue, and forward-looking planning in the event that it was going to take a while to find 13 it. But to continue my brief rundown; by 11:46 p.m., the Director of Communications was working on another communications avenue, the website, for updates. By midnight 14 15 more Call Center staff arrived to answer customer calls and more arrived an hour later. 16 At four minutes after midnight, the Control Center updated the Fire Chief and speaking several times in the next hour. At 1:08 a.m., the Control Center phoned Maryland 17 Department of Environment and then spoke with their drinking water expert at 1:51 a.m. 18 19 By this time not only had all the initial operational actions and coordination efforts 20 commenced, but in some cases updates were already occurring. Now skipping forward 21 three hours, at 4:27 the break was located. The length of time it took to locate the break 22 was the single most important reason that we were forced to make our decisions 23 regarding water restrictions and the boiled-water advisory. And it probably caused the most angst for all concerned. I think the WSSC response was well executed with the 24 25 appropriate coordination with all the County and State agencies that the situation dictated. But remember, we do practice our response every time we have a break. The 26 27 process is virtually the same regardless the size of the line that breaks or the number of people affected. The unique circumstance this time was the loss of pressurization that 28 29 led to the MDE requirement to issue a boiled-water advisory. And yet in our internal 30 after action debriefing, we can still -- we think we can still improve our response in the 31 following ways: continue to look for ways to communicate using all available avenues 32 and technology. You simply can't communicate too much in a crisis -- a situation like 33 this. We're going to investigate technology that we can put in place to locate leaks in 34 remote areas without the obvious water gushing or water leaks or flooding in areas, it is 35 very difficult to locate the leaks; so this will help. We do need to improve our telephone 36 system to customers calling in so they can get information versus a busy signal after a 37 certain number had called in. And then we want to continue, of course, to work with 38 public emergency, safety, health agencies to continue to refine our coordination 39 processes. Now with that as a brief overview and walkthrough of our timeline, I'd be 40 happy to take any question that you may have, or elaborate on any steps as you desire.

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42 President Knapp,

Okay. Lets do any quick questions we have for WSSC, and then we have, I think, four other groups to present. Chair of the T&E Committee, Councilmember Floreen.





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Councilmember Floreen,

First of all, thank you all for coming and for everyone's consistent responses to our questions about [inaudible] very helpful. And I think we -- it's been a great opportunity to sort out some things and to improve our communication and keep the public informed at the same time. We got a lot of pieces of paper on all this, but not a single piece addresses my question, which is why did this happen.

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9 Teresa Daniell,

10 Why did it happen?

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12 Councilmember Floreen,

Why did this happen? Have we started thinking about that? I mean, we could say well we have a lot of infrastructure and we haven't kept it up to day, and so on. But has WSSC looked into -- examined what elements might have led to this problem?

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Teresa Daniell,

In fact, we're in the process of doing that now. And I have said before our preliminary thought is that water seeped into the pipe, corroding the steel bands that reinforce the pre-stressed concrete pipe, and that's the kind of pipe it was. Which then of course led to the pipe being vulnerable to break; as you know it's only 38 years old.

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Councilmember Floreen,

Well 38, to me, seems -- age-wise is like a child.

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26 Teresa Daniell,

In pipe years, that's true, which of course makes it a surprise for us. You're not thinking in terms of a very old pipe or -- but -- we also talked before about how the simple age of a pipe isn't the only reason that a pipe ages.

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Councilmember Floreen,

32 Clearly.

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34 Teresa Daniell.

It's corrosion from water. It could be soil conditions. It could be perhaps the way the
 pipe was originally put into the ground; any kind of a design flaw. We have been looking
 at such things.

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39 Councilmember Floreen.

So you're looking at that now?

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42 Teresa Daniell,

43 Yes we are.

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- 1 Councilmember Floreen,
- 2 I mean I would very much -- and I'm sure WSSC Commissioners are very interested in
- this as well. But, gosh, that's the big questions it seems for us. How, you know, is this a
- 4 message that we have to reevaluate some of our business practices, some of our
- 5 engineering practices, and prioritize addressing them on a larger scale? You know, we
- 6 understand we've got -- we all know we have infrastructure needs that we need to
- address, that we have pipes that need to be replaced; and we've had that exchange for
- 8 some time over how we prioritize, how we fund all this. But a break like this, which is a
- 9 serious regional issues, not just, you know, a small community, but a major regional
- 10 issue with major economic implications for business and for residents in a very large
- and significant geographical area warrants, it seems to me, a really very thorough
- analysis of what are the pieces. I mean, that's your business, laying pipe, putting stuff in
- it and putting water through it. I mean that is sort of some of the fundamental elements
- of all this. And if there's something wrong with how we've been doing business, we can't
- do business as usual in the future. Can you -- you're looking into this. Can you talk a
- little bit about where you anticipate that would take you, and when you think you'll have
- 17 some conclusions.

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- 19 Teresa Daniell.
- 20 I'm not yet ready -- yet ready to say what -- that we've found the problem or we know
- 21 exactly what caused it.

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- 23 Councilmember Floreen,
- 24 Sure.

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- 26 Teresa Daniell,
- 27 As you said, we need to do a thorough analysis. I will say when we inspected the pipe
- and we were ready to repair it, we took the opportunity to inspect further along either
- side of the break, and, in fact, found four more areas that needed rehabilitation. So we
- did that at the same time that we repaired the actual break.

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- 32 Councilmember Floreen,
- 33 And that was close to the break?

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- 35 Teresa Daniell.
- Yeah, between the two valves along the pipe that closed down.

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- 38 Councilmember Floreen,
- 39 Is that a big distance? I mean, are we talking like 50 feet?

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- 41 Teresa Daniell,
- 42 A mile.

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44 Rudolph Chow,



The pipeline that was inspected off of the water main break was about two miles that we inspected. Within that two-mile stretch, we found four additional sectional pipes that need attention.

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- Councilmember Floreen,
- 6 Well that's a just -- .

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- Teresa Daniell,
- I was going to say, of course, that is more information that tells us the break wasn't just at that one place; that there were others that were beginning to deteriorate or beginning to have problems. I don't -- as I said, I'm not yet ready to say this is the cause, or this is what we're looking at, because I don't want to be premature in having people -- and get the wrong information on what caused the break. But we're looking at all of those things. And we'll certainly let -- .

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- 16 Councilmember Floreen,
- 17 It appears -- I mean, I would suggest to you that this is a matter of some exigency for us 18 and for the Commission.

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- 20 Teresa Daniell,
- 21 I understand.

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- 23 Councilmember Floreen,
- And a plan to evaluate the elements that led to this problem should take major priority at WSSC. Madam Chair, would you -- have the Commissioners had a conversation about this?

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- 28 Adrienne Mandel,
- 29 Not only did we have a conversation, our Commission meeting -- monthly scheduled 30 many years ago asked that our leadership staff come and give us -- and try to give us 31 the same kinds of answers that you are seeking. And it was very interesting because 32 our Interim General Manager and Deputy Interim General Manager came in with a box 33 of show-and-tell. A beautiful box of concrete and wires and pebbles, and it was very 34 interesting. And they did try to explain to us in lay terms because most of our 35 Commissioners are laypeople, exactly what the potential causes might be. I mean, this was within two or three days after the break; was it not? It was very soon after the 36
- break. And what stuck in my mind from the briefing, because we requested the same kind of information as you're talking about today, was the fact that this particular pipe
- happens to lie in an area that's a very low, wet area. So the causes could possibly be attributed to the fact that there was water infiltration. But we don't want to go there at
- attributed to the fact that there was water infiltration. But we don't want to go there at this point because it is premature, because a more thorough investigation is being
- 42 conducted and you can be sure that your Commissioners are providing the appropriate
- recite, and we do feel the urgency to get answers.



1 Councilmember Floreen,

Well, Ms. Daniell, do you think you'll have a better sense by September?

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- 4 Teresa Daniell,
- 5 Yes, I can commit to that.

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- 7 Councilmember Floreen,
- 8 Okay, well, let me ask that you bring back to us, either the full Council or the T&E
- 9 Committee, the results of your analysis. Obviously, if there are significant concerns
- 10 there, you may -- you will want to reevaluate perhaps some of your CIP planning and
- other Operating Budget issues associated with this.

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- 13 Teresa Daniell,
- 14 Right.

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- 16 Councilmember Floreen,
- 17 In terms of evaluate -- you know, doing the kind of follow-up work that we would hope
- that you would be able to do throughout the system so that our -- everyone can be
- assured that we're doing our best to prevent reoccurrences, at least to the extent that
- we can anticipate with the information we've gotten.

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- 22 Teresa Daniell,
- Certainly that makes sense that no only would we be able to, I'm hopeful, to give you a
 - cause and an analysis of how we found the cause, and then where do we go from here.
- 26 Councilmember Floreen,
- 27 Yeah.

28

- 29 Teresa Daniell,
- 30 Does that entail some sort of reevaluation of our planned worked, any of those things.

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- 32 Councilmember Floreen,
- Absolutely. Sure, and let's take this opportunity to make sure we're in the right place.
- 34 Okay, thank you.

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- 36 President Knapp,
- 37 Councilmember Praisner.

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- 39 Councilmember Praisner.
- How many water breaks do you have, say, per day, per week, per whatever timeframe?

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- 42 Teresa Daniell,
- Rudy, can you give an -- just this morning I asked our Customer Care Team Chief to tell
- me how many breaks we had had to date in 2008, because -- one a day is probably not

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an unusual amount. You know, we get the alerts -- small breaks and some repeat offenders. You know, in other words, a line that has had more than a break over a period of years. I can certainly tell you that we had a record year in 2007, and a couple of those months in 2007 were record months; more than 2,000 breaks. Unfortunately, I can't you off the top of my head exactly how many we've had to date, but we have a lot.

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- 7 Councilmember Praisner,
- 8 Yeah, I notice in my community you're out there at least once a day in some location.

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- 10 Teresa Daniell,
- 11 Yes.

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- 13 Councilmember Praisner,
- 14 Any idea as to what the major cause for a break is?

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- 16 Teresa Daniell,
- 17 Aging infrastructure.

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- 19 Councilmember Praisner,
- Thank you.

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- 22 President Knapp,
- 23 Councilmember Elrich.

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- 25 Councilmember Elrich,
- 26 Piney Branch Road is probably on your list of frequent breakers.

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- 28 Teresa Daniell,
- 29 Yes.

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31 Councilmember Elrich,

I noticed it was blocked off again. Did you systematically go out and videotape the pipes? I mean, I assume you're putting something through the lines that you can inspect the pipes with, restraining order do you just -- are you just able to uncover the surface and do a surface exploration? I've seen those little robotic things that go through pipes and look at -- take pictures from the inside.

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- 38 Teresa Daniell,
- 39 You'd be talking more about the sewer than the water lines.

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- 41 Rudolph Chow,
- Yeah, generally what you're talking about is closed-circuit television of pipelines, and generally that's done on sewer mains.

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1 Councilmember Elrich,

You don't do it on the water mains?

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4 Rudolph Chow,

We don't normally do it on water mains. And what you were thinking of that we do monitoring -- continuous monitoring of PCCPs using fiber optic cables and all that -- that's not installed in this particular 16-inch main of Piney Branch.

Councilmember Elrich,

I was thinking more about the one that broke, the big lines. I mean, do you do an ongoing inspection?

13 Rudolph Chow,

For PCCP we have annual inspection programs that -- but clearly we're not doing enough in recent years, and we are stepping up in that effort.

Councilmember Elrich,

Because it would concern me that you have four potential in what a mile, whatever it was. And if all the pipe is the same age and same manufacturer, I mean, the fact that you showed four doesn't mean that others aren't in the stage of getting there and just simply aren't showing any signs of it yet. There's the issue of whether that same pipe -- that same age pipe or type of pipe was used in other construction projects in the County, and I think you wouldn't want to limit yourself to just looking at this line, but asking whether is there -- are you using the same -- did you use the same materials in other locations. And it seems to me they all need to be candidates for investigation, particularly since you don't the cause. I mean, you said it may be water seeping in because it's a wet area. What if that's not the cause? Or if this isn't the only wet area, then you're vulnerable every place those pipes theoretically went in the ground. So I mean I would hope that you're actually looking at it in an aggressive way of monitoring the pipe situation.

Rudolph Chow,

Correct. I mean, currently we have two additional inspections going on for PCCPs, the large water mains, the 72- and the 66-inch water mains. And you're right, PCCP -- our focus has always been on the pre-1965 era of PCCP mains. And this particular one was manufactured in 1970. And I would say that's not very high on our radar screen in terms of vulnerability is concerned. But I light of this break, I think, that's part of the coming back to you in September our Interim General Manager was speaking of that we're going to be coming back and probably coming back with a new recommendation of expanded inspection program that we need to look into certainly.

Councilmember Elrich,

l'm concerned because when -- during the budget we were presented a not very pretty picture of the infrastructure needs of WSSC, and that didn't include this. And of course





1 no steps were really taken to fund that because that's all about how much tax revenue 2 can be raised to deal with the problem, and we have nowhere -- this Council supported 3 the more aggressive program. But WSSC is nowhere near funding what it needs to do 4 to deal with the problems that existed before this if, in fact, we've got a problem now 5 with newer pipe, then the magnitude of the problem has just gotten a lot bigger. And I think it's incumbent on WSSC to do as much as they can to educate people of what it's 6 7 going to cost to fix this, because we can't go through the -- obviously we did go through 8 a water main break. But this is not the way to deal with things in the long term is wait for 9 things to break and then do emergency repairs. At some point you're likely to be 10 overwhelmed by your ability to deal with that. And I think the problem is a lot --11 apparently is bigger than, you know, even we thought about it when we were discussing 12 your budget before. And I do think you're -- it's going to take a lot more resources to 13 deal with the problem that's out there. We can't afford, for example, to have this -- the 14 district situation of failing, you know, fire hookups. We need to know that the pressure is 15 there and that it's going to be available throughout the County. And so, I guess, you 16 know, I hope you do a much more aggressive inspection program, but I hope we start getting some realistic budgets and we continue to have realistic discussions about what 17 it's going to take to deal with this. Because I don't sense that it's going to be cheap. 18

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Teresa Daniell.

I appreciate your comments, and I think you're dead on.

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President Knapp,

Just one brief question. At the County level we have an emergency operation center that gets activated depending upon the type of an incident occurs. Does WSSC have a similar activity that once you've got a special event that takes place; and, if so, do you have representatives from the key county departments or agencies depending upon where a break would occur or where an incident would occur that you would then call in or representatives would then participate in some centralized location with you?

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Teresa Daniell,

32 We do have a similar -- it's not as formalized -- we don't have as formalized a control 33 center call in like you're talking. Well let me rephrase that. We have a control center and 34 it operates 24-hours a day; so we have a sitting, you know, control center. So that's one 35 thing that's a little different versus one that's just stood up for emergencies if you will. 36 And internal to WSSC, if need be we could call in certain staff who would then, you 37 know, do coordination or take whatever actions that they need to have. We don't 38 currently though have other representatives actually come to us. We do telephone 39 conferences and meetings as needed. But we don't currently have a setup like that. 40 That doesn't mean that we couldn't look at it and maybe set something like that up. But 41 what I'm interested in is since you -- both counties now have this similar setup that we 42 would figure out a way to increase our coordination so that whether we have actually 43 have a seat at your table or there's some direct continuous link so you get updates from 44 us on a continuous basis. Perhaps some sort of web-enabled -- I'm not sure, I'm talking



off the top. But that's one of the things I meant in terms of refining our coordination process.

- 4 President Knapp,
- 5 Right.

- 7 Teresa Daniell,
- I think we coordinated well, but you always look for how can I fine-tune this. Could I have -- could there have been a feed that I could have been continually giving -- given your control center that, you know, would have helped?

- 12 President Knapp,
 - Well, I think we tend to focus on something that happens within the County, and we'll engage our emergency operation center to respond to that incident. What if it's driven by -- you're the primary engager, and so we need to respond. And so how do we get to your table? I mean how do we drive off of your incident as opposed to the other way around. And so I don't the right way, but it would seem as though there might be as the course of this conversation proceeds, a level of communication that drive from that side as opposed to just from our own internal activities. Council Vice President Andrews.

- Vice President Andrews,
 - Thank you, President Knapp, and thank you all for being here and for the detailed packet. In the packet there is an attachment A, which has a detailed timeline that appears very thorough of what happened from the time the break occurred over the next 48 hours or -- actually the next 70 hours or so. There are some references to the impact on hospitals in there, and I wanted to ask about that and ask how the communication was handled with hospitals; some were affected, others weren't. It notes that Montgomery General Hospital didn't have any water as of 10:05 or 10:04, and that there were -- was consideration or efforts made to find water for hospitals potentially evacuating hospitals with the National Guard. So take us through that.

- Teresa Daniell.
- Let me just say a couple of general comments, and then I'm going to ask Karen to elaborate. But, first of all, hospitals would be one of our critical customers, and so that would be -- as soon as we know the area that we have a water-main break and we start looking at who our critical customers are so that we can start notifying them, and then working with them on what needs, you know, they have, and what we can do to help. But I'm going to let Karen talk specifically about this incident since she was there and did the coordination.

- 41 Vice President Andrews,
- 42 Okay.

44 Karen Wright,



1 We were made aware that Montgomery General didn't have water. I told them there 2 was no way that we could get them water. All the hospitals in this area, we did this 3 many years ago where the hospitals were looked at, what they would do for backup 4 water supply if they needed it. I informed Homeland Security that I did not know when 5 we would be able to get them back in water, that they would have to do whatever they needed to do to protect the patients. And I told them which hospitals not to move people 6 7 to; that they could also -- they would be in the same zone that was having pressure 8 problems; and that even moving them to other hospitals in Prince George's and 9 Montgomery County might be an issue depending on how long it took us to find the 10 broken water main and isolate it.

11 12

Vice President Andrews.

Do any of our hospitals have backup water supplies?

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15 Karen Wright,

I don't know. I know that some of them have a small tank. They tend to be more driven, I believe, based on having broken water mains in the wintertime, most hospitals have gone through have a dual feed so that if the break occurs on one side of the facility that they can get water on the other side of the facility. It does not consider that there could be just a total loss of water supply. When I talked to Bill Kelly with Homeland Security, he indicated that some of them had a small water supply but the biggest issue with the hospitals on that evening was the chillers with the air conditioning and maintaining a healthy temperature within the hospital itself.

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Vice President Andrews.

Obviously this is critically important to have water available in hospitals. I note that at 2:15 on Monday morning, which was about five hours after the break, indicates that Gordon Aoyagi, GA, informed KW, Karen Wright, that hospitals had canceled surgeries. Do you know which hospitals those were?

29 30 31

Karen Wright, I do not know.

32 33

Vice President Andrews.

34 35 I'm sorry, it does say Holy Cross, Suburban and [inaudible] Medical said they were okay, so I assume it's Shady Grove and Montgomery General; although, I'm sure about 36 37 Shady Grove. But this is an issue that I don't think has gotten a lot of focus, and it's one, 38 I think, requires some follow-up with the hospitals to have plans for what they would do 39 in an event of another loss of water, other than not having additional people come into 40 the hospital, which makes sense. But what would they do in terms of being ready to 41 bring water in case there was a cut off for more than a few minutes of water. So I 42 appreciate the timeline noted this aspect of it, because I think that's an important one,

43 and I think we'll need to follow up with that and meet the hospitals. I don't know if our

44 Director has any comments she would like to make.



1 2

- President Knapp,
- We'll get to that in a minute.

4 5

- Vice President Andrews,
- 6 Okay, very good.

7 8

- Karen Wright,
- 9 The difference in this was not -- it was not just water supply, but once the boiled-water advisory was called, then it took a different direction.

11

- 12 Teresa Daniell,
- I would suggest that this could certainly be one of the follow-on meetings with the appropriate emergency departments and the hospital to review plans and see what they already have in place, and perhaps refine those.

16 17

- Vice President Andrews,
- 18 Thank you.

19

- 20 President Knapp,
- 21 Great. Thank you very much for this panel. We've got three other groups to try to get to, 22 and so don't run away because I'm sure there will be some overlapping questions when 23 we get everything through. But thank you very much for the thorough response to the questions that you provided. And we look forward to continuing dialogue once we get 24 25 through this presentation today. Our next brief presentation will be from Maryland 26 National Capital Park and Planning Commission, the Department of Parks, Mary 27 Bradford as Director, and Darien Manley, Acting Chief Park Police Division. This event did take place or this incident did occur on park land, and so there was a level of 28 29 coordination that was required to occur there. And so just a brief overview as to how

30 31 32

- Mary Bradford,
- Thank you, Mr. President. For the record, Mary Bradford, Director of the Department of
- Parks Montgomery County. Accompanying me is Acting Park Police Division Chief

that occurred and what the follow up has been.

- Darien Manley. And also I've asked to the table our Incident Commander for that event,
- 36 Park Manager Kim Humerick. And at the end of the table is Doug Redman, who is in our
- 37 natural resources unit and Park/Planning Stewardship, and responsible for the --
- assessing the effects on the park land itself. I just wanted to thank Jim and the Park
- 39 Police for what they did to secure the location, work with WSSC, and make sure that the
- 40 area was marked off and well-managed during the incident itself. The break occurred
- 41 just below the parking lot for the Meadowside Nature Center, for those of you who know
- where the Lather B. Smith Environmental Center is, it's right on that same roadway off
- 43 [Inaudible] Castor Mill Road. And so it was very close to an area used by the public
- 44 while it was remote from the point of view of WSSC in that it wasn't immediately visible



1 from a highway, for the purposes of park users it was in an area right off a trail that 2 could have been accessed by anybody using that park. So the securing of the site was 3 of importance to us. We found out about the break around 7:00 in the morning and 4 immediately went out to the site to secure the site. Jim Humerick can address the 5 details of how he did that. And the WSSC team was on the site, and we worked with them to make sure that the repairs they needed to make could move expeditiously. That 6 7 meant getting in our foresters to take a look at the tree damage and figure out what 8 could and couldn't happen on the site, and how we could get in there most easily; 9 getting the proper materials down so the heavy equipment could access the site; and in 10 general, working with WSSC to make sure they could start the repairs once the break 11 had been found. We were very fortunate, I would say, in this County with that break. 12 Where it occurred was within walking distance of a parking lot where we could drive 13 heavy equipment in. If it had happened in a more remote area that would have been very problematic, I think, for everybody. Secondly, it occurred just upstream from Lake 14 15 Frank, which meant there was a place for the water to go from this break. It was a 16 significant break. Lake Frank rose almost four feet during the incident. And so there was quite a volume of water discharged out of this pipe flowing over park land very quickly 17 into the stream and carried immediately down to Rock Creek. The distance it traveled 18 19 over land did not affect park land the way it could if it had broken, as I said, in a more 20 remote location. In terms of coordination, the coordination with WSSC was very good. I 21 must commend their promptness, their attitude, their willingness to work with us, and all 22 of our relationships with them on this incident. One thing you asked in the questions and 23 one thing I was asked was what could have been done maybe differently. And I would say that one thing that might have helped a bit was in finding the initial break; I believe 24 25 the order went out from the County to take a look at anybody noticing excessive stream discharge. I spoke with Gordon Aoyagi after the fact, and he said yes the call had gone 26 27 out to County police. But generally the stream valleys in this County are within the park system, and so it might have helped to identify the location of the break perhaps if we 28 29 had been able to get the word to our Park Police as well. And so our Park Police do 30 have a 24/7 dispatch system, and had we been notified, we may have been able 31 perhaps to have looked for it sooner and uncovered the location sooner than happened. 32 President Knapp, I noticed your question about the coordination process and what we 33 do internally. Generally speaking in an incident like that the Park Manager onsite were 34 organized geographically. The Park Manager becomes the incident commander for the 35 thing that's happening in that park, and that was Mr. Humerick. But we also have, as I 36 said, a 24/7 Park Police dispatch system so we can get the word out very quickly to 37 everybody and use our own internal alert. And that would be the way I would suggest 38 we go in the future. 39

40 President Knapp,

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We've had conversations in the past on the Public Safety Committee as to better coordination between County Police dispatch and Park Police dispatch, and so I guess I'm a little intrigued as to a call going out to County Police for a significant incident that somehow didn't get transmitted to Park Police. Because I was under the impression that



- 1 if there were a significant incident that there was a call that went out through dispatch
- that it went to all of the appropriate police personnel. And so I'm a little intrigued at the
- fact that something didn't get to you guys or that there's not already a linkage, because
- 4 this is a major incident. If there were another major incident, at least as I've understood
- 5 it, there's kind of a coordination there that you're in that loop and vice versa. And so
- 6 does that not happen?

7 8

- Darien Manley,
- 9 In this instance, I'm not exactly sure where the breakdown occurred. We do have direct
- lines that are established between our communications center and the ECC. It's a very
- simple process for either side to pick up the phone and make the appropriate
- notification. In this case I believe the information went out over the County Police radio,
- and in most instances, our officers, because they monitor the county channels as well,
- we usually pick up on those things. In this case that did not happen. So our first
- notification was when Mr. Humerick contacted us at 7:00 that morning.

16

- 17 President Knapp,
- Okay. And that seems to me to continue to be something we need to look at then
- between County Police and Park Police to make sure that there's a strong, strong
- communication back and forth. I was under the impression that there was pretty much a
- seamless process; and it doesn't appear as though that's the case. Okay. Questions for
- 22 Parks. Council Vice President Andrews.

23

- 24 Vice President Andrews.
- l'm sorry if I missed this, but is there an assessment yet in terms of the dollar cost to the
- 26 damage to the park system?

27

- 28 Mary Bradford,
- We haven't completed an assessment of that at this point, but we -- WSSC paid for and
- took care of most of the work and the remedial work. We've had people out on site
- taking a look at that. And we can get you those figures if you need them.

32

- 33 Vice President Andrews,
- 34 Okay.

35

- 36 President Knapp,
- Thank you very much. Thank you for your efforts and thank you for your
- responsiveness. I know it's difficult to bring all the pieces together, and so I appreciate
- that. And we're going to have continue to work on that communications link a little bit.

40

- 41 Mary Bradford,
- 42 Thank you.

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44 President Knapp,

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- Our next overview is Montgomery County Public Health with Uma Ahluwalia, Director of
- 2 Department of Health and Human Services, and Dr. Ulder Tillman, who is the Public
- 3 Health Officer, which is also a, interestingly, a state position. And so I have a feeling
- 4 that Dr. Tillman got to serve as kind of the pivot point between both State Department of
- 5 Health and County Department of Health, and how that interacted with everybody. Good
- 6 morning. I don't care how we do this. I mean we had this laid out to go health, but do
- 7 you want to?

8

- 9 Tim Firestine,
- 10 We'll follow your order. Tom is going to say some -- Tom was going to maybe say
- 11 something.

12

- 13 President Knapp,
- 14 Okay.

15

- 16 Tom Street,
- Good morning. Tom Street, Assistant Chief Administrative Officer from the County
- 18 Government Executive Branch. We have today, of course, Tim Firestine, our CAO; Uma
- 19 Ahluwalia, our HHS Director; Dr. Ulder Tillman, our Public Health Officer; Drew Tracy,
- 20 our Acting -- our Assistant Police Chief; Darlene Flynn, Acting Director of Homeland
- 21 Security; Tom Carr, Fire Chief; Bob Hoyt, our DEP Director; Dave Lake, our Manager of
- Waste Water Policy for DEP. I guess as an overview I think it's important that the
- 23 Council remember that this really was an emerging event that different phases of the
- event involved different elements of an emergency. Certainly WSSC had the lead
- because it was a water main break of their system as water provider. The County role
- really was to coordinate the response in the departments in responding to the
- 27 consequences of that break. And for the duration of time that it took to obtain potable
- water statement from the Commission. We've, I guess, prepared a number of
- 29 responses to your question, and I think we'd like to go through those responses as a
- way to respond to you.

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- 32 President Knapp,
- 33 Is that --.

34

- 35 Tom Street,
- 36 HHS.

37

- 38 President Knapp,
- 39 Okay, Director Ahluwalia.

- 41 Uma Ahluwalia,
- Good morning, President Knapp and members of the Council. We're pleased to be here
- today to speak with you about -- actually to respond to any questions you might have
- 44 about the way the Public Health Department handled the boiled-water advisory and the



1 related consequences of the water main break. We believe that our response was 2 coordinated with the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene up at the State level, and with the County Executive's office. And every step of the way we were responsive 4 to the issues that were emerging, especially with the restaurant owners and with the 5 public. And we're happy to give you more detail than what was in our written answers about how we responded, particularly with the emergency control center that we 6 7 established at Dennis Avenue, the number of calls we took, the actual in-person walk-8 ins, and knocking on the doors of restaurants and alerting them of the changes that 9 were reported in their ability to do business. And Dr. Tillman was really at the center of 10 all of that activity as the Public Health Officer for the County, and received her authority directly delegated from the Secretary for the State Department of Health and Mental 11 12 Hygiene. So with that I'll stop and entertain questions.

13 14

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President Knapp,

You just mentioned this emergency control center that we had at Dennis Avenue. How was that different from what we would have from our typical emergency operations center, and why would we have a separate place set up for that?

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23

24 25 Dr. Ulder Tillman,

Public Health Services has a command post at Dennis Avenue that enables to activate an information hotline for our consumers, as well as for our medical health providers. And we have that funding that we've received via the Federal Government and the State to do that so that we would be prepared for biological emergencies. And that basically concentrates on the Public Health Services staff being able to respond to the public and providers, and then we link that to our emergency operating center where I usually sit if the OEC is activated.

2627

28 President Knapp,

29 Okay. So you're at the OEC.

30

- 31 Dr. Ulder Tillman,
- 32 Right.

33

- 34 President Knapp,
- 35 In direct contact with the folks at Dennis Avenue.

36

- 37 Dr. Ulder Tillman.
- 38 Exactly.

39

- 40 President Knapp,
- 41 Councilmember Leventhal.

42

43 Councilmember Leventhal,



- 1 What exactly was the threat to the water? Was it a combining of sewage lines with the
- water lines? And what are the medical consequences, or what were the potential
- 3 medical risks.

4

- 5 Dr. Ulder Tillman,
- The concern that we had was that since the pressure had dropped so low and even had a negative pressure that it could be pulling in contaminates into what we call our potable
- 8 water, which is water that is safe for drinking, for food handling and for cleansing.

9

- 10 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 11 Contaminates from the sewage lines?

12

- 13 Dr. Ulder Tillman,
- 14 No just from the environment around those pipes.

15

- 16 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 17 From the dirt in which the pipes are encased?

18

- 19 Dr. Ulder Tillman,
- 20 Exactly, yes. And so we do have concerns that we can't safeguard the quality of the
- water so that people needed to be sure that they took additional precautions for their
- 22 own safety.

23

- 24 Councilmember Leventhal.
- 25 So then the medical risks were not really specific; it could have been anything?

26

- 27 Dr. Ulder Tillman,
- 28 It could be anything and it depends on where the break occurs. You know, if it's surface
- water then there is a concern about crypto-sporidium and giardia or parasites. If it's in
- 30 contaminated ground areas where you could have fecal contamination from animals, et
- cetera, that is something that can be a threat to health as well. But we -- and particularly
- for individuals and a second s
- for individuals who are immune-compromised and are not at the best of health, they are
- more vulnerable to changes in the quality of the water.

34

- 35 Councilmember Leventhal.
- 36 So when the water is flowing through the pipes at a constant rate then just the motion of
- 37 the water keeps the contaminates out; but if the pressure drops contaminates can seep
- in; is that what it is?

- 40 Dr. Ulder Tillman.
- That's part of it. And also that, you know, the water supply company makes sure that
- 42 there are a level of disinfectants that are in the water to make sure you maintain the
- quality. So if you can't maintain the pressure as well as the quality of the water then that
- 44 makes us vulnerable to potential contaminates.



Councilmember Leventhal,

And there's a wide range of potential contaminates; it's not just one or two?

4 5

Dr. Ulder Tillman,

6 There are.

Councilmember Leventhal,

9 Thank you, that's very interesting.

President Knapp,

Councilmember Elrich.

Councilmember Elrich,

Is there any value in looking at any kind of filtering systems at the hospital so that if you did have a breakdown like this that the contaminates could be removed and the water supply could be maintained at the hospitals. I mean, I know that if you -- in the simple world, if you go out camping and you can buy relatively easy things you put your water through it and you drink it, and you don't worry about all the things you just listed. It is possible to have a bypass system at hospitals that would provide some backup safety for them.

Dr. Ulder Tillman,

There have been some discussions during this event and actually several years ago in terms of what could be alternatives for the hospitals. You know, the hospitals are particularly challenged that they need a large volume of water as well as the quality of the water. We had a lot of discussions during this incident in terms of what could happen with dialysis and with surgery, and it was really deemed that it was safer to postpone those or to route people to other areas rather than to risk that. My understanding is a couple of years ago the hospitals did engage a consultant to look at alternatives. But it would still be -- we're talking about things that are relatively expensive for them to institute. And you have one hospital such as Montgomery General where they would really need a water tower which could draw some potentially negative reactions from the surrounding community for them to have that backup water supply. So it's not a quick fix for the hospitals. They need the volume and that's why after my conference call with that State on that Monday morning about 6:00 a.m., MIMS and a number of other State agencies arranged to have the water tankers to be going to the two hospitals that were affected.

40 Councilmember Elrich,

41 Thank you.

43 President Knapp,

44 Council Vice President Andrews.





12 Vice President Andrews,

3 Thank you. Which hospitals did cancel surgeries and for how long?

4 5

- Dr. Ulder Tillman,
- 6 The first hospital that was affected was Montgomery then it was Shady Grove, Adventist
- 7 Hospital, and then the Germantown emergency facility that were affected. The
- 8 Germantown emergency facility that was not paramount situation for them, but for
- 9 Montgomery General, for Shady Grove, they were affected, and they continued that
- delay in scheduling elective surgery until the boiled-water advisory was lifted.

11

- 12 Vice President Andrews,
- 13 So about three days.

14

- 15 Dr. Ulder Tillman,
- 16 Yes.

17

- 18 Vice President Andrews,
- 19 All right. Do you know what accommodations, if any, were made for those needing
- 20 immediate surgery?

21

- 22 Dr. Ulder Tillman,
- No, but I do understand in the discussions that I had with the State and MIMS that they
- were discussing about various diversions that would be necessary, and what type of
- diversion and what other hospitals would take those emergencies. So that was
- something that was discussed early on in this event in terms of those arrangements.

27

- 28 Vice President Andrews,
- Okay. We may need to follow up with the hospitals I think to get more details on that.
- Thank you.

31

- 32 President Knapp,
- 33 From what I saw in the packet there was a coordination between MDE, Department of
- Health and our Department of Health and Human Services and WSSC as to who made
- 35 what calls that related to the boiled-water alert and ultimately the closing of the
- restaurants. Could you explain how that interaction takes place and where that
- 37 interaction took place?

- 39 Dr. Ulder Tillman.
- Well, clearly in terms of public water supply it's the Maryland Department of
- 41 Environment that has regulatory authority over them, and they have the regulations
- where they have primacy for the water and the quality of the water. They were in
- consultation with WSSC and that decision was made by them, and it was WSSC that
- 44 issued it.



1 2 President Knapp, 3 That's to the boiled-water alert, so between -- . 4 5 Dr. Ulder Tillman, 6 Advisory, yes. 7 8 President Knapp, 9 Or advisory, sorry. [Inaudible] language. 10 11 Dr. Ulder Tillman, 12 But now in terms of our food service facilities, it's the Secretary of the Department of 13 Health and Mental Hygiene who has authority over that. And we learned during this 14 event that that actually has been delegated to the county health officers to make the decisions about closures for the restaurants. So after quite a bit of consultation on that 15 16 Monday late afternoon into the evening it was decided that it was safer to make sure that those food service facilities remained closed until we could propose if at all possible 17 18 other alternatives. 19 20 President Knapp, 21 It was decided by whom? 22 23 Dr. Ulder Tillman, 24 It was ultimately my decision. 25 26 President Knapp, 27 Okay. 28 29 Dr. Ulder Tillman. 30 The Secretary strongly advised that we close the food service facilities, but it was my 31 decision. 32 33 President Knapp, So how does that then play into our emergency operations center or the program we 34 35 have at Dennis Avenue to communicate with folks. Does that decision then go back to 36 the emergency operations center and then our incident command team is then 37 responsible for communicating, or does that come out because you kind of fall outside 38 that chain of command as a state official as well; does that then go to the Dennis 39 Avenue facility and then that whole communication system takes place? Dr. Ulder Tillman,

40

- We had really a multi-prong situation going that with the activated emergency 42
- 43 operations center with our County Homeland Security that already a public advisory had
- 44 been issued to the media early in the morning. When it came to the restaurants



specifically then it was Public Health that needed to provide what information needed to get to them. And so we did use our various media with the radio with the TV and with the County website, and then with actual direct phone calls from our hotline as well as our Licensure and Regulatory staff to get to those restaurants -- food service facilities. We had also, by the way, needed to check with our nursing home residential facilities to make sure that they were okay as well, so we addressed that also.

7

- President Knapp,
- 9 So of our 1200 restaurants or so that was affected, how many do we think we actually 10 got in touch with?

11

- 12 Dr. Ulder Tillman,
- We reached 870 of them on that first day and about the same amount the next day.
- 14 That's just through the phone calls. And then on the next day we also sent out
- inspectors and volunteers to deliver those written notices in hand to the affected areas.
- Our greatest problem actually was in the beginning we did not know the perimeters of
- the affected area. So it wasn't until after 2:30 p.m. on that Monday on the 16th that we
- 18 knew what area was affected. And then we had to do the where are the restaurants
- 19 within that area.

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- President Knapp,
- Councilmember Leventhal.

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- 24 Councilmember Leventhal.
 - Yeah, it would to me -- perhaps you're already working on this and it's sort of an interntype task, but developing a better database with more comprehensive information of restaurants. It may very well arise in the future that we'll need to alert all of our restaurants, and like I say, maybe you have an intern who could assist in this. But just getting on the phone with every restaurant in the County and saying we need your email address, we need to know your zip code, we need to know your precise location, you know, in case we have an emergency in the future and we need to get a hold of you right away. The best way to do it would be a blast email; everyone is on their email all the time and it would have been better than phone calls. So it's just something to think about as how to assemble that. Hopefully it's not a -- we don't need to have a very highly compensated staff person to do it.

- Dr. Ulder Tillman.
- That was clearly a lesson learned, and we actually found that the restaurants or food service facilities preferred the phone calls, and that that was more effective for them.
- We have and are in the process of updating our inspection forms as well as our
- 41 licensure application forms to make sure that we have an after-hour emergency contact
- 42 number for the restaurants, because that's the problem. We usually just have their
- daytime business number, but we needed to know how to reach the operators after
- 44 hours. So we have taken that into account and we're in the process of doing that.



1 2

President Knapp,

Okay. I don't see any other questions on the health side. Mr. Street, do you have further from --?

6 Tom Street,

I think the next one would be to address your reverse 9-1-1 questions, and we have Drew Tracy.

10 President Knapp,

11 Okay.

13 Drew Tracy,

14 President Knapp, Councilmembers, good morning. Drew Tracy, Assistant Chief of

Police. I guess -- would you like me to [inaudible] any questions or would you like to ask

me some questions?

President Knapp,

Well, I think the question that arose is one of broader communication, and how do we get specific information out to individual homeowners or individual properties in an expeditious way. In the packet it talks about reverse 9-1-1 system the entire region has access to on varying scales of accessibility. Most of us who are parents who have children in Montgomery County Public Schools know that there is an alert system that I get a blast phone -- a phone message from -- voicemail message from the principal almost weekly on various issues that are affecting the local school community. So the technology is there, and so I guess the question is does -- how do we deploy or employ such a technology to actually communicate more effectively without our residents in the event of an incident?

Drew Tracy,

I think the answer to your questions is reverse 9-1-1 is a communication tool and it's one of many tools. Obviously with us today we had the media, which is probably our greatest tool. And I think we all know that here today. Reverse 9-1-1 was put into County use basically at the later part of 2007. It was an NCR grant, which is National Capital Region, where Gordon Aoyagi and others looked for grant money to utilize communication interoperability situations. Us, Fairfax County, D.C. and everything else got a grant up to 120,000 to utilize this product. Basically the product we have is good. It can get a message out. We have 32 lines, and basically a 30-second message -- I think you've read this -- we can get close to 3,000 messages out in one hour. To go Countywide we have to go with an outside vendor and it could be at a cost to the County of over 200,000 if we want to notify everybody. Now there's the word notify. We have DVDs and information that can get to basically landlines; we do not have the information to get to cell phones. I think we all know here basically we live in a cell phone world. So this information would not go to a cell phone, it would go to basically a landline. But we



- do have the capability. If you ask my opinion, I think it's good in smaller situations where
- 2 you have to get a message out to a small zip code or a small neighborhood. I think
- 3 that's where it's best used. The Department of Homeland Security has the ability
- 4 obviously to utilize and we're working with Darlene now to give them more access to do
- 5 that. In the police department we have originally seven people trained to get this
- 6 information out. And like I said, it just came up to be at the end of 2007. So I think it's
- 7 good in a smaller venue, and I think it's a tool that could be used.

8

- 9 President Knapp,
- 10 So \$200,000 would cover virtually all of our individual households?

11

- 12 Drew Tracy,
- 13 Yes, and that's landlines we're talking about.

14

- 15 President Knapp,
- 16 Right.

17

- 18 Drew Tracy,
- 19 Because basically I can give you the exact dollar amount. It costs us approximately
- \$48,000 per hour to get 240,000 calls at 30 seconds, which would be a cost to the entire
- 21 County in five hours of \$240,000 from an outside vendor to get a message out
- countywide to landlines only, which is both commercial as well as residential.

23

- 24 President Knapp,
- 25 [Inaudible] expensive.

26

- 27 Tom Street,
- 28 Mr. Knapp, if I may also add the Executive staff is also looking at other alternatives.
- better tools; 9-1-1 is a very blunt tool for this kind of wide area emergency use. And we
- are investigating the availability of other technologies to -- and probably be coming back
- 31 to the Council later for that.

32

- 33 President Knapp,
- And what's the timeframe in which you would hope to have that assessed?

35

- 36 Tom Street,
- 37 I would say within the next two or three months.

- 39 President Knapp,
- 40 I agree. I think there [inaudible] instrument. By the same token it has had very effective
- 41 utilization in other parts of the country for incidents. And I think the issue that came up
- was we don't want to scare people, but I think it is also a very effective tool to
- communicate a message. It doesn't have to be an emergency message; it has to be an



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44

Drew Tracy,

If we can save money we'll look at it; trust me.

1 important message that you need to try to get out to folks. And if we can refine that and use better technology, so much the better. 2 3 4 Tom Street, 5 Right. 6 7 President Knapp, 8 Mr. Elrich. 9 10 Councilmember Elrich, 11 What did you say the cost per call was? 12 13 Drew Tracy. 14 The cost per call? 15 16 Councilmember Elrich, 17 Yeah. 18 19 Drew Tracv. 20 No basically -- 20 cents. 21 22 Councilmember Elrich, 23 I guess it makes me wonder because any of us who have done political campaigns the 24 robo-calls that people know and love cost between 3 and 5 cents a call. So -- . 25 26 Drew Tracy, 27 Remember, it's 20-cents if we go outside our capabilities. If it's inside our capabilities -- . 28 29 Councilmember Elrich. 30 I'm talking about like robo-calls where you hire somebody, you tape the message, and 31 they then blast everybody you've put on the list for between 3 and 5 cents. So if 32 politicians can made obnoxious calls for 3 to 5 cents a call, I would think that you could 33 do emergency messages for 3 to 5 cents a call. I mean, could we look at this, I mean, at 34 how this done for politicians who make these all the time? 35 36 Drew Tracy. 37 Sure. I don't see any reason not to look at [inaudible]. 38 39 Councilmember Elrich, 40 That's a lot of extra money, and you could certainly expend -- .

28

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- 1 Councilmember Elrich,
- 2 It would easy to expand the universe of who you're calling that way also, because you
- would just give people the list of, you know, households or whatever and say call away.
- 4 And I just -- it just seems like your spending more money than any of us would spend to
- 5 do that, for something a lot more important.

6

- 7 President Knapp,
- 8 But we didn't spend it.

9

- 10 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 11 Mr. Elrich, you run unusually cost-effective campaigns.

12

- 13 Councilmember Elrich,
- 14 This is true, but some of my opponents don't and it still gets the message out.

15

- 16 President Knapp,
- 17 I guess the only follow-up I would say is that we talked about the fact that this was a costly intervention, I think at 20-cents a household if we have significant information that 18
- 19 needs to get out that doesn't seem to be overly costly if we actually have a message
- 20 that we need to get to our residents. That would be my only observation.

21

- 22 Tim Firestine,
- 23 But remember it's not just the cost; it's the timeframe for getting that message out. It's a
- 24 slow tool to get the information out. So that's why I think our point is we want to look at
- 25 what other tools are out there. There are others who have tools that might be much
- 26 more precise but also more timely in getting the word out if we use this as a tool. I mean
- 27 some of the things that reverse 9-1-1 only hits landlines that people who are on cell
- phones it would not get. There are other tools, for example, I think the Fire Chief 28
- 29 indicated there's a tool now that would sort of blast out from a cell tower that all those
- 30 cell phones that are on that tower, you know, get the message. So we think there are 31
 - other more effective ways of doing this than [inaudible].

32 33

- President Knapp.
- 34 I don't disagree. I would urge us to look at all of them. Okay, other questions for reverse
- 35 9-1-1? I don't see any. Okay, thank you, Chief.

36

- 37 Tom Street.
- 38 Then going to your last question in your package who is in charge now that Mr. Aoyagi
- has retired. Darlene Flynn is our Acting Office of Homeland Security Emergency 39
- 40 Management Director. We are currently recruiting for a Director for the office. We have
- 41 completed our advertisements. We are currently screening resumes and planned
- 42 interviews shortly.

43

44 President Knapp,

29

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1 Great. Okay. Good. I think that -- I don't see further questions from Councilmembers. I 2 think that kind of gives us the overview of where we're trying to look to get to. And I 3 think one of the things that came through very well in the packet, and I think in further 4 conversations came out very clearly is the nuts and bolts of what needed to get done 5 got done. I still think there are questions as to the broader communications and we need to figure out how to improve upon that, at least from sitting on this side of the 6 7 table. And be it different technologies from reverse 9-1-1, but looking at ways to make 8 sure that we get as broad a message out as quickly as we can. The one thing that I --9 and I commend our county departments and agencies and WSSC and others, because 10 it looked like their actual response to the incident took place in a fairly timely fashion 11 and things got addressed. And obviously there's more coordination that we can do and 12 there will continue to be, and I think that's good. The one piece that I guess you said at 13 the beginning of your remarks, Mr. Street, and I'm kind of intrigued; yes, it was a WSSC 14 incident, but it was WSSC incident in Montgomery County, which at the end of the day 15 means it's our job to make sure that we're interacting with our residents and making 16 sure [inaudible]. And that's -- other may have had the primacy for the issue, but they're still our residents and we're responsible and accountable to those residents. And we 17 need to make sure that we step up to the plate. So I don't think we can kind of look in 18 19 another direction and say well that was their incident. It's here, It's our residents, It's our 20 residents' health and welfare.

21

23

24 25

22 Tom Street,

I don't disagree with you. And I think there are some lessons learned and certainly in terms of interagency coordination and the establishment of [inaudible] an incident command and tying into our EOC. We need to -- we plan to have discussions with both Park and Planning and WSSC for how to remedy some of the issues that arose.

2627

28 President Knapp,

- Okay. Good. Well thank you -- I don't see further questions from Councilmembers.
- Thank you all very much for the time, thank you for the response. There will continue to
- be some follow-ups as this resolves itself. But I thank everyone and I appreciate the efforts.

33

- 34 Unidentified,
- 35 [Inaudible].

36

- 37 President Knapp,
- No, no that's okay. You had pointed to Tom so I thought he was the spokesperson for the day. I'm sorry, Mr. Firestine, go ahead.

40

- 41 Tim Firestine,
- 42 I just wanted to --.

43

44 President Knapp,



Mr. Firestine, turn on your microphone.

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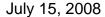
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1

Tim Firestine,

Just a couple of summary points to close out. First, I -- having watched the incident, I think you should be proud of the staff, not just from the County Government, from all the County agencies and their dedication to step up to the plate to deal with the issue. And I think relying on them in the future is very important. You know, we had staff, you heard about the hotline at HSS -- staff that worked very hard, you know, throughout the day to get the word out to restaurants. The next night they were back at 5:00 a.m. in the morning, you know, manning or staffing the hotline again to answer questions coming in from restaurants. And, you know, their willingness to do that makes us, I think, proud of the fact that we have staff that are willing. In terms of what went right, I think just to summarize, the fact that we quickly focused on the places we were most vulnerable I think is also a good indication that we were ready for this type of incident. For example, the immediate focus on places where we were vulnerable because of a lack of water. Fire, you know, they were working early on this event. I know Tom Carr is here. But they immediately moved to put into the rural water supply response, which started to position water at various locations in the area to make sure that we could continue with fire suppression were it necessary, and immediately put in a mutual aid relationship with Howard County to help in the event that fire suppression was necessary. There was a quick coordination and communication with the hospitals, staring with Montgomery General, to position the tankers there at the hospital to help with the water-related issues there, both supply and keeping the temperature within the hospital, you know, to a temperature that was acceptable. The other thing, we don't talk about this, but since the firefighters have to operate, they quickly positioned water at the fire stations for drinking, and also port-a-potties for the fire/rescue stations; but immediately moving into that situation. Also, quickly the shelter taskforce -- we didn't to talk about this really today, but monitoring of our medically fragile population occurred almost within the first 12 hours immediately. One of the first places there was a focus on was nursing facilities, assisted-living facilities, and HOC to basically assess their water inventory, make sure they had water -- bottled water and that they were using it. And that occurred between 5:00 a.m. and 8:00 a.m. on the first morning. Also, you talked about hospitals. There was good coordination with the Maryland Institute for Emergency Medical Services regarding hospital issues, short-term and long-term as we continued through the boiled-water advisory; sharing information among the different parties on how they were responding. A simple thing within the County but procurement of water for County facilities; we discovered that Liquor Control has accessed to water -- quick accessed to water and can get that distributed, which in terms of distribution that's what they do. Their [inaudible] competency, so in the future rely on them to help with that was also a lesson learned. I think with respect to our correction facility that there was a lack of water for the period. They quickly responded to that, but I think in terms of planning for the future we have to make sure that we have more bottled water positioned there. We talked about Public Health and the hotline that they set up. Again, I think the dedication there and the fact that we were able to get the word out the way we did to the





1 restaurants was commendable. On the lessons-learned side, just to summarize quickly, 2 and it's been said many times today. In an incident like this what we all learn is that 3 communication and coordination are the places we can't do enough of. And that's both 4 internal and external. Internally within the County Government, internally among 5 agencies serving County residents, and internally between -- I call this internally, but internally between the State and the County; and then also, obviously, externally to the 6 7 community, both residents and businesses. Within the County Government I just want 8 to mention one of the things I think we learned -- this is a lesson learned -- was 9 communicating with our employees about closures and the events that are occurring. 10 We need to do a better job of that; getting email word out to them, set a place where they know to go to, to find out if their facility is closed. But also, you know, they can be 11 12 our eyes and ears in the community. They can help get the word out because, you 13 know, they work in the County Government. Among agencies, you've heard today some 14 sort of places where we need to improve our coordination among, perhaps, WSSC and Park and Planning. And Tom mentioned I think looking at this ECC relationship. 15 16 Whenever an ECC communication goes out if we have to rely on somebody to pick up another phone to make a call, I think that's a weak link. And so I've talked Mary 17 Bradford about what is the possibility of having them dispatch from our ECC then they 18 19 would have gotten the word immediately. Between the State and the County, I think 20 what was interesting to me is we were sort of looking at who has authority to make 21 certain decisions. So for the future I think we need that spelled out immediately so that 22 when an event occurs we know who has authority to make what decisions. And if those 23 authorities can't be delegate that we understand that the delegation has occurred or is 24 in place so that we can act without trying to find somebody from the State. One of the 25 things I don't know if you picked up, State Testing Protocols, I thought was an 26 interesting issue that didn't come up in our discussion today. But early on we thought 27 one round of tests was enough, and then late in the game we heard from the State that it was two consecutive rounds, which had a major impact on our schedule of what we 28 29 were rolling out to the restaurants. And also I think preplanning on these type security 30 officer issues where other parts of the country experience these events, it's nice to just 31 understand best practices. You know, Florida goes through a lot of boiled-water 32 advisories, and we -- our staff reached out and found some good information from that. 33 We've talked a lot about our external communications to the community. I want to sort 34 of second what Drew said. The media is a good source to get out the word. I think we 35 need to work more closely with them earlier. My story is I got called at 3:00 a.m. about what was going on, and I turned on WTOP and what was fascinated with was at that 36 37 point in the morning they had the same information that I was getting from the EOC. So 38 someone was at that point keeping them up to date. Whether we did that more effectively as we went throughout the day I don't know. But we need to work on that. 39 40 Also we talked about internal procedures for more effective use of Alert Montgomery. 41 And we also mentioned better information -- or better ways to contact businesses in the County. So we will work on that. In addition, two other guick areas where we've --42 43 lessons learned. Certain technical capabilities; we absolutely need better tools to 44 communicate precisely with impacted populations. And we know that. And we talked



- about that. I'm not going to do that again. Better mapping tools and more people trained to use them. You know, there are mapping capabilities out there, as you heard Dr.

 Tillman say, it was difficult, you know, even appayout had a defined map, the tools that
- 3 Tillman say, it was difficult, you know, even once you had a defined map, the tools that
- 4 we had available to print maps out to sort of define the areas, define the phone
- 5 numbers; that took too long. We need to fix that. And then finally EOC protocols; I think
- one of the things we need to go back and reinforce is who sits there, how do they get
- 7 notified, especially when it occurs during the nighttime hours. And finally, closing time
- 8 on the EOC; one of the things I think we did this time is perhaps close the EOC too
- 9 soon. So we've talked about a protocol to have departments sign off on the closing time
- to make sure that everybody feels comfortable that there isn't a need to go back to the
- EOC for help. So we will work on these improvements and probably would be important
- for the Council at some time in the future, and we can talk about a date to follow up to
- see how we're doing on these things.

14

- 15 President Knapp,
- Very good. Comments engender to question. Councilmember Berliner.

17

- 18 Councilmember Berliner,
- 19 Tim, the issue that came up for me, and I'm sure many people when this episode
- unfolded, wasn't what it means in terms of this particular episode, but what would it
- 21 mean if this was something quite substantial. In this instance it was, from my
- 22 perspective, somewhat limited in scope, somewhat limited in terms of its potential harm,
- but there are a lot of things that could happen that far exceed this situation. You
- referenced looking at certain authorities that you didn't know if they were delegated to
- the County versus the State. Could you expand upon that and talk about those
- authorities and what you were referring to specifically.

27

28 Tim Firestine,

- Well, for example, on the issue of closing the restaurants. I think at first it was -- there
- were a number of us asking the question who had the authority. Now Dr. Tillman, you
- know, was pretty clear on that, but at first we were told that the State -- it's a decision
- that the State makes. And the County Executive actually got the Secretary on the phone
- and just clarified that he had made this decision to close County restaurants, at which
- point the Secretary said, you know, I need to discuss that and we'll call you back. And
- we got a call back saying that actually he was delegating that to the County, but he was
- advising the County that we close the restaurants. That's what I mean by clarifying
- 37 [inaudible].

38

- 39 Councilmember Berliner.
- Are there other examples that would be more applicable to a larger incident that you are
- 41 concerned about with respect to the delegated authority?

42 43

Tim Firestine,



1 Well, I -- no, but that's what we need to look at. You know, and it's always hard to define 2 what that event might be in the future where State authority is required. But I do think 3 it's important to try to think that through.

4 5

- Councilmember Berliner,
- 6 I appreciate that. Thank you.

7 8

- President Knapp,
- 9 And I guess to that point too, we do have, I don't know, voluminous list of protocols that 10 the Council has approved that you're going to [inaudible] the Executive that we have internally that also point to how we work outwardly. I guess we need to go back and 11 12 revisit those a little bit and just kind of see, because it was my understanding that we --13 even to the closing of the EOC, I was under the impression that we actually had a pretty
- specified closing procedure as to how we do that. And so if those things are in question, 14

15 yes it would seem we need to get those resolved.

16

- 17 Tim Firestine,
- 18 Sure, I agree.

19

- 20 Unidentified,
- 21 It's more of a broadening of that so that there's more involvement from Parks in that 22 decision.

23

- 24 President Knapp,
- 25 Councilmember Elrich.

- 27 Councilmember Elrich.
- 28 Yes, I just want to make two quick comments. One is I think that overall everybody handled the emergency really well. I mean, I think that what got lost in the concerns 29 30 about some of the communication was the fact that the problem got identified and fixed 31 pretty quickly, and that those aspects I thought were done really, really well. And the 32 coordination and the work between everybody was, I thought, outstanding in that 33 regard. So you learned some lessons and there are clearly some things that didn't work
- 34 as we planned, but I think by and large this was more of a success than it is anything
- 35 else as much as dealing with the failure is a success. I wanted to repeat a comment I
- 36 made in committee. And I talked with Ms. Flynn yesterday about this is the realization
- 37 that not everybody gets information out of the electronic media. And I point this out
- 38 because I had friends who drank the water and were in the areas that were where they
- 39 weren't supposed to drink the water. And if you get your music out of your iPod, so
- 40 you're not on the radio, and, you know, you're surfing the web and maybe you're going
- 41 to AOL but you're not going to news sites, you could have missed this event. And so I
- 42 do think we need to think about a way, more old-fashioned way of being able to post
- 43 information that's visual and visible to people as they drive down the street. I mean, we
- 44 discussed the possibility of the old-fashioned board outside of a fire station. The public



schools that have those announcement boards and their little marquees on the front of the school might have been easier to put down, you know, Montgomery County or this part of the County is under a water alert, please contact. I think there are some ways that we could have gotten the information out that would have increased accessibility to people who really weren't tuned in to the electronic media. And that was just my observation, and I hope we'll think about that aspect of communication as well as our emphasis on the electronic side of things.

8

President Knapp,

I see no more questions. Thank you very much. Thank you for the overviews. Thank you for the presentations. And we'll look forward to the continuing dialogue as we make our modifications and refinements and learn what we can learn. Thank you very, very much. The Council will now turn to Legislative Session Day # 23. Madam Clerk, is there a Journal to -- don't have Councilmembers to approve -- I do.

15

16 Mary Ann Paradise,

17 Yes, you have the Journal of June 17th for approval.

18

19 President Knapp.

20 Is there a motion to approve the Journal of June 17th? Anyone?

21

22 Councilmember Elrich,

Yes, sure.

24

25 President Knapp,

26 Moved by Councilmember Elrich. Is there is a second? Say yes.

27

28 Councilmember Praisner,

29 Second.

30

31 President Knapp,

Seconded by Councilmember Praisner. All in support of the Legislative Journal of June 17th please indicate by raising your hand.

34

35 Councilmember Berliner,

36 I'm raising my hand.

37

38 President Knapp,

- I see hands. There we go, slowly but surely. It's unanimous among those present.
- Okay, thank you all very much. Okay. We have no Bills for introduction. We turn to call
- 41 of Bills for final reading. Bill 2-08, Consumer Protection, Domestic Workers,
- 42 Employment Contracts. The Public Safety Committee recommends approval with
- 43 amendments. I turn to the Chair of the Public Safety Committee, Council Vice President
- 44 Andrews, to lead us through the discussion.



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Vice President Andrews,

Thank you, President Knapp. And the packet is before the committee as is the Bill for the Council. We had a Public Hearing on this Bill in February, February 26th, and the Public Safety Committee had three work sessions, in March, April and late last month, June 26th. And the packet is very thorough. I think our Council Attorney working on this. Robert Drummer, did an excellent job in laying out the issues and doing a lot of research on this. And there were a lot of questions that we wanted to address. The background of this is that two years ago, in 2006, a study that was sponsored by the Council's Committee on Health and Human Services was done by the George Washington University Master of Public Policy candidates, looking at working conditions of domestic workers. And the graduate students surveyed approximately 300 domestic workers in the County. And the results of the survey are on page 2 of the packet. basically showing that domestic workers make low wages, rarely receive overtime or health insurance, and because of the nature of the work they're generally isolated from other workers. The gist of the Bill is to work to get before both the employer and the domestic worker the terms of the employment relationship, and to require that there be a contract put forward, a proposal -- an offer put forward in writing by the employer that spells out the terms of the employment in terms of what they would be. The Bill does not require what the wages would be, what the specific elements would be in terms of the details, but it requires that a long list of employment issues be discussed by the employer and by and considered by the domestic worker. And that is essentially what the Bill does. In terms of the issues that are before -- were considered by the committee and that are before the Council, I think I will go through each one as they are in the packet, and take questions as we go through them. And so beginning on page 2 was the issue of who is the employer of domestic worker under the Bill. And there are three scenarios for that. The worker may be an employee of a company that contracts with the client and that would be covered. The second -- another scenario -- a second scenario is the worker is performing more than the 20 hours of domestic service that's the threshold in the Bill for triggering this for more than a 30-day period. And that work would be covered if there is an employee/employer relationship. And the other scenario is if the domestic worker is an independent contractor who is performing domestic service at different residences, and that would not be covered. In any event, if a domestic worker performed less than 20 hours per week for -- they would not be covered. If they were performing more than 20 hours a week for more than a period of 30 days, they would be covered. If they're working for a company that contracts with the client or if the domestic worker is working that amount for an individual employer and has an employer/employee relationship, which is defined in other laws. So that is -those are the scenarios there. And then we'll go through a number of exceptions that are in the legislation to those. The second issue -- .

40 41 42

President Knapp,

Before you do that, there are a couple of lights on that I see.



- 1 Vice President Andrews,
- 2 There are, okay.

3

- 4 President Knapp,
- 5 Councilmember Leventhal, we'll start with him first.

6

- 7 Vice President Andrews,
- 8 And let me first mention that Councilmember Elrich and Councilmember Leventhal are
- 9 the sponsors of the legislation and I know want to comment on it through discussion, I
- welcome that.

11

- 12 President Knapp,
- 13 Councilmember Elrich then Councilmember Leventhal, and Councilmember Floreen.

14

- 15 Councilmember Elrich,
- 16 I want to thank the committee for bringing this legislation forward, and George for
- working together on this legislation. I think this is an important piece of legislation. We
- were, I think, rightly concerned by the results of the survey that was done before the
- 19 County. People have talked about and thought about, you know, how can we effectively
- 20 provide some additional support and help the people who we think need assistance.
- And, you know, balancing that against what are the proper bounds for how far the
- legislation should go. And I think that the Bill that's come out of the committee strikes
- the proper balance. I think it avoids treading into areas where we either ought not to go
- 24 at all or if you do go, you should deal with all workers generically rather than focus on
- one class or workers. But it provides, on the other hand, a reasonable balance of
- protections in an effort to secure some of the most vulnerable workers in the
- community. I think that this -- this has invariably been raised more than one. This is
- about domestic workers; it's not about immigrant workers or anything else. And people
- 29 need to look at this as a Bill focused on domestic workers and the rights and
- responsibilities of domestic workers. And all other questions about who the domestic
- worker is are irrelevant, because who a worker is isn't really important. The fact is
- what's important is the work a person does, the responsibilities they take on, their
- obligations and the obligations of the employer to that employee. So I want to brief. I'm
- grateful to the support of the committee, and I look forward to the passage of the
- 35 legislation today.

36

- 37 President Knapp,
- 38 Thank you. Councilmember Leventhal.

- 40 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 41 I want to thank Mr. Elrich for his leadership on this; it's been a pleasure working with
- 42 him. I want to thank my very capable Chief of Staff Patty Vitalie who's put in a great deal
- of time and effort on this Bill, and Mr. Elrich's staff person, Tiffany Ward, Bob Drummer
- 44 who has drafted this and who will be available to answer questions; and there will be



1 questions; and Councilmembers Trachtenberg and Ervin, who have given a great deal 2 of feedback and support to this effort. I really, of course, want to acknowledge that this work, and I'm going to quote Mr. Elrich who had a superb quote in the press release --4 this is the most important work that there could be. What could be more important than 5 caring for our children or making sure that we live in safe and clean and happy environments in our homes, or caring for our parents and our grandparents? And yet all 6 7 too often these workers are not treated as professionals. And so this is a very simple 8 requirement. I don't believe overreaches. There were proposals that Mr. Elrich and I 9 decided not to take on, because as Mr. Elrich said we felt it was beyond the scope of 10 what we were comfortable with County Government taking on. But simply ensuring that 11 workers performing these important functions are treated as professionals and have the 12 right to contract I think is an important and appropriate step, and I hope very much that 13 my colleagues will join us in voting for it this morning. I do have on point here -- on points 1 and 2 as to who is covered. I do have a proposed amendment that I'd like to 14 15 circulate at this time. And it clarifies that the con -- where -- and where a worker words 16 for an agency, that is if you call A1 Cleaning Service or Care for the Elderly, or whatever, that the contract may be between the agency and the worker and it does not 17 18 necessarily have to be between the homeowner and the worker, where the worker is an 19 employee of the agency.

20

- 21 President Knapp,
- But before you do that, I was going to -- because Council Vice President Andrews
 hadn't gone through number 2 yet. So let's go through what the committee had actually

24 done.

25

- 26 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 27 Very good, yes.

28

- 29 President Knapp,
- 30 And actually Councilmember Floreen had a question on his first presentation, I believe.

31

- 32 Councilmember Floreen,
- Well, my question, I think, Mr. Leventhal is going to address it.

34

- 35 President Knapp,
- 36 Okay.

- 38 Councilmember Floreen,
- 39 But it had to do with some of the language in this section, but I suppose it's covered by
- 40 these -- what we're about to hear perhaps. If I could just comment, I think it's important
- 41 that people be clear about how they work with each other. And I there are significant
- 42 advantages to this Bill. I've been in this boat. I've certainly hired housekeepers and
- and I've hired elder-care workers. So it's a tremendous amount of paperwork
- though. There are lots of reporting requirements, all kinds of things that you have to do



- 1 to meet the State and Federal requirements. Unemployment reports, Social Security
- 2 issues, all this stuff, and so I am just trying to -- my question is -- goes perhaps to what
- 3 Mr. Leventhal is about to address, which is how does it work for the average person
- 4 who wants to obtain services through -- particularly through an agency situation. And
- 5 that's what this language that everyone is about to get into will address. Because I didn't
- understand what staff said here on page 3, having to do with the difference between an 6
- 7 independent contractor and the employee of a company that contracts with the client.
- 8 You get into common-law employer/employee issues, which I don't under -- I'm not
- 9 familiar with and it -- I think it's helpful for the law to be clear about who does what
- 10 under the circumstances. So if this -- I think this language will address my concern in
- this regard, and I'm looking forward to the clarification on that point. 11

12

- 13 President Knapp,
- 14 Council Vice President Andrews, to go back to review of the Bill.

15

- 16 Vice President Andrews,
- 17 All right.

18

- 19 President Knapp.
- 20 And then the amendment.

21

- 22 Vice President Andrews,
- 23 Okay. Well it is related to issue two, which is at the bottom of page 3 of the packet.
- 24 which was should the Bill cover employees of a company that contracts with a person to
- 25 provide domestic service in that person's residence. And the committee recommended
- 26 yes, there shouldn't be a blanket exemption for that. We did look at later we'll get into,
- 27 which types of employees we thought should be exempt based on certification
- standards, but not a blanket exemption for employees of a company that contracts with 28
- 29 a person to provide domestic service. The survey that was done in 2006 didn't show a
- 30 significant difference in the working conditions for those respondents who were
- 31 company employees versus non-company employees. And so this may be the appropriate time to take up the amendment by Councilmember Leventhal.
- 32

33 34

- President Knapp,
- Okay. Councilmember Leventhal. 35

36

- 37 Councilmember Leventhal.
- 38 We'll move this amendment now, and it simply states that the contract -- that where the
- 39 employer is an agency that hires a domestic worker to perform domestic service in the
- 40 home of the consumer of the service, the employment contract may be between the
- 41 agency and the employee, but there still must be a contract. But it need not be separate
- 42 contracts with the homeowners who are clients of the agency; the contract may be
- 43 between the agency and the employee.



43 44

President Knapp,

1 President Knapp, 2 Councilmember Berliner. 3 4 Councilmember Berliner. 5 I just have a clarification. I appreciate the spirit of this amendment and support this amendment; it is the word 'may' that interests me, because that is a word implies 6 discretion as opposed to shall be. So my question for Counsel is why isn't this, if it's the 7 8 sponsor's intent, that where this employment relationship exists that is where the 9 contract should be. I don't get why this is a 'may' as opposed to 'shall be.' So I ask 10 Counsel with respect to that. 11 12 Bob Drummer. 13 I'm looking at the -- in the second paragraph of the amendment; is that where you're 14 talking about there are two 'may's' in there? 15 16 Councilmember Berliner, In the document I have it is the second to last sentence, 'if the domestic worker is 17 employed by an agency, the employment contract may be between.' 18 19 20 Bob Drummer. 21 Yeah, I think it -- a 'must' would be appropriate there. 22 23 Councilmember Leventhal, I have no -- that's fine. That's up to [inaudible]. 24 25 26 President Knapp, 27 Okay. The maker of the amendment is accepting of the [inaudible]. 28 29 Councilmember Leventhal. 30 That's fine. We can substitute the word 'must' for 'may.' 31 32 President Knapp, Friendly modification. Okay we -- . 33 34 35 Councilmember Leventhal. 36 Well do you prefer 'must' or 'shall"? 37 38 Councilmember Berliner, I think it 'shall be.' 39 40 41 Bob Drummer, 42 Well we used 'must' -- we used 'may' and 'must' throughout the [inaudible].

40

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1 Councilmember Ervin.

2

Councilmember Ervin,

Thank you. I do want to stay on this topic for just a quick second, and that is my -- my fear actually that we're crossing over into some employment law, I think, that if you -- if the Council now is going to be requiring an employer to provide a contract, same as a union that negotiates contracts, has to provide the same thing, who is over the regulation here? Is it the Council or is it the National Labor Relations Board, is it -- I'm just asking the question because I'm not quite sure how far we want to take this. I'm going to support this legislation, but my fear is that there are some lines that we're

11

12

13 Bob Drummer,

crossing over.

14 You're talking about a situation where the domestic worker -- .

15

16 Councilmember Ervin,

17 Well we're asking -- .

18

19 Bob Drummer,

20 Who works for a company -- .

21

22 Councilmember Ervin,

23 Exactly.

24

25 Bob Drummer,

Is actually part of a collective bargaining agreement.

going to fit, because we really are going way out there.

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Councilmember Ervin,

Exactly. You're ask -- what we're doing here is we're proposing that an employment contract be basically negotiated between an employer who hires through an agency and then sort of, you know, sends out the employee to go do their work; we're asking that employer to enter into contracts with their employees. I really do believe this might be problematic for us. I'm just going to lay that out there. I support the intent of the legislation, but we are not really here to be the bargaining agent for employers in the County to do -- I think it's almost going a little bit too far. So I don't know how much research you have done on this topic. I think clearly that this has not been done anywhere else in the country that I know of. So we really don't know how -- what kind of shaky legal ground we may be on -- in or whether or not, you know, what agency really is going to be the, you know, sort of the arbiter of this, you know, legislation, where it's

39 40 41

42 Bob Drummer,

Well, you raised some interesting questions. First, we didn't look at a possibility that the domestic worker is covered by a collective bargaining agreement with their agency.

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- 1 They wouldn't be covered -- obviously the collective bargaining agreement with one
- 2 employer if you hire somebody individually. But if you work for a company, it's possible.
- 3 Clearly, if there's a collective bargaining agreement governed by the National Labor
- 4 Relations Act, the employment -- individual employment contract couldn't conflict with
- 5 that. But that doesn't mean that you couldn't write an individual contract that's
- 6 consistent with the collective bargaining contract.

7 8

- Councilmember Ervin,
- 9 I have no problem with the individual contract. We're now hoping over that into a 10 situation where we're saying in law that the employer of agencies have to do the same thing. That's where I have a little bit of heartburn. 11

12

- 13 President Knapp,
- 14 Councilmember Leventhal.

15 16

- Councilmember Leventhal.
- Well first of all domestic workers are not covered under the National Labor Relations 17
- Affair -- Labor Standards Act, or any other federal labor relations statutes. However, 18
- 19 there's nothing in this Bill -- and when we asked the question as to what agency will be
- 20 responsible, the agency is our Office of Consumer Protection. The responsibility that
- 21 that agency has is simply to ensure that a contract is negotiated and offered. That's
- 22 what the Bill requires and that's what the Office of Consumer Protection would require.
- 23 If the amendment pending is not, you know, if a Councilmember has an objection to the
- pending amendment, which would clarify that an agency that employs a worker must 24
- 25 offer a contract to that worker, then surely that -- any Councilmember who objects to
- that should not vote for the amendment. It was I think than clear in the legislation as 26
- 27 introduced and we had a number of questions from agencies. Certainly employment
- agencies and many employers would like to be exempt from this legislation altogether. 28
- 29 The Public Safety Committee discussed whether to exempt these employers altogether.
- 30 and it was the Public Safety's judgment that they should not be exempted as the
- 31 Chairman stated -- Chairman Andrews, because the survey showed that the working
- 32 conditions were not optimal even for employees of these agencies. So there has been a
- 33 fair amount of discussion of this. I don't think there's a lack of clarity. Let me be clear
- 34 that although the Federal Labor Relations Act specifically excludes domestic workers, it
- 35 is my understanding that that does not prevent domestic workers from organizing
- 36 [inaudible] organized, but they are not protected from retaliation. They are not provided
- 37 with the kind of rules and procedures that that NLRB would enforce. So the NLRB never
- 38 comes into play for this category of workers, regardless of whether they work for an
- 39 individual homeowner or whether they work for a company; they're exempted from this.
- 40 But what we are not doing by this amendment or by anything in this Bill is preventing
- 41 unions from organizing these workers. They may organize these workers. The task of
- 42 organizing these workers is much harder because they don't have federal protection.

43 44

President Knapp,



1 Councilmember Berliner.

Councilmember Berliner,

The issue that our colleague has raised, as I heard our colleague, was in an instance in which there was a collective bargaining agreement present, and whether or not we would be superseding or otherwise entangling ourselves with respect to that arrangement. I'm not aware of the extent to which such collective bargaining agreements exist in such agencies. But it would seem to me, and I posit this to the sponsor, that there is no need for us to worry about that, because if they are in fact in a collective bargaining agreement, I assume that that agreement provides for the quality of employment that is appropriate. And therefore where such agreements do in fact exist could be written into this amendment to be exempt. So I just posit that as a possibility to the extent to which we believe that there is a significant chance that we are entangling ourselves. And I toss that out to Counsel as well.

President Knapp,

Councilmember Floreen,

Councilmember Floreen.

Well, let me ask this scenario -- about this scenario. A couple of years ago I hired -- I -- my husband had to hire someone to take care of me some years ago when I had a bad accident. And I asked him about the details because I didn't remember it and he didn't either. But I had to hire someone to take care of my -- to assist my mother some years ago. And I called up XYZ home healthcare and arranged for someone to be with her. And, you know, I said I need someone during these hours and -- during these hours basically. And they sent me a nice person who took care of my mother. So that XYZ agency, under these rules, they might have a contract with someone which said this -- the language that we have here does not require anything in any detail. I mean it doesn't say it must be this way, it just says these are the points that you need to cover in a contract.

Bob Drummer,

That's correct, yes.

Councilmember Floreen.

So it could be that XYZ home healthcare agency could say, and the parties could agree, you will be available upon call, I suppose, at wages to be determined. We do not address a certain number of these points. It would address who takes care of Social Security payments or not. It would address, presumably, how often one would get paid once a contract was entered into with a third party. And it might say we do not address issues associated with living and meals and breaks; is that possible that that home healthcare agency might have a contract that said, you know, we just -- these are thing - issues out there, but they are to be determined later?



- 1 Bob Drummer,
- 2 No, I -- although the Bill does not require specific terms, you know, how much you get
- paid or what your hours are, the contract would have to cover that. I mean, to write a
- 4 contract that says wages to be determined isn't covering wages. I mean, I wouldn't
- 5 interpret that as sufficient to satisfy the Bill. You'd have to put down the wages could
- 6 vary by some clause, or could be whatever they are, but you have to say that. If the
- 7 hours may be, you know, hours based on -- that may not have to be set in stone
- 8 obviously, but you'd have to make a good-faith attempt to resolve these issues, not just
- 9 leave a blank contract and say you will get paid wages; we'll determine that later. That's
- 10 not what the Bill was trying to do.

11

- 12 Councilmember Floreen.
- 13 So that employment agency would need to have -- have had some specific -- specifics
- in each -- each item that's shown on circle 5? You will be reimbursed for work-related
- 15 expenses at --.

16

- 17 Bob Drummer,
- 18 Or you won't.

19

- 20 Councilmember Floreen.
- Or you won't. It would say yes or no, and if it's yes it would say what that amount would
- be or what the rules would be in that regard.

23

- 24 Bob Drummer,
- 25 If you're going to get paid time off or no paid time off, or all of that it would have to be
- covered. But if -- the result could be whatever the parties agreed to.

27

- 28 Councilmember Floreen,
- Okay. So did -- would that provide adequate flexibility for the party whose -- the person
- who is not within the agency relationship but who, you know, the person who is entering
- into the agreement with the agency. That would take -- this language would take care of
- that obligation.

33

- 34 Bob Drummer,
- Well it would allow -- it would make it clear, which I believe was already in the Bill. If the
- agency is the employer of the worker then the contract should be between the agency
- and the employee/worker, not between the recipient of the service and the worker.

38

- 39 Councilmember Floreen.
- 40 Yeah, okay. All right.

41

- 42 President Knapp,
- 43 Councilmember Leventhal.



- 1 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 2 I just wanted to clarify that in the circumstance in your home, you and David would not --
- 3 if you hire an agency, not hire an individual then you and David would not be negotiating
- 4 these terms; it would be the agency that would negotiate these terms. So all you would
- 5 do is you would call the agency and the agency would send you a worker. And the
- 6 agency would explain to you what your agreement is with the agency. You would not be
- 7 involved with that individual worker, because that individual worker is not your
- 8 employee. You're a client of the agency.

9

- 10 Councilmember Floreen,
- 11 That part is clear. The question I have had to do with what would be in that agreement
- between the agency and the employee. I have another point of clarification, but it's not
- related to this.

14

- 15 President Knapp,
- 16 [Inaudible]. Point of clarification on this amendment.

17

- 18 Councilmember Floreen,
- 19 No.

20

- 21 President Knapp,
- 22 Okay.

23

- 24 Vice President Andrews.
- Let me make a comment. I want to defer to Councilmembers Elrich and Leventhal and
- their interpretation of their intent. The Bill as introduced doesn't require that there be a
- contract agreed to. It requires there be an offer proposed and discussed. But it doesn't
 - say that there has to be a contract agreed to before a domestic worker can work.

28 29

- 30 Councilmember Leventhal.
- I think there's going to be a subsequent amendment on that. Maybe if it's alright with the
- 32 Chairman and the Council President, maybe we could dispose of the pending
- 33 amendment.

34

- 35 President Knapp,
- 36 Further discussion on the amendment before us? Mr. Chairman?

37

- 38 Vice President Andrews,
- 39 No.

- 41 President Knapp,
- 42 Okay. All right. We before us an amendment as offered by Councilmember Leventhal,
- 43 modifying the language that says a domestic worker employed by an agency, the
- 44 employment contract must be between the agency and the employee. Any further



- discussion on that amendment? All in support of the amendment indicate by raising
- your hand; Councilmember Leventhal, Councilmember Berliner, Council Vice President
- 3 Andrews, Councilmember Elrich, Councilmember Trachtenberg, Councilmember
- 4 Floreen, and myself. Those opposed; Councilmember Ervin and Councilmember
- 5 Praisner. The amendment carries 7-2. Council Vice President Andrews.

6

- 7 Vice President Andrews,
- 8 Okay. Councilmember Floreen has a question.

9

- 10 Councilmember Floreen,
- 11 I had another point of clarification here. I know that the memo says this but the
- legislation doesn't actually make it clear. And I -- there are many providers out there that
- offer services in a home. Not necessarily the home of the recipient but home daycare
- providers, there are home elder care providers and the like. And I know that that's
- what's intended by this legislation, but I thought it would help to add some language that
- 16 could clarify that this is intended to be provided in a home of the recipient of the service.
- 17 Sometimes family members might pay for service to be provided by -- for another.
- 18 There are various relationships here that come into play. And Mr. Drummer suggested
- language that would address this on circle 3, line 43. And I apologize we haven't written
- it out because it just was suggested a few minutes ago that domestic service means,
- when insert primarily performed in a home of the recipient of the service located in the
- 22 County. And that is language that would take care of line 43 and 44. Domestic service
- 23 means when primarily performed in a home in -- in a home of the recipient of the service
- 24 located in the County.

25

- 26 Vice President Andrews,
- 27 Domestic service means -- .

28

- 29 Councilmember Floreen.
- 30 Means when primarily performed in a home of the recipient of the service located in the
- 31 County.

32

- 33 Vice President Andrews,
- 34 It's not written out.

35

- 36 Councilmember Floreen
- 37 And that would make it clear that you're not addressing home health -- childcare or
- 38 healthcare providers who provide this service in their own home. That's what that
- 39 language is intended to say, and that's what Mr. -- it was Mr. Drummer's way to do that.

40

- 41 Bob Drummer,
- 42 Right.

43

44 President Knapp,

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1 Okay. 2 3 Councilmember Floreen, 4 That would be acceptable to this. 5 6 President Knapp, 7 So that is an amendment. 8 9 Councilmember Floreen, 10 Yes. 11 12 President Knapp, 13 So does everyone understand line 43 changing domestic service means when primarily 14 performed in a home of the recipient of the service. 15 16 Councilmember Floreen, 17 Located in the County. 18 19 President Knapp. 20 Located in the County. 21 22 Councilmember Leventhal, 23 Striking the words or in connection with work that is primarily -- . 24 25 President Knapp. 26 Right so striking or in connection through to located on line 44. Okay. 27 28 Vice President Andrews, 29 Okay. 30 31 President Knapp, 32 Without objection. 33 34 Vice President Andrews, 35 Okay. On to issue 3, which is on page 4 and that was should the Bill exclude domestic workers who provide state regulated home healthcare services, and the committee's 36 37 position was to support an amendment that excluded registered nurses, licensed 38 practical nurses, and certified nursing assistants who are licensed or certified by the 39 Maryland Board of Nursing. They are not employees that were the focus of the survey 40 and do not appear to be in a situation where they might have the same -- suffer some of 41 the same ill effects that the folks surveyed do. And so the committee's recommendation 42 was to exclude those categories of workers. I don't see any questions. All right. 43

44 President Knapp,



1 No questions.2

3 Vice President Andrews,

Four was whether the Bill should exclude people who are related to the person who receives the services. The committee said yes. So that would exempt family members of the person receiving the service.

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President Knapp,

Children [inaudible].

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Vice President Andrews,

All right. The fifth issue was whether the Bill should exclude elder care services; if not, should the Bill create an exception to the separate bedroom requirement for live-in elder care workers. We had some discussion on this in the committee. We've heard -- there's a letter in the packet from the Commission on Aging that is on circles 41 and 42 of the packet, and expressed concern that it would make it more difficult for economically disadvantaged seniors to obtain elder care services for companionship and personal care. This is on circle 41. And that -- because of the nature of the service, we believe this is the Commission on Aging it's less likely that the domestic worker providing companionship and personal care for the elderly would be subject to the abuses that the Bill is designed to protect against. And so the Commission on Aging recommended exempting from the definition of domestic worker those who primarily serve as a companion to elderly individuals, and I have an amendment that I'm prepared to offer. This was an issue in the committee where I was the minority on this one. The committee recommended 2-0 not to have that exclusion. I supported that exclusion. I share the concerns of the Commission on Aging, and I don't think you have the same issues at play, at least not to the degree with companion senior care of companion care to disabled individuals who are unable to care for themselves. And so I will pass out an amendment that would amend what the committee has recommended to the Council. and I will propose this amendment which is making its way to you now; which simply removes -- what it says is that an individual who primarily serves as a companion to a disabled or elderly individual who is unable to care for himself or herself is not defined as a domestic worker under this legislation.

33 34 35

President Knapp,

There is an amendment offered; is there a second.

37

38 Councilmember Trachtenberg,

39 Second.

40

41 President Knapp,

42 Seconded by Councilmember Trachtenberg. Discussion on the amendment?

43 Councilmember Leventhal.



1 Councilmember Leventhal,

Well of course the Council will exercise its will on Chairman Andrews' amendment. I will not vote for it. Just to be clear, this would exempt about a third of the workers who would be covered otherwise. In my own experience in, you know, we all have our own experiences in our own lives, and caring for elderly relatives and hiring caretakers for elderly people who we love. Although I love the elderly people who I've had the responsibility to care for in my life, I know that an assumption that an elderly person is more inclined to be considerate of the needs of his or her caretaker is probably false. As elderly people age, as they experience more pain and misery, I think they are even more inclined to be primarily focused on their needs rather than the needs of the lowwage worker who is caring for him or her. And it seems very plausible to me that a lowwage worker whose responsibility is caring for an elderly person may be expected to work through weekends, may not get vacations, may not be afforded the opportunity to get days off. The very abuses that we're concerned about seem to be just as likely in the case of caretakers for the elderly as in the case of housekeepers or nannies. So if it

is the committee's will to exempt caretakers for the elderly -- if it is the Council's will, of course, that's the Council's will. But I will not vote for this amendment. I don't think it's

President Knapp,

justified.

Councilmember Trachtenberg.

 Councilmember Trachtenberg,

Thank you, President Knapp. Actually I'd be curious to start my remarks off by asking Councilmember Leventhal how do we know that a third of the workers would indeed be folks that would provide care to the elderly.

Councilmember Leventhal,

Well, we don't have a great deal of data on the workforce what we're trying to effect. What we have was a relatively random sample of, as the Chairman stated, more than 300 workers, and as you see on page 2 of that somewhat random sample who are identified through a community sweep, through community groups, through churches, through a wide range of areas in which domestic workers were identified, 28% worked as nannies, 44% worked as housekeepers, that's 72%; two-thirds would 67%, so between a quarter and a third of the workers who were identified in that random sample were not nannies and were not housekeepers, I'm therefore assuming that what roughly that percentage are caretakers for the elderly. That's the basis for my assertion.

Councilmember Trachtenberg,

Well, I appreciate that information. It would seem to me that a good number of folks that are providing care to the elderly are actually doing it through contractual arrangements

with agencies. It would seem to me that would be more the norm than folks just

43 answering blindly an ad and having employment based on that solely. I support the

amendment as proposed by Council Vice President Andrews. And I'm supporting it



- because I really feel that elder care is a necessity more often than not; not a luxury. And I know that's, in a nutshell, pretty much what the commission argued. And I also know
- 3 from some personal experience that I have begun to have in the last few months that I
- 4 think that the home situation for the elderly is a very different environment, and
- oftentimes employment needs to be more flexible. In other words, I know with my
- 6 mother-in-law, who we have recently hired care for, what she needs is to actually have
- 7 the service provided in the evening and on the weekend. She doesn't need a regular 9-
- 8 to-5 situation because she's got other medical personnel that are in and out of her
- 9 home. And clearly we're looking to provide companionship and caretaking within the
- 10 home, which is becoming more and more a trend in communities across the country. So
- I speak in support of the amendment as proposed by Council Vice President Andrews.

12 13

- President Knapp,
- 14 Councilmember Elrich.

15

- 16 Councilmember Elrich,
- 17 I'm going to oppose the amendment. I think it's a difficult call of which way to go on this.
- But I feel that probably my own experience with some of the elderly is that they're not
- 19 the easiest population always to deal with. The assumption that somehow this is an
- 20 easier group rather than a more difficult group, I think is speculation. I think the needs of
- 21 the workers stay the same regardless of who the person is who is receiving the care.
- 22 And I don't think that the abuses are any less likely to occur under this situation than
- 23 any other. I also think that in a lot of the cases the person who is going to be contracting
- or finding the worker is going to be a relative of the person who is convalescing,
- disabled or if they're elderly and not able to fully manage their affairs, that work is going
- to be contracted by somebody who is able to manage affairs and is able to assure
- 27 payments and is actually helping look after, at least in some sense, the elderly person
- who is receiving the care. So I would rather err on the side of making sure that the
- 29 protections are in place rather than to exclude this group. I'm not sure exactly what the
- percentage is. I think George's assumption is a possible interpretation. Maybe there is
- another category we haven't thought of that would diminish it somewhat. But I think it's
- 32 a significant number of people, and I think they need the same protections everybody
- 33 would get.

34

- 35 President Knapp,
- 36 Councilmember Floreen.

37

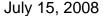
- 38 Councilmember Floreen,
- 39 Thank you. Well my experience with this has been complicated, and so I ask did the
- 40 committee have a thorough conversation with the Department of Aging and Disability
- 41 Services on this issue?

42

- 43 Vice President Andrews.
- 44 No.

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12 Councilmember Floreen,3 Or Commission on Aging?

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- Vice President Andrews,
- We have the letter from the Commission on Aging.

7 8

- Councilmember Floreen,
- 9 We have the letter.

10

- 11 Vice President Andrews,
- But we did not have a discussion with the department.

13 14

- Councilmember Floreen,
- There -- people go about this every which way. Some services -- I don't know how many -- whether the County funds some of this service. I don't if -- .

17

- 18 Councilmember Trachtenberg,
- 19 It depends on diagnosis.

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21 Councilmember Floreen,

And I don't know -- I know that some churches get engage and help people locate support. I certainly know that some people can't be discharged from the hospital unless they're into the care of someone who can help them get to the bathroom, for example, or -- and you might be able to employ an agency if you have the resources. The challenge of negotiating a contract as is proposed is not all that easy for everyone getting into the details. It is supposed to be a form contract. But it is tough. Not all elderly have a good support system that's going to work all these things out. I would certainly like to hear from the department as to -- or have a better conversation with the Commission on Aging before I were to require this over their objections, at least this point. And understand what alternative solutions might be available. These are hard and unpredictable environments in which people find themselves. And particularly because of some of the difficulties of aging the ability to have a good long-term conversation be able to manage one's affairs, I guess I would like to hear more before I rule out this approach. I don't know. I guess we're supposed to act on this right now. But I would support Mr. Andrews' language at least until we've heard what other options there might be out there to address this problem for seniors. It's really tough. I have many neighbors who get a little bit of care during the course of the week. And if that's three hours a day or three days a week, then they're subject to this under these rules. And I don't know the extent of their circumstances, but I do know that it might make a different both in terms of employment opportunities and in terms of the kind of care that people need of one sort or another. It's not just nursing care, it's just oftentimes someone to be around period in case an elderly person has fallen and -- fallen, which is a common issue. And so there are so many different ranges here, I am a little concerned that we're getting -



1 requiring contracts without all the best information about how to go about ensuring that 2 the right environment is provided for at least our low-income elderly who don't have a 3 built-in family support system.

4 5

President Knapp,

6 7

Councilmember Berliner,

Councilmember Berliner.

8

- Thank you, Council President. I have -- will offer two what I hope are friendly
- 9 10 amendments to the amendment offered by the Chair of the committee with respect to
- 11 this issue. It is to limit the scope of the exemption by accepting those who are employed
- 12 by an agency. The sponsor of the legislation indicated that it was as many as a third of
- 13 these workers could be covered by this, and my belief is that that's probably an
- overstatement insofar as some portion, as I think Councilmember Trachtenberg alluded 14
- 15 to, have to be in [inaudible], and I don't think we need to exempt them if they're in an
- 16 agency; the rest of the Bill should cover that relationship and require that. The second
- issue is I do think that this is worthy of analysis. I think in the first instance it would be 17
- right to -- I'm supportive of the thrust of the amendment. But I think it would serve us 18
- 19 well to have a report from the department a year from enactment as to whether they
- 20 recommend that the elderly do in fact require additional protections that would warrant
- 21 them being within the scope of this Bill.

22

23 President Knapp,

24 25

26 Councilmember Berliner,

Which department?

27 HHS.

28

- 29 President Knapp,
- 30 Okay.

31

- 32 Councilmember Berliner,
- So I would suggest that if that is acceptable a year from the effective date that we hear 33
- from our Executive Branch as to whether or not they believe that additional protections 34
- 35 are warranted that would bring them back within the scope of this legislation, and then
- the Council could consider that in its deliberations on this matter. 36

37

- 38 Vice President Andrews,
- 39 [Inaudible].

40

- 41 President Knapp.
- 42 So your first language change would be to do?

43 44

Councilmember Berliner,



42

43

44

Bob Drummer,

Except where employed.

1 To -- I believe on lines 21 through 25 we would insert language that would [inaudible] 2 individual and it could be except who -- where employed by an agency -- I don't know is 3 it where or who -- except when employed by an agency. So I'm looking at lines 21 4 through 25. Do you have that language handy? 5 6 Bob Drummer, 7 I've got all of these amendments and I seem to have misplaced that one. I don't actually 8 have that one. I wrote it and I don't have it. 9 10 President Knapp, 11 Okay, so on line 21, an individual except -- . 12 13 Bob Drummer. Now I have it. 14 15 16 Councilmember Berliner, I believe it's amendment two. 17 18 19 Vice President Andrews. 20 Yes. 21 22 Bob Drummer. 23 Yes, I have it now. 24 25 Councilmember Berliner. 26 Except when employed by an agency or whatever the appropriate word is there would 27 on line 21; so carving out those folks from the scope of the exclusion. 28 29 Bob Drummer. 30 So it would read, an individual primarily serving as a companion to the disabled or 31 elderly individual who is unable to care for himself or herself except -- . 32 33 Councilmember Berliner, 34 Except where employed by an agency. 35 36 President Knapp, 37 Except for such individuals employed. 38 39 Councilmember Berliner, 40 Whatever. 41

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1 Councilmember Berliner,

What that would do is if the caregiver is employed by the agency, it would be subject to the previous language that we've adopted that would say contractual relationship with the agency, but not with the elderly.

5

6 President Knapp,

7 Councilmember Ervin.

8

- 9 Councilmember Ervin,
- 10 I generally like amendment number two that was just provided by Councilmember
- Andrews, and I'm listening to your amendment to his amendment; my only problem is I
- get really stuck in this issue of nurses and -- registered nurses, licensed practical nurses
- and certified nurses assistants, because it's a highly regulated industry, and I do not
- believe that folks who are caregivers at that level see themselves as domestic workers.

15

- 16 Unidentified,
- 17 [Inaudible].

18

- 19 Councilmember Ervin,
- So they're exempted. So what he is saying is just to go back to the original -- this is where I'm stuck. So what are we doing if we vote for the -- .

22

- 23 Vice President Andrews,
- 24 It's not changing that.

25

- 26 Councilmember Ervin,
- 27 It's not changing that; okay, great. Thanks.

28

- 29 President Knapp,
- 30 Councilmember Leventhal.

- 32 Councilmember Leventhal.
- Well I've heard the comments, so it appears the Council is going to pass this
- 34 amendment. I just hope that the advocates for these workers will continue to be in
- 35 contact with them, and will indeed let County Government know if there are
- circumstances that require attention. I have, as all of my colleagues do, a wide range of
- contacts in the community. I do have a concern for those elderly people who need care,
- 38 but I also have a concern for those workers who provide the care. And I've known
- 39 people in both circumstances, and I have had extensive experience myself in those
- 40 circumstances. When patients are discharged from the hospital, primarily they need the
- 41 skilled nursing care that was already exempt from this Bill. Where someone is a live-in
- 42 companion working more than 20 hours a week, I continue to believe that the likelihood
- that that person may have their need for time off, their need for weekends, their need for
- vacations, neglected. It appears the Council is not going to address that concern in this



Bill. I hope we will pass the Bill. Again, I will not vote for the amendment, but I hope that the advocates for the workers will continue to be aware of the circumstances of those workers who we are carving out of the Bill. And if abuses occur and if there are concerns for those workers that the advocates who have done a superb job of bringing this issue to our attention will continue to apprise elected officials about those concerns.

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President Knapp,

8 Councilmember Elrich.

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24 25 Councilmember Elrich,

After listening to the discussion, I guess I wonder whether this amendment might actually be counterproductive. It strikes me that the people who are vulnerable you're expecting them to simply pick up a phone. They can't care for themselves, they're disabled, and pick up a phone and call somebody and say will you come in here and work for me. On what terms? It seems that in this case the contract would actually serve better to protect the elderly person than to not have a contract. They would have a clearer understanding of what they're getting and why they're getting it than to not have a contract. So I'm not sure that you might actually be making the situation worse for people who the reason we're doing this for is because they're less able to take care of their affairs it seems. You know, the implication is that doing the contract is too complicated for them. But how is somebody who is that disabled going to arrange to have this care in the first place. I mean it seems that you've got a problem. The issue is what does elderly mean? Is this simply an exemption that if -- I don't know what the new definition is. Is it 65, 67, or 72? Does this apply to anybody who reaches a certain age and this is an exemption? Or do you have to exhibit qualities of elderliness in order to --I try to avoid that definition myself.

2627

- 28 Bob Drummer,
- 29 Yeah, I feel like I'm getting there myself.

30

- 31 Unidentified,
- 32 [Inaudible].

33

- 34 President Knapp,
- 35 Let's let Mr. Drummer respond.

36

38

39 40

41

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37 Bob Drummer,

The reason -- there is no actual definition of the elderly. And the reason for that is because we've also added in disabled. So essentially if you're talking about somebody who is unable to care for himself or herself. We don't look at what age they are. I mean you could be disabled at 48 and need some sort of in-home care. So we're not trying to go by age, it just happens to be -- I've noticed as I've grown older that people if they reach a certain age sometimes they need a little more help.



1 Councilmember Elrich,

But it says disabled or elderly as opposed to disabled and elderly.

2 3

4 Bob Drummer,

5 Right. So you could be disabled or elderly and that way there really wouldn't be an argument about whether you're, you know, well I'm not old enough to be elderly. It's 6 7 okay, because you're hiring somebody because you're unable to care for yourself.

8

9 Councilmember Elrich,

10 So if somebody can't simply say -- I mean I would assume that disabled would have 11 been sufficient in that case, and the use of elderly wouldn't have been necessary. When 12 you're saying elderly are you implying that a person can simply state they're not able to 13 take care. I mean, it just seems to me it just opens the door to -- if you purpose is the 14 disabled then I don't understand why elderly is in there.

15

16

Bob Drummer.

- 17 Well if an elderly individual is unable to care for himself or herself, not an elderly individual. And it's -- would be an objective standard, I would think. It's not self-18
- 19 identified. I can't cook so I need to hire somebody. You know, it would be more --
- 20 there's usually a medical diagnosis and a prescription you need certain care -- personal 21 care in order to, you know, what is it. There's a term that they use which escapes me at 22 the moment.

23

24 Councilmember Elrich.

25 But I think it's going to be an issue of distinguishing whether you don't want to cook for yourself or you're unable to cook for yourself. It's different than not being able to stand 26 27 in front of a stove and cook as opposed to, like, this is more hassle than I want to go to. I'm 65 and I want somebody to cook my meals for me. 28

29

30 Bob Drummer,

31 Well I'm younger than that and I want somebody to cook my meals for me. That's not, 32 you know, that doesn't get you into the Bill.

33 34

Councilmember Elrich,

35 I'm thinking about your teenagers are unable to care for themselves.

36 37

Bob Drummer.

- 38 Yeah, I think the term I was searching for before is assistance with the activities of daily
- living, and I think it's well-defined in State and Federal regulations, and doctors know 39
- 40 what it means. I don't think that's going to be a problem. It's not going to be somebody
- 41 who just doesn't like to cook and hires a cook, and then says well I don't have to comply
- with the Bill because I don't know how to cook. I don't believe that it's going to be a 42
- 43 problem. But, you know, we certainly put in an age, but I would hesitate to try and figure 44 out what elderly means as far as chronological age.

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1 2

- President Knapp,
- 3 Last comment on this, Councilmember Leventhal.

4

- 5 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 6 I do think Mr. Elrich has pointed what could potentially be a significant loophole if this
- 7 amendment does pass. And one of the concerns that Councilmembers has raised is the
- 8 enforceability of this. And so if relatively able-bodied 67-year-old just doesn't feel like
- 9 mopping her floor and hires someone to mop the floor, it is potential -- the potential
- 10 exists that this amendment would exempt housecleaners and cooks for people who are
- above -- of a certain age. And I'm looking at Eric Friedman in the audience, and I don't
- envy him the task of adjudicating those complaints. So you may have housekeepers
- and cooks who believe they should be covered by the Bill, but because their employer
- is, you know, has salt and pepper hair, it appears Mr. Andrews' amendment would
- exempt them. So what is the definition of primarily serving as a companion? I appreciate
- 16 you keeping me company, and while you're doing it would you please scrub the tub and
- cook my dinner. And those folks are going to be exempt now under the Andrews'
- 18 amendment.

19

- 20 Vice President Andrews,
- Let me make a suggestion here. The County has an age that it uses as a trigger for
- 22 eligibility for some senior services, such as free ride-on service for senior citizens.

23

- 24 Unidentified.
- 25 [Inaudible].

26

- 27 Vice President Andrews.
- 28 Is it -- I don't think it's 50; no I don't think it's 50. Let's find out what that is and -- .

29

- 30 Unidentified,
- 31 [Inaudible].

32

- 33 Vice President Andrews,
- Pardon me. Call a ride is 67, fine. Let's use that.

35

- 36 President Knapp,
- 37 Is that a modification to the amendment?

38

- 39 Vice President Andrews,
- 40 Yeah.

- 42 President Knapp,
- Okay. I see no further discussion on the amendment. Those in support of the
- 44 amendment as proposed and modified indicate by raising your hand; Councilmember



- 1 Ervin, Councilmember Berliner, Councilmember Praisner, Councilmember
- 2 Trachtenberg, Councilmember Floreen. Those opposed; Councilmember Leventhal,
- Councilmember Elrich and myself. The amendment carries 6-3. All right, moving right along.

5

- 6 Vice President Andrews,
- 7 That also -- as a result of the passage of that amendment lines 116 through 123 would
- 8 be deleted because the issue of having an exception for a private room for sleeping with
- 9 a door that could be locked, et cetera, no longer applies.

10 11

- President Knapp,
- 12 Right.

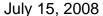
13

- 14 Vice President Andrews,
- 15 As does the clause except as provided in subsection E, which is on lines 111 and 112.
- So those need to be deleted as well as a result, without objection I assume.

17

- 18 President Knapp,
- 19 Without objection.

- 21 Vice President Andrews,
- Okay. All right. Issue six -- should the Bill exclude workers under the age of 21 who
- worked as a nanny or mother's helper? The committee said no: there's no reason to
- 24 think that -- there's no reason to exclude people under 21 from this coverage of the law.
- 25 The Maryland Wage and Hour Act doesn't exclude people under 21, for example. And
- the committee did recommend an amendment to exclude all au pairs from the Bill, since
- they are under a separate legal category. Seven, should the Bill exclude independent
- homecare providers and childcare providers who are authorized by law to organize for
- the purpose of [inaudible] negotiation with the State. A lot of research was done by Bob
- Drummer on this, and based on his research and recommendation, the committee voted 31 3-0 for an amendment to exclude only the individual homecare providers covered by the
- executive order that is contained in the packet. Okay. Should the Bill be amended to
- require the referral of certain complaints to the Office of Human Rights? This was an
- 34 amendment proposed by Councilmember Trachtenberg; and the committee agreed with
- it. And so there would be a required -- referral -- complaint alleging if there had been --
- employment practice to the Office of Human Rights. That is currently in the Bill. Should
- 37 the Bill -- number 10 -- be amended to permit a referral to the Commission for Women
- Counseling and Career Center? And this was also proposed by Councilmember
- 39 Trachtenberg; the committee supported it to permit a referral there. Number 11, should
- 40 the Bill -- this is on page 10. Should the Bill be amended to require the directors to
- consult with the Commission for [inaudible] developing the model contract? The answer
- 42 the committee gave was yes. The committee -- the director of Consumer Protection
- should be required to consult with the Commission for [inaudible] model contract and to
- 44 publish it in English, French and Spanish.





1 2

President Knapp,

I just had a question as to practically how does that work. So does that mean that the Office of Consumer Protection drafts something, sends it over, says I need something

back by Tuesday. And as long as they've had a chance to look at it, or I'm not sure what

in consultation means.

6 7 8

5

Bob Drummer,

9 It means that the ultimate responsibility is the Office of Consumer Protection, so they make the final decision. But they need to show it and hear comments from the

Commission for Women. But it's ultimately the job of the Office of Consumer Protection

to prepare the contract.

13 14

President Knapp,

15 Okay.

16 17

20

21

Vice President Andrews,

Okay. All right. The next item was number 12. Should the Bill be amended to require the Director to refer potential criminal violations to the police department? The Director

already has this ability to do that, and so we felt that it was better to leave that language

as it is under current law, which allows the Director to do so for any case where they

feet that there's eriminal conduct. Thirteen, should the effective date of the Bill be

feel that there's criminal conduct. Thirteen - should the effective date of the Bill be extended to 180 days after the Bill becomes law to give adequate time for the

24 development of the contract and to educate the public about the new law? And the

committee said yes to that. I believe that there may be a couple of amendments still out

that are going to be offered for consideration, and so that concludes the packet.

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President Knapp,

Thank you Council Vice President Andrews. Councilmember Berliner.

29 30 31

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33

Councilmember Berliner,

Thank you Council President Knapp. And let me just preface my remarks, if I could, with

-- in my offering of an amendment with some observations. Unlike many of my

colleagues, I was not part of the original conversations with respect to this Bill. I wasn't a cosponsor and I don't serve on the Public Safety Committee. So when this measure

a cosponsor and I don't serve on the Public Safety Committee. So when this measure was reported out of the committee, I had to take a deep breath and say okay; what are

we doing here? Why? And I confess that I approached this issue with a great deal of

caution. I was concerned with respect to the unprecedented nature of our action here

39 today. No other jurisdiction has done what we are contemplating doing. I was concerned

40 about the legal issues related to enforceability that the Executive Branch and I both had

41 with respect to this. I was concerned really about the reputation of our institution and

42 whether or not we would be deemed forever to be the nanny government of all time.

43 And I was concerned as to whether or not this was an appropriate action for local

44 government to take. And I was concerned with whether the substantive advances that





1 we're making here outweigh all those other considerations. It was a matter that I, like all 2 my colleagues, reflected on at some length, and researched. And I came to the 3 conclusion that in the end this proposal is truly meaningful. At the very least what it does 4 is it ensures that our domestic workers -- and it affirms that our domestic workers have 5 an occupation that is worthy of the respect and dignity that the law will protect. It ensures that those who are most vulnerable, mostly women, have some protection from 6 7 exploitation. That this is unprecedented should not deter us as it did not and should not deter us on other environmental issues or health issues. But it should ensure that we 8 9 are careful in the exercise of our authority and don't overreach. And I concluded that 10 this struck the right balance with respect to that; that it threaded the needle of advancing 11 important interests without overreaching. And that's particularly with the amendment 12 that I will be offering now, amendment number one that I'll share with my colleagues. It 13 was an amendment that came about as a function of conversations with the Executive 14 Branch and myself with respect to enforceability. Because as the Chair of the committee 15 observed, the Bill that emerged from committee really focused exclusively on what can 16 only be deemed to be a unilateral offer of a contract; did not require a contract; did not require -- so the enforceability of whether did somebody really make an offer was up in 17 the air. And what happens if that offer wasn't accepted, but the employment ensued. 18 19 There were a number of issues with respect to enforceability that were very unclear in 20 my mind and in the minds of the Executive Branch. This amendment will now ensure 21 that one of two things happens. You either are made a bona fide offer and you sign it, or 22 you are made a bona fide offer and you sign a waiver. And you say, you know, I'm 23 comfortable with the relationship that I've had, perhaps for 10 years. Many of these relationships are very long-term relationships; not short-term. And many of them are 24 25 healthy relationships; mutually respectful relationships; informal relationships; but 26 nonetheless okay. What this amendment ensures is that for those who are in a 27 relationship that is okay, we don't supersede that with the inflexibility of contractual relationship unless they affirmatively desire it. But they also have the backstop of being 28 29 offered an agreement that specifies the terms. So worst-case scenario they have had 30 an offer. If they want to change their status, they're in a position to do so. If they don't 31 want to change their status, they can affirmatively choose not to. I think that's important. 32 I think based on my conversations with Mr. Friedman and the Executive Branch that the 33 conclusion with respect to this amendment is that it does make it more enforceable. So I 34 do think that we've done something that is important. I think we have done something 35 that needs to be addressed. I think it is something that has not been addressed anywhere. And I think we're making an important contribution, but a measured one. So 36 37 my hat is off to the sponsors for bringing this measure to us. I took me a little while to 38 catch up; my colleague likes to tease his colleagues with respect to that. He reminds us 39 that some things are complicated and sometimes you just have to catch up. I've tried to 40 catch up with respect to this, and have concluded that this is worthy of our approval with 41 this amendment. So I offer amendment one for my colleagues' consideration.

- 43 President Knapp,
- 44 Is there a second?



1 2

Councilmember Ervin,

3 Second.

President Knapp,

Seconded by Councilmember Ervin. Councilmember Trachtenberg.

Councilmember Trachtenberg,

9 My comments are not specific to the amendment.

President Knapp,

12 Okay, Councilmember Leventhal.

Councilmember Leventhal,

Well I do want to say for the record that the advocates for the Bill are very concerned about this amendment. And I spoke to them a few minutes ago. I'm open to it, but I would like to ask Mr. Friedman, since this -- what I understood -- if Mr. Friedman could come forward. What I understood gave rise to this was a concern -- let me just walk people through some of the issues as I see them here, because I think they are very important. The Bill as introduced and as reported by committee imposes no obligation on the worker to sign anything. And when I first noticed that myself, the Bill was drafted at Mr. Elrich and my request, I said why is there no obligation on the worker. I mean should not there be a joint obligation on both sides. And maybe, Mr. Drummer, you could explain the reasoning why the Bill did not originally -- the Bill only puts the obligation on the employer to offer, negotiate and sign a contract; it does not place that obligation on the worker. That struck me as strange in the beginning, and, Mr. Drummer, could you explain the reason it was drafted that way?

Bob Drummer.

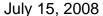
Sure. What we were worried about is if you put a bilateral requirement that both parties sign the agreement and somebody files a complaint and Consumer Protection investigates it, you then got two people that are in violation of the Act. And you need to enforce the act and the sanctions against both the employer and the employee. And even if Consumer Protection felt they would just go after the employer, I'm sure the employer is going to be trying to bring in the worker too, saying well they didn't sign the employment agreement either. If you make it -- in other words, if you make both sides required to sign it, then you would be violating this law if you're working in the County without a written employment contract and you're a covered worker.

40 Councilmember Leventhal,

41 And you'd be subject to penalties.

43 Bob Drummer,

44 And both sides would be, right.





1 2

Councilmember Leventhal,

Now is it not the case under Mr. Berliner's amendment that you'd also be subject to penalties if you're worker and you don't sign the disclosure statement or a contract?

4 5

7

8

3

- 6 Bob Drummer,
 - I don't believe so. I believe that the penalty would be for the -- it requires the employer to obtain either a written or a signed disclosure statement. It's up to the employer to get that.

9 10

- 11 Councilmember Leventhal,
- Okay, so if we were to require an employee to sign the contract, if the employee fails to sign the contract then the employee may be subject to penalties and fines even if the employee never knew about the law, never availed themselves of the law; they would be subject to penalties and fines for failure to comply with the law.

16

- 17 Bob Drummer,
- 18 Although I'm not sure who bring the complaint in that case.

19

- 20 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 21 Right.

22

- 23 Bob Drummer,
- You know, how we'd find out about it. But, yeah, if there's a situation where somebody is working without an employment contract and the worker goes to complain to
- Consumer Protection and there's no written contract, and they're both supposed to sign the contract, then they're both in violation of the law.

28

- 29 Councilmember Leventhal.
- Indeed that would deter employees from protecting their own rights if you push the obligation on the employer and the employee, since it's like to be the employee who is going to complain. But if the employee is exposing themselves and say -- if you pass a law that says both the employer and the employee must sign and there is no contract, and neither one of them have signed, then the employee is not likely to complain because they would be exposing themselves to penalties and fines.

36

- 37 Bob Drummer.
- 38 That's what we were worried about.

39

- 40 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 41 That's what we were worked about.

42

43 Bob Drummer,



1 But, you know, how it will actually work in the real world we're not sure. It as new to us, 2 vou know.

3

- 4 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 5 Okay. Now, Mr. Friedman, what I understood gave rise to Mr. Berliner's suggestion was
- your concern that a complaint is filed, a worker calls you up and says I'm supposed to 6
- 7 have a contract; I don't have one. And then employer says oh yes, absolutely I did offer
- 8 a contract. And then it becomes he said, she said that you can't prove that the employer
- 9 didn't offer it. So that this recommendation for the disclosure that a contract was offered
- 10 and the employee voluntarily refused to sign you believe made it easier to enforce on
- 11 your part?

12

- 13 Eric Friedman,
- 14 Yes. What I try to do is make myself available to all Councilmembers and their staff to 15 try and clarify things as much as possible.

16

- 17 President Knapp,
- Good cover. 18

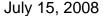
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- 20 Councilmember Floreen,
- 21 Good answer.

22

- 23 Eric Friedman,
- 24 And I'm not sure; maybe I caused more confusion than clarification. I was trying to give
- 25 the Council in their deliberations some feedback in terms of enforceability. There are
- 26 different degrees of enforceability from the perspective our agency. We would be
- 27 charged with enforcing and administering this law. And there are different tools. One
- such tool would be the issues of the civil citation for violating a requirement under this 28
- 29 law. And I had explained in many conversations that it would be difficult for our office to
- 30 issue a civil citation and with representation from the County Attorney's Office, go to
- 31 District Court to enforce a violation against an employer for failing to give something
- 32 that's required by this law if it was a he said, she said prosecution. If that's the
- 33 information that we had that level of enforceability would not be something that as a
- 34 practical matter our office would be able to do. Now there are other levels of
- 35 enforceability. We could write a letter to the merchant -- to the employer. We could call
- the employer and say that the nanny has alleged that you failed to provide her with this 36
- 37 contract. And the employer could say yes I did, or say oh I forgot to; I'm providing it
- 38 now. But we would not have the full extent of our enforceability action with respect to 39 civil citations and going to small claims [inaudible].

- 41 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 42 And with this disclosure that gives either a contract or a statement that the worker was
- 43 offered a contract and voluntarily chose not to sign it; does that improve the
- 44 enforceability?





1 2

 Eric Friedman,

Yes. And in talking to Mr. Drummer what we were talking about were at least if we had a document that was provided that has a signature from the nanny that says yes I was provided with this document, we would then have some documentation that would enable us to better prosecute the case; so that we could say to the employer if you provided the domestic worker with the contract, you need to either provide the signed contract or a signed disclosure form.

Councilmember Leventhal,

Okay. Now the concern that's been expressed by the advocates for the Bill is that employers will seek to do an end run around offering the contract; that employers will simply say to the worker, okay I'm hiring you, sign this. And what it will say is I offered you contract and you voluntarily chose not to sign it; that there never will be a contract, but instead there will be this one page waiver and that that's what will end up covering some of these employment arrangements. And again it will be a he-said, she-said situation. That's the concern that's been expressed to me by the advocates for the Bill. What do you think about that?

Eric Friedman.

Well I guess that is a possibility. I mean the concern is if there's an obligation on the part of the employer to do something to the extent that we have written documentation that the employer did it or didn't do it; that will provide us with more enforceability. But we are still able to make contact with the employer and express the concerns of the domestic worker. Does that answer the question?

Councilmember Leventhal.

Well I -- I think it's a dilemma. And it seems to me that if we pass this Bill, we are making assumption that, for the most part, our citizens will comply with it, as with other laws that we pass. I mean, we know that there will be some degree of noncompliance. So it seems to me having listened to the arguments of the advocates that the likelihood that this provision will provide greater opportunity to evade the law than the law itself because we all know that some employers will not comply with this law; any law you pass some people will not comply with. It doesn't seem that great that if an employer themselves is going to commit to a fraudulent document that exposes them also. So, I mean, I just want to put on the table because it's been raised with me the concerns of the advocates, and let Councilmembers wrestle with that in their own mind. I do understand the other side which is, it's very difficult to explain to my constituents why we're passing a law that only affects one-half of the employer/employee relationship. That's been a problem for me to reconcile. And I'm persuaded after hearing from Mr. Drummer the reason why. But I'm not sure the public will understand it. And so I think the benefit of this amendment is great enough that it obviously -- the employee is part of the transaction and the employee must either sign the contract or state that they're not



signing the contract; that provides an answer to the question of what is the obligation on the employee.

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- 4 President Knapp,
- 5 Councilmember Floreen.

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Councilmember Floreen.

Well, reading this Bill has taken me back 35 years to law school 101; contracts. There is no contract if there isn't an agreement. And the only way you signify a meeting of the minds is having someone sign it. So this legislation without Mr. Berliner's proposal is meaningless otherwise because there is no contract; there otherwise would be no meeting of the minds one way or the other. He can have a con -- there just a law, there is no contract unless two parties have signed it; that's their indication of agreement. It's something that has troubled me about this. And I don't know how else you address this, because that -- I mean from the employer's point of view you spell out the duties. You shall do XYZ, and I agree. That's what I'm going to do and then return for that -- this is the deal. And I think the whole point of all this is to encourage clarity in employment relationship. But it's clarity on both sides of the table. This has been one of the issues I know that has been raised in terms of folks who are reluctant to enter into written agreements, which has caused some concern, I know, within the community, and has certainly caused me some concern about this. But if we're going to do this and say that there's a contract, there needs to be a contract. Now if the advocates don't agree with that, and I haven't spoken with them recently, that should be a cause for some concern. But that would be the point. There is no contract without an agreement -- meeting between the parties. And because this language here in terms of enforcement and

27 28

29 Eric Friedman,

Eric?

30 Yes.

31

- 32 Councilmember Floreen,
- And you with your copious staff will be engaged in at least possibly some conversations.

compliance anticipates that there would be mutual rights of one sort or another; right,

- 34 But to have a contract here under this legislation requires two to tangle, unless the law
- has changed. It's been a while since I went to contracts 101. But isn't that the case?

36

- 37 Bob Drummer,
- Well if I could just answer that question.

39

- 40 Councilmember Floreen,
- 41 The law changed.

42

43 Bob Drummer,



No the law didn't change. But there would no written contract if there is both sides don't sign.

3

- 4 Councilmember Floreen,
- 5 Then you get into he-said, she-said.

6

- 7 Bob Drummer,
- 8 You could still have an oral employment agreement and many people work under that.
- 9 The problem with that obviously is it's very difficult to enforce the terms and conditions.

10

- 11 Councilmember Floreen,
- 12 But it would be pretty unclear.

13

- 14 Bob Drummer,
- 15 Absolutely.

16

- 17 Councilmember Floreen,
 - What this is rectifying. How can you enforce a relationship that isn't clearly articulated?

18 19

- 20 Bob Drummer.
- Well the Bill is not trying to enforce the terms of any employment agreement. It's just
- going to require that you, as an employer, offer to sign -- to negotiate and sign an
- employment agreement. And this amendment would give the employer the opportunity
- 24 to -- if the worker -- and the worker has that right under the Bill, says I understand the
- 25 terms and conditions but I'm not signing this -- a written agreement -- contract, then this
- would be option two. Okay, sign a disclosure statement that says you were given that
- 27 and then, at least as far as an enforcement is concerned from the Consumer Protection
- Office, they would be able to say okay you complied with the law. The question about
- 29 somebody trying to game the law by fraudulently getting a disclosure statement signed,
- 30 you know, I guess that's possible and you can't -- it's very hard to legislate good

31 morality.

32

- 33 Councilmember Floreen,
- 34 But at least that would clarify that there -- conversation has been had, that contract has
- been agreed to, or a contract has not been agreed to; one way or the other.

36

- 37 Bob Drummer.
- Yeah, that at least the opportunity was given.

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- 40 Councilmember Floreen,
- Yeah, and that's that point of all this, as I understand it. Okay, thanks.

- 43 President Knapp,
- 44 Councilmember Elrich.



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Councilmember Elrich,

Yeah, I've come around to agreeing with Roger's view of this. I was not -- I didn't fully understand the implications of not signing a contract until the discussion with Eric and others around what would happen and would wind up being enforceable. And it seemed to me that creating an unenforceable law really didn't get us where we wanted to go. I think others are right in saying that any law can be broken, and that we in fact rely on the goodwill of 90% or 95% of the people to do what's required. And that's what most people will do. And no matter how we wrote this law whether we got more restrictive or less restrictive, there will be people who will choose to try to do otherwise. So I don't think you can make the perfect law or have the perfect enforcement system. I think that -- I try to picture what happens in this myself, and I'm -- if two parties negotiate a contract and you can't reach agreement on the contract, it's hard for me to imagine the worker then working. If I haven't agreed to somebody with what they're going to pay me and when I'm going to be there, not only don't I have a signed contract, but then why am I going to work with this person at all. It seems to me at that point there's no agreement on the terms of labor, then labor leaves the premises and goes someplace else. So part of me imagines that most things will be resolved by contract because that's what two people would -- that's what both people have to do in order to agree that somebody's going to come into your house and do work. But I do agree with having the disclosure because in the event, maybe for sentimental reasons as Roger has kind of suggested. I can't imagine doing this for economic reasons. But perhaps for sentimental reasons if you feel the contract unnecessarily muddles up the personal relationship that you've developed with your employer and your trusting and every thing has been perfectly fine, and you don't want to sign this contract, then the disclosure at least provides protection for an employer should anything happen. And then at least they can say I did offer the contract. Now we have some assurance that along with this disclosure statement the contract that was offered will be presented so we can at least see the contract -- because if I sign a disclosure statement it could be George's worst nightmare, which is I put the disclosure statement in front of you and don't offer a contract in good faith or do any of that stuff. So at the end of the day you've got a disclosure contract and the person could say I didn't understand it. He only talked to me about it, or she only talked to me about, and I never actually got the contract to say yes or no to. So it seems to me there ought to be something in here that requires that a, for example, an initial copy or a signed copy of the contract simply stating that the employee -- potential employee read the contract, not agreed to it, but read it, ought to be part of a submission. So the waiver and the initialed or signed contract saying I read it travel together. And that way there's no ambiguity about whether -- what was offered or whether anything was offered at all. And that would address, I think, the issue of -- or the concern that you would simply be putting the disclosure statement in front of somebody and they were tangibly putting a contract in front of somebody. I think it maintains Roger's intent at the same time.

42 43 44

President Knapp,



1 Go ahead, and then Councilmember Leventhal.

2

- Councilmember Berliner,
- 4 If I could respond, I just make sure that you look at line 4 of the amendment, because
- 5 the disclosure statement itself is a document "confirming that an employer presented a
- 6 signed, written employment contract." So we are ensuring that in this situation where
- 7 their fallback situation is here's the signed written contract; you either take the signed,
- 8 written contract that is presented to you and if not -- and if you don't want that, then you
- 9 can sign this disclosure -- this waiver. So I believe that the protection -- the precise
- protections that you are seeking are here. Now, again, there re people that can be -- act
- fraudulently. So you can't write enough language with respect to that.

12

- 13 Councilmember Elrich,
- 14 I just wanted the paper contract, that which was offered to travel with the disclosure
- statement. Would there be a problem with that?

16

- 17 Councilmember Berliner,
- 18 Yeah I can go along with that -- attached the -- attached to it, yeah.

19

- 20 Bob Drummer.
- 21 That would get taken care of in writing the model disclosure statement.

22

- 23 Councilmember Berliner,
- 24 I'm comfortable with that.

25

- 26 Councilmember Elrich,
- 27 Okay.

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- 29 Bob Drummer,
- 30 And we could get that [inaudible].

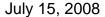
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- 32 Councilmember Elrich,
- 33 As long as you include it somewhere in there. Because I want the elimination of the --
- 34 okay.

35

- 36 President Knapp,
- 37 Councilmember Leventhal.

- 39 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 40 I think that's a great improvement and I thank Mr. Elrich and Mr. Berliner for taking that
- step. I think that's a very, very important point. I did -- I do feel the need to respond to
- 42 the suggestion by my colleague that absent this amendment -- which I will support this
- 43 amendment -- the Bill was meaningless. I'm not -- and neither is Mr. Elrich in the
- business of introducing meaningless legislation. But I want to talk directly to the





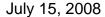
1 advocates for the Bill here now, because we've had a lot of conversation about how will 2 this be enforced and how will it work in practice. And obviously we'll find out how it 3 works in practice in practice. But as we talked about this problem which was posed by 4 not having the obligation to sign the contract on the worker, we hypothesized, and I'm 5 repeating this because I think it's so important, that a worker might complain that no contract was ever offered or negotiated. An employer might say, oh, yes indeed, I did. 6 And the Office of Consumer Affairs could not prove the point. I don't see that as a huge 7 8 problem, because if the employer says, oh, yes, I did and here is the contract, then 9 indeed problem solved. If the goal is to get a contract the employer would, under those 10 circumstances, have to offer a contract. Obviously, on its face, a contract must be 11 between two parties, and the sponsors of the Bill knew that in the first place. Of course 12 we knew that a contract that both parties don't sign is not an enforceable contract. To 13 suggest that it's meaningless not to compel both parties to sign a contract is -- does not 14 negate the fact that a contract is only enforceable when both parties sign. What Mr. Berliner's amendment is hypothesizing is that there may be circumstances in which a 15 worker would prefer to work without a contract. I think that's unlikely. I just don't see that 16 happening. But if it gives comfort to Ms. Floreen and Mr. Berliner, I'm eager to pass the 17 Bill. I don't see it as harmful for the very same reason, and this gets to what the 18 19 advocates are saving. If the concern is that an employer will somehow seek to bypass 20 the contract requirement by going straight to the disclosure requirement, first of all that's 21 avoided I think by Mr. Elrich's point, because now the disclosure will be attached to the 22 contract. But even absent that you go through the same procession. That is the worker 23 says I was never offered contract. The employer says oh, yes, I did offer a contract. So Eric Friedman and the staff say where's the contract? The end result is you get a 24 25 contract. So, again, problem solved. So I understand the concerns of the advocates, but 26 I want to say the other end of it I think the alternative that the advocates proposed to 27 me, that is just go ahead and require both parties to sign the contract, is worse precisely because, as I said earlier -- and I'm sorry to repeat myself but I think it's important. It will 28 29 be a disincentive for workers to complain. If the worker, herself, is liable for fines and 30 penalties for failure to sign the contract, why would the worker bring that to the attention 31 of the government? The worker would be exposing herself to fines and penalties. That 32 would make it less likely to be enforced in a complaint-driven process.

33 34

President Knapp,

- Okay, seeing no further discussion on the amendment, all in support of the amendment indicate by raising your hand; Councilmember Elrich, Councilmember Trachtenberg,
- 37 Councilmember Floreen, Councilmember Leventhal, Councilmember Ervin,
- 38 Councilmember Berliner, Council Vice President Andrews, and myself -- oh,
- 39 Councilmember Praisner. That is unanimous. Okay. Any concluding remarks?
- 40 Councilmember Trachtenberg.

- 42 Councilmember Trachtenberg,
- Thank you, President Knapp. Well this has been a long conversation that this body has
- been having now for a few months, I think close to six months. And I think it's been a





1 really productive conversation. And I don't think I'd be surprising anyone by stating that 2 at the beginning of the process I had some serious concerns about the Bill as proposed. 3 But I am comfortable with the amendments that we have worked through, both the 4 committee and here this morning. And clearly in my mind this is the first step of what I 5 would be hopeful would be a few steps -- a handful of steps that this body could take to support workers here in the County -- women workers. But I have to suggest that I 6 7 respectfully disagree with my colleague, Councilmember Elrich, about the fact that this 8 is related to domestic workers and not necessarily related to the plight of immigrant 9 women. Because I very much believe that they are linked. And I've got opinions about 10 this, not just because of the conversations that I've had with sides of the issues the last 11 few months, but I've got opinions based on experiences that I've had within the feminist 12 community. I know many of you know that I've had the privilege of sitting on the national 13 NOW board for a number of years, where I serve as the Mid Atlantic Regional Director. 14 And I've spoken to domestic workers out in California. I've spoken to domestic workers down on the Mexican border; some that are in federal facilities or had been before they 15 16 were deported. And I feel very strongly about the fact that the only way that we're really going to comprehensively address the issues for immigrant women and domestic 17 workers, in particular, is through comprehensive reform on a national level. There are 18 19 issues relating to sexual harassment in the workplace, not just the Fair Labor Standards 20 Act but the Occupational Safety and Health Act as well. All those things need to be 21 amended in my mind. But I want to speak this morning -- or this afternoon just very 22 briefly to one issue, and I would believe that this would be a reasonable extension of the 23 commitment that this body is making this morning by passing this piece of legislation. which is we really need to prioritize the social services that are available to women in 24 25 this community, including domestic workers. There is an urgent need for more 26 translation services to be available in the judicial system that is vitally important for this 27 population that we want to empower. We also need to aggressively fund culturally sensitive health services, which we really have not been able to do, and I stress that as 28 29 we look towards next year's budget, because I am very mindful of the fact that the 30 vulnerable are indeed more vulnerable when we are in difficult fiscal times. And the 31 other thing that I would like to see us aggressively fund and provide resources in would 32 be public outreach and education on a whole host of issues that are important to 33 immigrant women, but again, very important to domestic workers. And even if all we do 34 is provide forums in the community that provide information about citizenship, around 35 employment, around contractual terms, around services that can be accessed and 36 benefits that can be applied for, we have an obligation to do that. And I just want to 37 stress to my colleagues that again I see this within the context of the law and what we 38 can do as a step forward. And I commend both Councilmember Elrich and Leventhal for 39 bringing the issue up. I think we have again worked productively as a body 40 collaboratively. And it would be my hope that in the years to come we'll fund 41 aggressively the services that really need to be provided again to immigrant women that 42 live and prosper in this County. 43

President Knapp,



44

Yes.

1 Thank you very much. I see no further discussion on the Bill. We have before us action 2 on Bill 2-08, Consumer Protection, Madam Clerk, if you would call the roll. 3 4 Council Clerk, 5 Mr. Elrich. 6 7 Councilmember Elrich, 8 Yes. 9 10 Council Clerk, Mr. Praisner. 11 12 13 Councilmember Praisner, 14 Yes. 15 Council Clerk, 16 Ms. Trachtenberg. 17 18 19 Councilmember Trachtenberg, 20 Yes. 21 22 Council Clerk, Ms. Floreen. 23 24 25 Councilmember Floreen, Yes. 26 27 28 Council Clerk, Mr. Leventhal. 29 30 31 Councilmember Leventhal, 32 Yes. 33 34 Council Clerk, Ms. Ervin. 35 36 37 Councilmember Ervin, 38 Yes. 39 40 Council Clerk, Mr. Berliner. 41 42 43 Councilmember Berliner,



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Council Clerk.

3 Mr. Andrews.

4 5

- Vice President Andrews,
- 6 Yes.

7 8

- Council Clerk,
- 9 Mr. Knapp.

10 11

- President Knapp,
- 12 Yes. Bill 2-08 passes unanimously. Thank you very much. We are now going to turn to the action on State Transportation Project Priority Letter. We've got a lot of folks here 13 who have been waiting for that. We'll go a head and try and dispose of that. We may 14 15 start our Public Hearings a little bit late, depending on how long this takes. The Chair of 16 the Transportation and Environment Committee assures me that this will be a fairly 17 expeditious activity.

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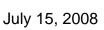
- Councilmember Floreen.
- 20 I hope so. Mr. Berliner was not able to join us at our committee meeting, but he has 21 informed me that he supports our recommendation to the full Council, so it's a 3-0 22 recommendation to the Council to adopt. Everyone okay back there? To adopt the draft 23 letter as is before you on circle 7 through 9. Basically this is an update of the letter that 24 we sent to our delegation in February of 2007. The point of this of course is to establish 25 County priorities for the purposes of State, capital program -- .

26 27

- President Knapp,
- Hold on. Folks. Folks if you could just keep it down as you exit the room. We're still trying to get the next -- next issue done. Thank you.

29 30

- Councilmember Floreen,
- 31 32 The point of this is to establish -- reaffirm Council priorities for the purposes of 33 conversation with the members of the delegation, as well as with the Governor as he 34 puts together his transportation CIP, which is an annual event. We have tried very hard 35 to not make a lot of changes on an annual basis. Our intention is to be clear and focus 36 on priorities. We have a mix of transit and roadway projects here reflecting the kind of 37 balance that this Council has been committed to in a long-term fashion to achieve 38 mobility within the County. We also have tried to include in our analysis a can-do 39 approach to transportation problem-solving. We know there are a limited number of 40 resources available to fund state projects. We'll use these projects as we look at our
- 41 appropriation capacity. And I am absolutely confident the State of -- the city of
- 42 Gaithersburg will give its own attention to how it can fund through a bonding approach
- 43 projects that it views as significant importance to the city of Gaithersburg. We have also
- 44 considered, and had a conversation with respect to Growth Policy standards, how these





1 priorities meet our mobility objectives within the Growth Policy. And we discussed that within the committee meeting. But we have -- Glenn has broken down the projects. 2 3 Historically we have always addressed our priority rankings for construction funding for 4 roadway projects, our priority rankings for highway and bikeway projects, and then our 5 priority rankings for transit projects. What we did in the letter was to reiterate what we've said about the Purple Line and the corridor cities transit way. What we have said in the 6 7 past with respect to advocating for the beltway widening for HOT or HOV lanes and the 8 1270 widening and analysis. What we have added in here is language with respect to 9 BRACK, which really hadn't been in our previous letter, as I recall. The Planning Board offered us some comments on this, and Glenn has shown you in his memo where there 10 11 is concurrence, which is largely the case. There are some small elements of 12 disagreement, but by and large, we are in full concurrence. The city of Gaithersburg 13 has corresponded with us, and you've got an addendum to your packet that response to what the city has raised. And we feel very comfortable that our list reflects County 14 15 priorities that are -- the list also reflects some of the conversations that have already 16 begun between the County Executive staff and the State in negotiating critically needed solutions to our transportation system. And as I said, there really isn't too much that's 17 new at all here. So let me ask Mr. Holmes if you'd like to make a comment and then 18 19 Glenn can take Councilmembers through specifics or answer questions that they might 20 have.

21

22 President Knapp,

23 Director Holmes, turn on your microphone.

2425

Councilmember Floreen,

26 Press your button there.

2728

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Arthur Holmes, Jr.,

Thanks to the members of the Council for allowing us to come forward. As you indicated here, we are in agreement with the Council staff on the items in the priority list. We do understand that there is some concern on the part of the city of Gaithersburg about breaking up the elements for the Watkins Mill Road where we broke the bridge and the bypass, or I mean the bridge and the interchange because of one, the cost, and number two, we are already in some negotiations with the State on the bridge using the funds from the Transportation CIP wherein we were given the [inaudible] authority to work with them under MOU. So having said that I have no other corrections. We are in agreement with the Council staff.

3738

39 Councilmember Floreen,

40 And the committee.

41

42 Arthur Holmes, Jr.,

43 And the committee, sorry.



1 Councilmember Floreen,

Right. And I don't know if Councilmembers have questions. I think Mr. Andrews does.

2 3

- 4 President Knapp,
- 5 Mr. Andrews does.

6

- 7 Councilmember Floreen.
- 8 Otherwise it's pretty pro forma.

9

- 10 President Knapp,
- 11 Yeah, the issues as it relate to Gaithersburg both Councilmember Andrews and I have
- 12 both been approached vigorously by the areas we represent. So I'll turn to the Council
- 13 Vice President for his discussion.

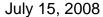
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- 15 Vice President Andrews,
- 16 Thank you. All right, thank you. Well I know that the committee has worked over this
- over the years, and that there's a balancing act here. But I am concerned about the 17
- recommendations regarding Watkins Mill and also Montrose Parkway. And I don't 18
- 19 support either of those changes as proposed. I know the city of Gaithersburg is very
- 20 concerned about the proposal to separate out the two projects feeling that it will likely
- 21 delay further the prospects of getting the interchange built if they're broken out. And I
- 22 know that they have made development decisions based on them occurring at the same
- 23 time. We all hope it's as soon as possible, but we know all these projects face the
- 24 hurdle of State funding, which is tight. I want to give -- I want to ask the Mayor since he
- 25 has taken the time out to come, and he has been sitting here a long time, to comment
- about the city's particular concerns. I'm concerned that the city wasn't notified a head of 26
- 27 time about a change this substantial and given the opportunity to weigh in prior to it
- 28 getting to the full Council. And I hope that will not happen again. But I'd like to ask
- 29 Mayor Katz to comment on the proposed change to Watkins Mill.

30 31

- Mayor Sidney Katz,
- 32 Thank you Mr. Vice President. We sincerely appreciate you having us here this morning
- and letting us speak. I actually am not the expert; as you might guess, the expert is 33
- 34 sitting to my right, Mr. Fred Felton. And if possible I'd like to ask him to make some very,
- 35 very quick -- quick comments. This obviously is an extremely important to the city and to
- 36 the County, and that's one of the reasons that the city, even though this is a state
- 37 highway, is actually the main provider of the land itself, as we also have provided the
- 38 land off from the same developer for the Sixth Police District at no cost to the County.
- 39 So we obviously are very concerned and we obviously want to work with the County to
- 40 make certain that this comes to happen.

- 42 Fred Felton.
- 43 Thank you. For the record, Fred Felton, Assistant City Manager. And the city and the
- 44 County and developer are under contract, among other things, to work together and





- 1 individually with the state towards the acceleration of final design and construction of 2 this state project, which is the Watkins Mill Road interchange and ramps. I don't know
- 3 the correct answer on splitting the projects. I have a lot of respect for Edgar and Art.
- 4 They feel strongly that splitting the projects make sense; maybe it does. As
- 5 Councilmember Andrews -- Council Vice President Andrews indicated we weren't
- consulted. We were just having those discussions over the last few days. But the real --6
- 7 biggest concern in the Mayor and the City Council is this project was in 2005 ranked
- 8 number three; in 2007 ranks number two. Number one project is completed, so the
- 9 Watkins Mill Road interchange should move to number one. If it makes sense to split it
- 10 up, it may well I just haven't had a chance to fully understand the issues, the actual
- 11 ramps ought to be priority number two. There has been nothing in your background
- 12 packages. There's been no discussion on this committee of any reason why the
- 13 Watkins Mill interchange is slipping six places on the list. Certainly the argument could
- 14 be made that taking an action that would allow the bridge to come first is accelerating
- 15 the project, but putting the ramps in your funding and putting \$2.6 million worth of State
- 16 projects between the ramps and the interchange construction itself to me is -- it does
- violate our agreement. It does not make sense. Watkins Mill Road, the entire project, 17
- the folks from Public Works say it remains important. So we strongly would request that 18
- 19 if you separate the projects, and again that may make sense, that number two be the
- 20 interchange itself. We believe that's in keeping with our agreement. We believe it makes
- 21 sense from a [inaudible] perspective. I've submitted a mountain of paperwork to all of
- 22 you. I hope you've had a chance to read it. And I'm prepared to answer any questions
- 23 you may have.

24 25

- Councilmember Floreen.
- Well let me just say, and I'll turn it over to Glenn. This is also a project which the State 26
- 27 has -- the County has put some of its special bond money towards funding for the
- 28 design, as I understand it.

29

- 30 Edgar Gonzalez,
- 31 Yes, as part of the agreement. We have been working with the City very, very closely.

- 33 Councilmember Floreen,
- 34 And I would just say we would welcome the city's contribution of cash through a
- 35 bonding process as the County is doing with its negotiations to move this forward. We
- appreciate that the -- I mean there's no question that this is important. So are the other 36
- 37 projects within the list. We are all trying to work together. We very much value what the
- 38 city has negotiated so far with developers. That's how you do these road projects, and
- 39 the developers are building a good portion of this. But there's a lot of money involved to
- 40 build the whole ball of wax. And as I said, I think we'd very welcome the city undertaking
- 41 to help with the cash side of this with the County the way we're trying to do for a variety
- 42 of these projects. There's no disagreement about that. We also do have a variety of
- 43 issues up there in that neck of the County, particularly because of the moratorium
- 44 situation in Gaithersburg under our Growth Policy rules in Gaithersburg and



Germantown. And that's why we have some other projects in this list, Copper Road and Woodfield, that will help in this analysis. It's all a question of working together to get things done. There's no question about that. And it is number one fundamentally on our list otherwise. Glenn, do you want to go into more detail on the -- Mr. Andrews, did you want some more details?

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Vice President Andrews,

Well, I'd like to just in fairness hear Glenn's argument briefly.

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Glenn Orlin,

That's Glenn's argument, it's the Planning Board's argument, it's the T&E's Committee argument so. We've been talking about this for a long time. Actually, this is not -- should not be a surprise. We actually started talking about this issue back in the spring during the budget -- actually in the winter during the budget when we were talking about Montrose Parkway. You'll recall T&E Committee and the Council talked about needing to accelerate the missing link of Montrose Parkway as on the priority list, and the debate at the time was whether or not the I270 Watkins Road bridge, not the interchange but the bridge should be number one or number two, with Montrose Parkway moving up. So we've had this discussion since winter. The Planning Board discussed this priority list in June, about three weeks ago I think it was, Larry. And it came to T&E of course nine days ago. I apologize for not having called directly to the Mayor or Mr. Felton about this, but I didn't call anybody else either. I didn't call the city of Rockville about their projects. I didn't call the Civic Associations in Aspen Hill or North Bethesda or Eastland County or anyone else. We really expect all of our constituents to follow what the Council is doing, and if there are concerns to [inaudible] raising all along. This is after all a County Council/County Executive priority list. We fully expect that the city may want to weigh in separately with the State anyway. But it's a County list. We're looking at County priorities. Given that, what we decided was, and just amongst the staff and we made the recommendation to our -- our betters -- the Executive, the Council and Planning Board in the case of Larry, was that the I270 Watkins Road interchange was an extremely expensive project which could likely not be built all in one piece. It's \$140 million of the cost that's yet to be programmed. Corollary to this is the 355 Montrose interchange itself. You probably don't remember this, but more than 10 years ago that was one project. Actually it's been a project in the State's program for a quarter century. And for many -- it came from Connie Morella's initiative based on the ICC study back in the 70's and early '80's. And the idea was to build a great [inaudible] interchange between 355 and Montrose Parkway, and carry it over the railroad tracks and connect to Parkline Drive. About 10 years ago, 12 years ago or so, the State said we can't afford to do all this as one project; we're going to split it into two phases. And it's been that way ever since. And we're only now at the point where virtually this last couple weeks where that first phase is under construction; and that only with the help of the County by accelerating some funds. And the Council talked about this spring -- or this past winter actually, trying to figure a way of accelerating the second phase, which is what we're recommending in this priority list. So part of the issue is with Montrose -- with Watkins



1 Mill at the 270 is to keep this -- the bridge -- the connection as a number-one priority because it's been pointed out to you, we already have the developer with the aid from 2 3 the city and from the County extending Watkins Mill Road over to I270. There is an 4 agreement that he will also build from 355 over to 270; although that's not quite under 5 construction yet. And you have a situation where we've all put in a lot of money for road which right now is just two cul-de-sacs. And we'll make some utility out of it. So the next 6 7 best thing is to connect these two roads now. That will provide access to this area. It will 8 provide actually not just better local access for folks from Montgomery Village now to 9 Metropolitan Grove Metro -- Mark Station, but will also provide better regional access for 10 folks in this area. Because all their movements to and from this area can be done with 11 right turns. If you're coming down 270, if you want to get into this area, you make a right 12 turn at the interchange, a right turn at either First Field or Clopper, a right turn against 13 traffic on Clopper/Watkins Mill Road, and a right turn back into the development. In the evening you'd go to the rest to the clockwise way. You go down Watkins Mill Road to 14 15 355, make a right turn on 355, a right turn on Montgomery Village Avenue, and a right 16 turn on 270 and off you go. Much, much more smoothly than if you have to do it today where you have to make left turns at difficult intersections, very difficult intersections. Is 17 it as good as the full interchange? Of course not. You want to have the full interchange 18 19 here, and all the parties involved with the interchange to happen. But the question again 20 has to do with priorities; what's the highest need now? Everything else on the list above the T&E's Committee's list is areas where the roads are over-congested now, or has 21 22 been a commitment in the case of Brookfield Bypass for 35 to 40 years. That's not a 23 newcomer. And so the question was given all the priorities, which we do, and we came up with the list that we did, the Montrose Parkway link is similar to the Watkins Mill Road 24 25 in that we are building or have built or have under construction or have programmed all the roads leading to this missing piece in the middle, and we want to move forward on 26 27 the missing piece in the middle. I understand from Gaithersburg's perspective that is the most important project, certainly it is. There's another project actually that's just above it 28 29 on the T&E's list, which is widening the intersections along Clopper Road, which we had 30 a little discussion before the meeting here that certainly at least at the staff level; we're 31 all in agreement that if the County wants -- Council wants to move that project -- the rest 32 of the interchange above Clopper Road that would be fine with us too. But really 33 anything north of there on the list, you're now entering into priorities which are -- ones 34 where congestion is much more severe right now with existing traffic. And that's our 35 position.

36

- 37 Councilmember Floreen.
- 38 So you're proposing that there's some agreement we could move number 7 -- .

39

- 40 Glenn Orlin,
- 41 Up to number 6.

42

43 Councilmember Floreen,



Up to number 6; basically switch that. That serves the same -- same portion of Gaithersburg.

3

- 4 Glenn Orlin,
- 5 The Planning Board had recommended actually that it be number 8.

6

- 7 Councilmember Floreen,
- 8 That's in circle 8.

9

- 10 Glenn Orlin.
- So the Planning Board's recommendation, which was number 8, and the T&E
- 12 Committee's recommendation was to move it up a slot to number 7; and we're now
- 13 saying that we can move it up to number 6.

14

- 15 Councilmember Floreen,
- We can move it up a little further in response.

17

- 18 Fred Felton,
- 19 That would still do very little in the way for us [inaudible].

20

- 21 Councilmember Floreen,
- Well, remembering that your part of a -- well the challenge for all of this is we've got big
- problems, collectively and individually. And we need your very aggressive help in finding
- revenue sources and moving the state along; and urging our -- the members of the
- 25 delegation and the Governor to help us on this.

26

- 27 Mayor Sidney Katz,
- Which we have.

29

- 30 Councilmember Floreen,
- As you know, the dollars are very constrained. But that is part of the challenge. But I
- think the committee would be fine with this one.

33

- 34 President Knapp,
- No, I just have two quick questions. One, how long did it take us to get the last number
- one funded from the time it became the number-one project?

- 38 Glenn Orlin,
- 39 Oh, boy, years. In fact once that -- I should add a caveat. The number-one priority,
- 40 which came off of the list, is the Georgia Avenue/Randolph interchange, which has been
- 41 programmed in the adopted CTP by the State in the last year. You've all heard the
- same information that we've heard which is that the State's revenues are dropping;
- they're lower than what was expected. We haven't heard from them what actions they're
- 44 going to take to rectify that. There's the concern that some of the projects that we got in



- the last revenue increase may be un-projects soon. We won't know that till the summer.
- 2 But for the time being, we're going to assume that the State will stand by its word, and
- that the fact that they program something explicitly in their CTP for construction it will go
- 4 forward. But if for some reason that project gets deprogrammed, it should go back to
- 5 number-one on the list.

6

- 7 President Knapp,
- 8 And what are the segmented costs. I mean, I understand in your footnote you say we
- 9 don't know what they are, but -- .

10

- 11 Glenn Orlin,
- 12 Yeah, unfortunately we don't.

13

- 14 President Knapp,
- 15 [Inaudible] say if you're going to go from \$140 million for a total project, you've got some
- ballpark as to how that breaks out.

17

- 18 Glenn Orlin,
- We think it's well less than half of that is the bridge, but we don't know any more than
- that. The State has been reticent to give us a number yet because they're still working
- 21 on some of the details with that bridge. The problem is because the streams that run --
- sorry. The streams that run to the west side of 270, and plus the -- they're still a little bit
- 23 up in the air as to what they're going to do with express toll lanes. The exact location of
- 24 I270, which is being planned right now, is up in the air. They'll know this in the next
- couple months. We're not talking years. That will depend -- that will drive the decision --
- 26 how long the bridge will be.

27

- 28 President Knapp,
- More optimistic [inaudible] on 270, but maybe. Do we have -- if the bridge were to be
- 30 built and then the interchange to be done later, what does that then do to the bridge
 - during that interim period? Does the bridge then have to be further widened?

31 32

- 33 Glenn Orlin,
- 34 No.

35

- 36 President Knapp,
- Does it then [inaudible] showing [inaudible].

38

- 39 Glenn Orlin.
- The bridge would be -- the six-lane road being built on either side of the 270 this will be
- a six-lane bridge, so it will be entirely a six-lane road all the way from 355 to Clopper.

42

43 President Knapp,



[Inaudible] so if there were constructed as it is, it will be six lanes and then all we do at the later point would be to add the interchanges.

3

- 4 Glenn Orlin,
- 5 The ramps.

6

- 7 President Knapp,
- 8 Or the ramps.

9

- 10 Unidentified,
- 11 The ramps [inaudible].

12

- 13 Glenn Orlin,
- The ramps and the railroad improvements along 270 for the merge areas, the diverge areas and such.

16

- 17 Edgar Gonzalez,
- 18 And the acquisition of the additional right-of-way that may be needed; now obviously the
- city is in a position to possibly get one more development that will help with the right-of-
- way acquisition, which will help with the overall implementation of the project. The one
- thing that I want to state for the record is that we are pretty much in compliance with the
- MOU that we have with the city. We have been working very closely with them
- [inaudible] mostly. And these actions will in fact accelerate the implementation of this
- project. If we wait to get \$140 million, we'll be waiting for a long time.

25

- 26 President Knapp,
- 27 You can't guarantee that if we -- for half of a \$140 million we won't wait for a long time.

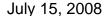
28

- 29 Arthur Holmes, Jr.,
- That's exactly right. No, we can't, and I wouldn't want to be that optimistic. On the other
- hand, if you don't have a bridge there you have a road going to nowhere. So if you want
- to make a priority within that work group, you'd say let's do something with the bridge.
- And so that is how we went along and that's the kind of thought process we went
- 34 through.

35

- 36 President Knapp,
- 37 Councilmember Elrich had a question.

- 39 Councilmember Elrich,
- 40 That's what I -- I guess my opposition to some of these projects is pretty well
- 41 established. I do not support Montrose Parkway East. I have reservations about how the
- 42 grades separate interchange at Randolph is going to be done, but apparently something
- 43 is going to be done. But I think there's a more fundamental question in here. I mean
- other than corridor cities and the Purple Line; this is all roads all the time.





1 2

Councilmember Floreen,

3 That's just page 8.

4 5

Councilmember Elrich,

Well it's page -- I'm looking at my list on page 2, circle 2; I'm looking at what sits at the bottom of circle 2. You know, the projects for development and evaluation, and the projects -- and the first 14 projects at the top. You know, this is primarily a road building. And we've got our other two projects in there - our Purple Line and CCT.

10 11

12

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14

15 16

17

18 19 Glenn Orlin,

Well the reason for that -- the reason for that -- the letter is divided into four sections. The first section are the mega-projects, which we really don't have control over; we can weigh in, we don't have control. And you're right, the Purple Line and the CCT are part of that. The second list are all the projects which are in the D&E program now in the County. And there aren't any transit projects in the D&E program right now, except for the Purple Line and the CCT. And so that's why we have the last two lists. One is a list of highway/bikeway projects, which we'd like to see go into D&E. And other is transit projects we'd like to see go in D&E. We have to go that first step first to get them funded for -- .

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Councilmember Elrich,

I guess my problem is that this problem of transportation I the County isn't like some brilliant new discovery. And the need to go -- move to mass transit I don't think is a sudden revelation. Yet we continue, you know, the tail of the dog is the mass transit projects. And these other projects are at the front end of the line. Even if they go to D&E. Just thinking about what we're confronting with corridor cities' transit way. I don't know how many of you honestly believe you're going to get money for both the Purple and corridor cities. I mean maybe you believe that, maybe you don't. I personally don't think we're going to get both. I think we're going to be lucky if we get one. And if we only got one. I would certainly want the Council to take the position that any other transportation dollars that are available to the County ought to go to fund the other mass transit project. As much as these roads might be in there, do you want the CCT or not? Because if these other projects are going to gobble up available state funding, and that's what we tell the State our priorities are, then the CCT or the Purple Line, whichever one doesn't get funded, is going to sit there for a very, very long time. Now I don't know whether you all have seen Rich Madelino's letter -- pass it down. This is Rich's letter to his constituents following the State briefing. But I think some things are important; I think they bear saying out loud. There's the comment about the declining gas tax and titling tax are below estimates. The DLS reports that current transportation program is unsustainable in the physical environment. As a result projects will have to be eliminated from the program plan when the new six-year plan is released this fall. So something is going to get cut. Then he goes on to say, and this was new to me -compounding our transportation funding problem will be a lack of capacity. We always

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- talked about oh the State could bond more. Well is says should any new revenue
- 2 become available -- there's a lack at that capacity -- during the briefing State Treasurer
- 3 Nancy Copp reported the State will exceed its debt capacity guidelines next year for the
- 4 first time in decades; Maryland has a self-imposed debt limit of 3.2%. It goes on to say
- 5 that the State has issued bonds more aggressively to pay for projects such as new
- 6 schools, roads and prisons. With the slowdown in income growth we now exceed our
- 7 debt limit. It's an extremely troubling development; one that is -- one that the
- 8 mainstream media did not report. So what I read out of this is greater and greater
- 9 constraints on funding. And what I would like out of, you know, it seem to me the
- 10 Council ought to do is make clear that with greater, greater restraints on funding the
- priority is the two transit projects.

12

- 13 Glenn Orlin,
- 14 It actually says that.

15

- 16 Councilmember Elrich,
- 17 [Inaudible] projects have to wait in line.

18

- 19 Glenn Orlin,
- 20 It actually says that. On circle 7 is the letter. Look at circle 7, and in the first page which 21 is -- .

22

- 23 Councilmember Floreen,
- 24 First page, second paragraph.

25

- 26 Glenn Orlin,
- The most important projects, the regional ones, it doesn't list them all like we used to. It
- 28 actually says in the second paragraph -- I'll just -- getting to the end of it. Accordingly,
- the two major transit ways, the CCT and the Purple Line, receive our highest priority.

30

- 31 Councilmember Elrich,
- 32 But I think we need to be clear and say that if the choice is funding a dribble of money
- for roads, we'd rather accumulate that money for the construction of the transit projects.
- 34 Because my fear is people will give us 25 million or 30 million for a road project, and
- that the transit projects will languish. And I think we need to come up with stronger
- language saying this is really where we need to put the investment. Because, I mean,
- 37 I've talked to [inaudible] too, and you know his comment on the County's priority list is,
- which priority list. Which are your real -- which are our priorities?

39

- 40 President Knapp,
- Thank you. I think we've said very clearly in paragraph two.

42

43 Councilmember Floreen,



1 Let me draw your attention to page 7 circle 7 of the draft letter, which, you know, it's not fair to say we have not focused on transit. The bulk of the money that the County has 2 3 advanced has been for the Glenmont Metro Station to facilitate transit; to the Bethesda 4 Metro Station to facilitate the Purple Line. And this doesn't even include the Transit 5 Center in Silver Spring, which is a major money eater and which became -- it became a County project to get the project completed. So I think it's incorrect to suggest that this 6 7 Council hasn't been fighting for these dollars for a long time. In fact, has used this 8 revenue source that we put together to advance these projects. Our challenge is we've 9 got a lot of people who require mobility on the roadways. People don't disagree with 10 that. And frankly, are the rules we have enacted, I'll say it again, focus on highway mobility -- not my idea. But that's what the rules are. So -- and our residents see the 11 12 congestion experience on the road and we -- I'm sorry you weren't able to join us. We 13 had a significant conversation on the highway mobility report, which -- at our committee 14 meeting, which focused on the congestion issues; those all being on state roads. And 15 we are guite committed to addressing the transit alternative and solutions. So there is a 16 balance that we are trying to achieve here, both in terms of our local congestion priorities and our regional transportation priorities. There's no question the 270 situation, 17 it's not just Montgomery County. The [inaudible] which is Corridor Cities Transit way, the 18 19 270 widening issue. How are we going to address that? It's a major State issue. 20 Likewise, the Beltway issue and the Purple Line proposal are both regional issues, 21 which are major State issues as well; all of which are really hard to address, 22 complicated and costly. But I'll tell I've been in Annapolis almost every year for the past 23 six years talking with them about the funding for transportation, which pretty much goes nowhere. And so no one is shocked about what Rich is reporting because this is a fact. 24 25 And if you want to take it a level further, the Feds are in the same situation. So the best we can do is list our priorities, and figure out ways to advance them collectively. And 26 27 that's really all this is. It takes into account everybody's priority. Not the least of which is 28 things like the Brookville Bypass. And those poor people have been advocating for that 29 for -- Art.

30

31 Arthur Holmes, Jr., 32 [Inaudible] 40 years.

33

34 Glenn Orlin, 35 to 40 years.

36

- 37 Councilmember Floreen,
- 38 Yeah. These are all balancing acts with different meanings to different constituencies.
- 39 But it's not intended to minimize any one element of the highway package.

40

- 41 Councilmember Elrich,
- 42 I think wanted it minimized, whether or not it's intentional that's intentional.

43 44

President Knapp,



1 They're looking for excuses to some degree too, but, okay. Further discussion? Council 2 Vice President Andrews.

3

- 4 Vice President Andrews.
- 5 I'll make motion and maybe that will move things along. I would move that we move the
- Watkins Mill Road extended complete interchange up to number two, and move the 6
- 7 Rockville Pike Montrose Parkway East back to -- put that at number 7; so they're trading
- 8 places.

9

- 10 Councilmember Elrich,
- And seconded. 11

12

- 13 President Knapp,
- 14 Alright, we have a motion before us to move number two to number seven, and number
- 15 seven to number two, on circle eight.

16

- 17 Councilmember Floreen,
- Let me just say if we do that, I will ask my colleagues to explain to the residents of North 18
- 19 Bethesda why we have allocated money from Montrose Parkway East, and we are
- 20 advancing an intersection in the middle, and thereby -- by creating a road to nowhere
- that ends where the biggest problem, frankly, is; which is the bridge that takes Montrose 21
- 22 Road over the railroad tracks, which is this segment that is number two. We really need
- 23 that bridge over the CSX.

24

- 25 Glenn Orlin.
- 26 I also ask, this is supposed to be a joint letter. It's been in the past. Is the Executive 27
 - agreeable to that? Do you know if he is?

28

- 29 Edgar Gonzalez.
- 30 Yeah, the Executive -- well.

31

- 32 Unidentified,
- 33 Go a head.

34

- 35 Edgar Gonzalez,
- 36 The Executive was briefed on our priorities, and he agreed with the priorities that are
- 37 presented in the joint letter. The [inaudible] the issue we want to connect the
- 38 development within the city of Gaithersburg. We want the economic development in
- North Bethesda as well. You are considering approval of the Twin Brook Sector Plan. 39
- 40 White Flynn Sector Plan is also coming. You have millions of square feet of
- development and thousands -- 16, 17,000 homes in the pipeline that will be supported 41
- by the project that we have as priority number two. So that's why the County Executive 42
- 43 had put it as number two as well.



1 Vice President Andrews,

It would still be two spaces higher than it was.

2

- 4 President Knapp,
- 5 Councilmember Leventhal, on the amendment.

6

- 7 Councilmember Leventhal.
- 8 Well I just am -- I recall years of debate both before I got on the County Council and
- 9 after where the accusation about the County-built portion of the Montrose Parkway was
- that it was a road to nowhere. If the opponents oppose -- now that's a moot question,
- because it's been built. It's about to open. If the opposition remains that it's a road to
- nowhere; that's not a very strong justification for preventing making it a road to
- somewhere. And, you know, also -- I appreciate my good friend from District 3 wants to
- advocate for advancing the priorities in District 3, that's why we have a balance on the
- 15 County Council between at-large members who seek to meet the needs of everyone in
- every part of the County, which I think the T&E Committee's recommendations do a
- fairly good job of. I think that if I were -- I mean I have the great respect for the
- gentleman from Gaithersburg advocacy for Gaithersburg; he's doing exactly what he
- should do. But I will not vote for his amendment.

20

- 21 Vice President Andrews,
- Let me just say I'm very selective in the road projects I support, and this is one that
- makes a lot of sense, which is why I support it.

24

- 25 President Knapp.
- 26 You found one. Councilmember Berliner.

27

- 28 Councilmember Berliner,
- Just very quickly. I was among those who opposed the Montrose Parkway when it was
- 30 six, seven years ago; whatever it was. I thought it was a bad idea. I think not finishing it
 - is a worse idea.

31 32

- 33 Councilmember Floreen,
- Worse idea, yeah.

35

- 36 Councilmember Berliner,
- 37 So I'm not a big fan, but I think the notion of not concluding it is the worst of all worlds.
- 38 So I will oppose the motion.

- 40 President Knapp,
- 41 Further discussion on the motion? Seeing none, all in support of the motion indicate by
- raising your hands; Council Vice President Andrews, myself, Councilmember Elrich.
- Those opposed; Councilmember Praisner, Councilmember Floreen, Councilmember



Berliner, Councilmember Leventhal. Okay, 4 to 3, the motion is defeated. Do we have further discussion on any of the priorities?

3

- 4 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 5 I resonate very much with Mr. Elrich's comments, and when I first saw this I thought gee
- 6 I wish we could put the transit list ahead of the road's list, which would have exactly
- 7 zero effect but would, at least, show that we care a lot about transit. And I don't -- you
- 8 know, if it's the sense of the Council to do that fine, if not, fine. You know, I as much as
- 9 Mr. Elrich, as much as any member of this Council, would like to advance transit. We
- need it. We got to have it. We want to cars off the road. We want to get people on heavy
- rail, light rail, BRT, regular bus service. We want it, I agree. Amen. Let's do it. Let's do it
- with our money. Let's do it with State money. Let's do it with Federal money. Let's build
- transit. Let's build it at every opportunity. Let's build it everywhere we can.

14

- 15 Glenn Orlin,
- 16 Are you saying flip-flop the two T&E -- .

17

- 18 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 19 Circle 9, circle 9. Where it says our priority rankings for transit projects -- .

20

- 21 Glenn Orlin,
- 22 That would go at the bottom -- .

23

- 24 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 25 Put that first.

26

- 27 Glenn Orlin,
- 28 That would go on the bottom of circle 8, and the bottom of circle 8 would go to circle 9?

29

- 30 Councilmember Leventhal.
- No, I would put in the top of circle 8.

32

- 33 Glenn Orlin,
- Okay. Well then you will put both the D&E lists before the construction list?

35

- 36 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 37 Oh, you put -- I don't care. No I understand your point now. Yeah, sure do it at the
- 38 bottom of circle 8.

39

- 40 Glenn Orlin,
- Okay, so we'll flip-flop the two D&E lists, that's fine.

42

- 43 Councilmember Floreen,
- That's fine, sure.

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1

- 2 President Knapp,
- 3 Okay, further discussion? See none, all in support of the priority -- whatever we're
- 4 calling this -- State Transportation Project Priorities Letter, indicate by raising your hand;
- 5 Councilmember Leventhal, Councilmember Berliner, Councilmember Praisner,
- 6 Councilmember Floreen, and myself. Those opposed; Councilmember Andrews and
- 7 Councilmember Elrich. The letter is agreed to -- whatever that adds up to -- 5 to 2.
- 8 Thank you all very much for joining us. We are going to reconvene -- how many
- 9 speakers do we have? Seven?

10

- 11 Unidentified,
- 12 For which one?

- 14 President Knapp,
- 15 1:45 -- 2:00. We're back here at 2:00.





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Council President Knapp,

Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. Public hearing on Zoning Text Amendment 08-12, Landscape Contractors - General Commercial (C-2) Zone which would allow landscape contractors a permitted use in the General Commercial Zone under certain circumstances. Persons wishing to submit additional material for the Council's consideration should do so before the close of business on July 17, 2008. A PHED Committee worksession is tentatively scheduled for July 21, 2008 at 9:30 a.m. Please call 240-777-7900 for information. Before beginning your presentation please state your name clearly for the record. I think we have one speaker. Hold on, we do, Greg Russ, speaking on behalf of Montgomery County Planning Board. He'll also be speaking to Agenda item number 5, or Agenda item number 7, so he gets, all right, enjoy it. Use all of it.

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Greg Russ,

Thank you Council President Knapp. For the record, Greg Russ, for the Montgomery County Planning Board. The Planning Board reviewed Zoning Text Amendment number 08-12 at its meeting on July 10, 2008. The Board unanimously recommended approval of this Text Amendment. It is a narrow amendment that will extend the opportunity for landscape contractors to operate in the C-2 zone under limited circumstances, on sites with minimal potential for impact on residential development. As of our record there are approximately six C-2 zone sites that abut by railroad right-of-away and that are potentially eliqible for use by landscape contractors under the terms of the proposed ZTA. The Board supports the approval of the ZTA as introduced. On the second item, item number 7, which relates to Zoning Text Amendment number 08-13, the Board reviewed this on July 10 as well. After careful review of the material, the Board, by a 2-2 vote, did not reach a majority recommendation on the Zoning Text Amendment. The ZTA would define a Transit Center and amend the purpose of the C-2 Zone to allow Transit Oriented Mixed Use development within 500 feet of a Transit Center. The Board carefully reviewed staff's recommendation that the ZTA be deferred for further consideration as part of the Zoning Ordinance rewrite. It was staff's view that the various mixed use options raised important issues. Each mixed use option was included to address individual development projects and the consequences have not been considered under any comprehensive approach. The Commissioners in support of the ZTA noted that they were not abandoning the Board's position against limited Zoning Text Amendments, but believe the mixed use concept for the site in question and for similarly situated sites have merit. Those who were not in favor of the ZTA believe that the ZTA leaves too many questions unresolved and were not in support of including another mixed use option in the C-2 Zone without an overall assessment of existing C-2 Zone mixed use options. There was an overall agreement by the Board that the need exists for a mixed use development option for sites located adjacent to transit areas and that amendments to address individual development projects are problematic. The Board would prefer that amendments to the Zoning Ordinance intended to resolve



specific development issues be deferred pending completion of the Zoning Ordinance rewrite. Thank you.

3

- 4 Council President Knapp,
- 5 Very good. Thank you very much. Councilmember Elrich.

6

- 7 Councilmember Elrich,
- 8 When would the completion of the Zoning Ordinance rewrite be anticipated?

9

- 10 Council President Knapp,
- 11 The Chair of the Planning Board will come up and tell us right after we stop introducing
- 12 ZTA's.

13

- 14 Councilmember Elrich,
- 15 Is there a chicken and egg thing there?

16

- 17 Royce Hanson,
- 18 That is an important consideration because every time there's a ZTA introduced it takes
- staff that otherwise could be working on a revision to deal with the ZTA. This is a
- 20 chronic problem. We will have a progress report for the PHED Committee on this later
- 21 this month.

22

- 23 Council President Knapp,
- 24 Two weeks, right?

25

- 26 Royce Hanson,
- Two weeks, I believe.

28

- 29 Council President Knapp,
- 30 Yeah.

31

- 32 Royce Hanson,
- And probably give you a better idea at that point as to where we are and basically, how
- long it takes depends on the kind of resources that we can put to bear on it.

35

- 36 Council President Knapp,
- What kind of other strategies we can employ.

38

- 39 Royce Hanson,
- 40 Right. As you recall, we're using in house staff at the present time to deal with it
- because, given the budget crunch, we don't have consulting help now.

42

43 Councilmember Elrich,



- 1 But I mean, we have to think about this stuff in the context of these coming before us.
- 2 And so, I mean, you will give me a better number in two weeks, but are we talking 6
- 3 months, are we talking 2 years?

4

- 5 Royce Hanson,
- No, no, no. Well, for the whole thing, you're talking two to three years, which is a fast 6
- 7 track for this sort of thing. Remember, we've got 117 zones including the ones that are
- 8 obsolete. We have, right now, we're into the diagnostic work on it trying to sort out what
- 9 the zones do, where there are overlaps, things of that nature.

10

- 11 Council President Knapp,
- 12 We're going to have more significant update in two weeks and then we'll figure out what
- 13 strategies we can employ to.

14

- 15 Councilmember Elrich,
- 16 Well, I guess the question is, in context of the ZTA or any of the other ZTA's, I mean,
- what is the logical path? I mean, do you, I mean, I could listen to what you said and say 17
- that by implication, we shouldn't do anything for two to three years. 18

19

- 20 Royce Hanson,
- 21 No I think that would be the wrong implication. What I think would be very helpful is that
- 22 if the Council would establish, as it has with zoning applications, a couple times a year
- 23 at which ZTA's could be filed, have Council staff, Executive staff, our staff review them
- at that point, do some triage, sort out the ones that really are important, that are well 24
- 25 thought out, and need to go forward, notwithstanding the fact that we're in the process
- 26 of a general comprehensive revision. I think that is a way that could conserve time and
- 27 organize time far better, so it's certainly one of the recommendations that I think we'll be 28
 - making to you.

29 30

- Council President Knapp,
- 31 The Chair and I are going to get together and discuss that further and figure out a way
- 32 to bring that back to the Committee as potentially something to consider or some
- 33 variation on that theme or some other alternatives.

34 35

- Councilmember Elrich.
- 36 I guess the variation that I would ask you to consider is, I mean, suppose something is
- 37 not well thought out, but you could actually think it well out. I mean, I would, it seems to
- 38 me that the process ought not to just simply be yes or no based on what's brought
- 39 forward, but it may also provide an opportunity to say this is the way to go forward, if
- 40 going forward is something people want to do. So I hope that we go beyond thumbs up,
- 41 thumbs down, and actually get to, you know, constructive, what could work, in order to
- 42 let things.

43 44

Royce Hanson,



I think we have to look at what's urgent, and what's important and be sure to make decisions on that basis. In some cases, something may be not yet well formed but may be so important it needs to go forward. But we need to make distinctions between those kinds of things, and, I can't, the zone I'm in doesn't quite fit what I would like to do.

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- Councilmember Elrich,
- 7 Okay.

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- 9 Council President Knapp,
- 10 Councilmember Floreen.

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- 12 Councilmember Floreen,
- Well, I won't really repeat what I usually say on this subject, but just to say, if you're
- going to revisit this zoning, ZTA process, it's not just that. It is the whole ball of wax.
- 15 These things are connected to master plans. Master plans are connected to the general
- plan. And unless we agree about how you change words, assumptions, expectations, I
- personally really don't see a way out of this box. You can come up with one, hooray, but
- it is a box we've created for ourselves because of our community's need for clarity and
- 19 expectation and I really think it's a much bigger problem than just the ZTA process. And
- we have, I think, made it more difficult with some of the additional regulatory
- 21 requirements that we have imposed, and community expectations that we will solve all
- 22 problems in one document or another. That is the challenge, the expectation of
- specificity wherever you look to regulatory guidance instead of, you know, agreeing that
- you're stuck with the people you've elected or appointed to exercise discretion. Until we
- can work through that box, I really don't have a lot of optimism for this. But I will note,
- the Zoning Code rewrite has been on the books for way more than two years, long
- before any of us were born, probably, but at least six or eight, I believe.

28 29

- Rovce Hanson.
- 30 Present company excepted, of course.

31

- 32 Councilmember Floreen,
- 33 But much longer that, it's not a two year thing. I know it's been hoped to be addressed
- for a longer period of time. Always gets pushed off for all the usual reasons that we're
- all creating right here, it's the way it's going but it's been a long, long time.

36

- 37 Council President Knapp,
- 38 Councilmember Leventhal.

- 40 Councilmember Leventhal,
- Well, I just want to point out, this is just an institutional struggle, and I just want to, you
- 42 know, give a head's up to my colleagues as to which institution we're a part of. So, the
- Planning Board will always discourage Councilmembers from pursuing ZTA's and the
- Zoning Code is part of the County Code and we're lawmakers and we have the right to



introduce, I'm not taking a position on these ZTA's yet, but you know, we have the right to introduce legislation. The Planning Board doesn't like it. It's a nuisance for them. It creates more work for them. That's just as an institutional relationship. The Planning Board will always tell us as a matter of high principal that it frowns on ZTA's, that should not, in and of itself, constrain our ability to exercise the rights that were given us by the voters of Montgomery County.

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Council President Knapp, Okay. Back to Mr. Elrich.

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Royce Hanson,

12 We wouldn't think of stopping you.

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Council President Knapp,

15 All right.

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Councilmember Elrich,

I don't take the Planning Board's comments as trying to deny us our rights. I think the Planning Board brings a different perspective to it and the sector plans and master plans that they're trying to enforce come out of a long process which they are significant contributors to and basically the writers of at the end of the day. So I think there's a natural logic to them trying to see to it that whatever gets proposed for an area fit with the plans that they've worked largely on, and I've been concerned at times with some proposals that have come forward. And I will leave that stuff that's coming from the Council, but even things that have come from across the street that seem to focus on, I've got a piece of land, I've got a building, whoops, I don't need to consider the context that that building is going to go in on this piece of land. I think there needs to be more relationship between the two bodies. I guess my concern in this is, I mean, you've briefly said there's an alternate way, that maybe once or twice a year we could bring this forward. But until that's done, you're going to be seeing ZTA's. So short of saying it would be nice if they came in once or twice a year, isn't there a reaction to a ZTA that could be, I mean, would you have treated your reaction for example to this ZTA any differently had it been submitted on a designated date of September 1st as part of a package of, part of a group of ZTA's that are submitted? Would your consideration or would your staff's consideration been any different?

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- Rovce Hanson.
- That's a little hard to predict. I think it might well have been if there was, remember, on this particular one the Board divided 2-2. So whether we would have given it something different than a strong maybe, I can't tell you. But I do think that if we had a process for a more, of seeing a good number of them at one time that we might be able to pick out the ones that are most important. They're certainly an important objective in this one. The Board fully agreed on that. Probably more staff time could be spent working on the
- 44 ones that are important or urgent in that they need to be done because they really can't



wait for the revision than the vast number that we see that probably, I think it's probably fair to say, the world doesn't turn on them. If they could be, if at that time staff could suggest and Council is certainly free to do as it chooses on the matter, but suggest hold off on these 18 over here, and let's look at these 7 or 8, that really are important and need to get done right away.

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- Councilmember Elrich,
- I guess I'm trying to tease out of this whether the problem with this ZTA is the lack of a proper zone in which to put things and the desire to have a proper zone in place in which to put things versus the merits of were there a proper zone would this confirm with what you'd anticipate a proper zone to be? Because it's two different aspects of objection.

12 13

- 14 Royce Hanson,
- Yeah. I think that's a valid point. I think that, well, there are a lot of issues associated just with the C-2 Zone in itself, and whether it's the appropriate zone ultimately to have in places like these. That begs the question in part of whether given where we are, you need to do it now, and do it within the C-2 context and that's really where the Board was split.

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- 21 Councilmember Elrich,
 - I just want to say, you know, as I think about this, I'm trying to weigh like if I do nothing, and the fall back position is the easily permitted big box in the middle of that, I don't think a big box is a preferable outcome. If we just say don't do this one, so you go back and do what's easily permitted, if I get a legal preferable, if I get a legal and clean outcome that's not as good as a messy, and maybe better outcome.

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- 28 Royce Hanson,
- 29 That's the.

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- 31 Councilmember Elrich,
- 32 Is the more important principal to preserve here.

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- Royce Hanson,
- Right. That's the issue that you're.

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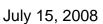
- 37 Council President Knapp.
- Which we will have plenty of time to address in Committee.

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- 40 Councilmember Elrich,
- 41 Okay.

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43 Council President Knapp,





Okay, this concludes this panel. Agenda item number 7, Zoning Text Amendment 08-13, Transit Oriented Mixed Use - General Commercial (C-2) Zone. We have three speakers. Jim Humphrey representing Montgomery County Civic Federation, Barbara Sears as an individual, and Bryant Fougler representing Fougler Pratt Development. Mr. Humphrey is our first speaker. Pardon? I don't have a fourth. Let's get started, we can figure it out.

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Jim Humphrey,

Thank you. My name is Jim Humphrey, I'm testifying on behalf of the Montgomery County Civic Federation as Chair of the Planning and Land Use Committee. The Federation's executive committee voted unanimously at their June meeting to recommend to Councilmembers that they not approve Zoning Text Amendment 08-13 because of our opposition to master planning by ZTA. There are often unforeseen and undesirable consequences when a ZTA such as this is intended to allow a developer of a specific site to build something not currently permitted under the building standards of the zone in place. One, when the Council targets a new use or increased density for a specific property in a zone other sites must be included to avoid the equivalent or spot zoning little attention is paid these other sites, because the focus is on the site for which the altered standards are requested. But, you then provide an incentive for redevelopment of all of those properties due to the increase in profitability. In addition to the – site near Montgomery Mall, Planning staff calculated that as many as 248 C-2 Zoned properties in 10 different areas of the County could be impacted by this ZTA, depending upon the definition of Transit Center. But the owners of those other properties and more importantly, the businesses that rent from those owners are not before you today weighing in on this ZTA, because they are not aware that legislation is being considered that can impact the ability of their businesses to survive. Even if businesses could afford the increased rent they would be charged in a redeveloped building on their current site, they may not be able to relocate and survive the construction period. So an unintended consequence of this ZTA is that it could result in a number of businesses in the County going out of business. Two, when a zone category is left in place on a property but the building standards of that zone are changed, it is the equivalent of rezoning without going through the master planning process. As a result, when a perspective purchaser who looking to buy property in an area is told of the master plan and given an opportunity to review it as required by law, the master plan will no longer accurately reflect the allowable building standards. For example, the master plan would still show a recommendation for a three-story commercial development for the block across from Montgomery Mall where Fougler Pratt is proposing their mixed use project, and only a careful examination of the Zoning Ordinance would show that different standards were applied to the C-2 area by a ZTA. Three, when the use allowed in a zone is changed by a ZTA no comprehensive analysis is done of adequacy of public facilities to accommodate that new use and all of the impacted planning areas as is done with rezoning through the master planning process is accomplished. For instance, what will the projected student generation rate be from this hybrid C-2 Zone and is there sufficient school capacity in the affected areas to



handle that. Finally, the Council could be opening the door to a brand new lobbying effort by the development industry and their attorneys to change ride-on routing in order to create new Transit Centers or move the location of existing ones to benefit their properties, an added pressure that I'm sure you could all do without. We support the Planning staff in urging you to defer action on this ZTA and review it in context of the upcoming Zoning Ordinance rewrite project. These commercial zones will be the first zone categories attacked when the rewrite project goes forward. Thank you.

8 9

Council President Knapp,

10 Thank you. Ms. Sears.

11

- 12 Barbara Sears,
- Yes. Good afternoon. My name is Barbara Sears with Linowes & Blocher. I represent Fougler Pratt and Mr. Fougler will give our comments.

15

- 16 Brian Fougler,
- Good afternoon. My name is Brian Fougler. I'm a principal of Fougler Pratt Companies and as always, it's a real pleasure to be here. [laughter].

19

- 20 Council President Knapp,
- 21 Only a hint of sarcasm.

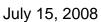
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- 23 Brian Fougler,
- No, no, no, no. I love it here.

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- 26 Councilmember Elrich,
- 27 I need a drink.

- 29 Brian Fougler,
- It's been too long. It's been far too long. For over 45 years, Fougler Pratt has been
 involved in the development of high quality projects, real estate projects in the
 Washington area, in Montgomery County, and in many parts of the country. We're very
- proud of our track record. We're very proud of the things that we've done here and we
- feel they've had a very positive impact on the communities in which we work. We do this
- and we've consistently done this by working very closely with governmental authorities
- and planning agencies and citizens and striving to develop projects that have innovative design, that really understand and respond to market needs and requirements, and by
- constructing and maintaining those buildings very well. Our mission statement reads we
- build people, relationships, businesses, buildings, and communities that are excellent
- 40 and lasting and we work very hard every day to live up to those ideals. In urging the
- 41 adoption of this Zoning Text Amendment, we hope to continue that tradition. The
- 42 proposed action would amend the C-2 Zone that would allow a quality mixed use
- development in proximity to a Transit Center and fulfill a shared vision we have forged
- with local citizens. We believe the proposed ZTA is not a departure from the Zoning





1 Ordinance, but rather a natural yet limited extension of its intent to promote mixed use 2 development adjacent to transit facilities. Currently, the Zoning Ordinance allows mixed 3 use development in a C-2 Zone for sites larger than one and a half acres within 1500 4 feet of a Metro station in a CBD or within a Metro policy area. The proposed ZTA 5 clarifies that a major Transit Center along with a Metro station justifies mixed use development. In working with County staff and with the citizens we've concluded that 6 7 the C-2 land within 500 feet of such a Transit Center justifies such a mixed use 8 development. In crafting this particular ZTA, we've collaborated and worked very closely 9 with the Montgomery Mall Citizens Advisory Panel, MMCAP, an umbrella group that's comprised of Potomac, Chevy Chase, and Bethesda community groups that surround 10 our site. We have a signed agreement with MMCAP ensuring that our plans will include 11 12 lead rating of this building, quality architecture, quality public spaces, and a pleasing 13 street edge. MMCAP sees this development as a template for future development of all the properties located just north of Montgomery Mall. We have found that MMCAP 14 15 shares our vision for this neighborhood and this is because their community has been 16 negatively impacted the by the prevailing C-2 zoning in their area. This zoning, which allows a 1.5 FAR for entirely commercial uses that results in big box development, low 17 slung surface park monoliths that turn their back to the street. Our project, in contrast, 18 19 the ZTA will enable us to develop a mixed use transit oriented, transit related 20 development north of Montgomery Mall. We own this land jointly with the Orsman 21 family. It's a 4-acre site. The Orsman Ford dealership is now closed. This ZTA will allow 22 us to redevelop the site with quality architecture, environmental friendly design, market 23 rate and MPDU homes, a mix of retail stores and restaurants that will not be found in the mall, below grade parking, and a beautiful highly designed landscape open space, 24 25 with great signage, lighting, et cetera. This proposed ZTA will allow the inclusion of residential development adjacent to the Montgomery Mall Transit Center. The overall 26 27 FAR would not exceed 2.5. The entire ground floor would all be retail. Despite this higher FAR, the trip generation studies that conducted for MMCAP showed that peak 28 29 p.m. trips under this mixed use scheme, compared to what we could do, a typical big 30 box 100% commercial project, is actually 33% lower. And this is a function of simply 31 replacing retail density with residential density. It will allow us to produce 340 multifamily 32 homes of which 43 will be MPDU's. These will be rental apartments built to 33 condominium specifications and will include wonderful services and amenities.

34 35

Council President Knapp,

36 I'm going to have to ask you to.

37 38

Brian Fougler,

Go. Okay. Mr. Humphrey raised a point, and the concern was, what are the unintended consequences of all of this. We looked at this very extensively. There are two sites in C-

2 Zones that would be affected by this. There's three. There's our site, there's one at

White Oak, and we think that this kind of development would be appropriate at White

Oak, the other is the Langley Park Transit Center, that's not located in Montgomery



1 County. So the ZTA could be amended to protect us from that. The conversation that 2 was held. Okay. Go ahead.

3

- 4 Council President Knapp,
- 5 Thank you.

6

- 7 Pete Downs,
- 8 Yes. My name is Pete Downs. I'm the President of MMCAP which is MMCAP.

9

- 10 Council President Knapp,
- 11 Three minutes.

12

- 13 Pete Downs,
- Okay. Much of what I was going to say has already been said so I won't repeat it.
- 15 Basically, Fougler Pratt came. I guess that's.

16

- 17 Council President Knapp,
- In consideration of that, go ahead, I'm sorry, go ahead. All right.

19

- 20 Pete Downs.
- 21 Fougler Pratt came to us approximately a year ago to discuss the development that is
- being proposed. And MMCAP was developed actually several years ago in response to
- the expansion of Montgomery Mall. We are 12 communities that literally ring the
- 24 Montgomery Mall area. This development that is being proposed is part of the Sullivan
- tract. So it becomes part of our purview, and our background. We are very much in
- favor of it for the following reasons. Number one, we did some extensive negotiations
- 27 on things like the aesthetic, the streetscape, the sustainability of the facility, we also
- looked at the density, the height, we looked at the 1500 foot location from the bus
- 29 terminal or from the Transit Center. And all of those things were amended, or we
- 30 negotiated rather extensively. So, we also, one of the biggest reasons we're very, very
- 31 positive towards this facility is the ability to offset the big box concept. We are already
- being impacted greatly by the Montgomery Mall expansion. We're losing a very nice
- neighborhood amenity, which is West Lake Crossing, which we feel is a very nice
- shopping area and we think that this is going to replace that on the first floor. So after all
- of these negotiations, we're very much in favor of this facility, because it adds very greatly to our neighborhood, and we're the ones that are going to be the ones most
- impacted by it. So we are very much in favor of it, and we hope that you approve it as
- 38 soon as possible.

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- 40 Council President Knapp,
- 41 Thank you very much. Councilmember Elrich.

42

43 Councilmember Elrich,



1 I guess I'd like staff to clarify that the issue of the 248 C-2 Zoned properties that's eluded to, that says Planning staff calculated as many as 248 C-2 Zoned properties in 2 3

ten different areas of the County could be impacted.

4 5

- Jeff Zyontz,
- I believe that's the total number of C-2 Zoned properties, and if you move a transit 6
- 7 station to any one of them, then this zone would apply. But of course you have to have
- 8 the criteria of the transit station met. So I don't think it's quite as extensive as the
- 9 possibility of it going to all C-2 Zoned sites.

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- 11 Council President Knapp,
 - Roll that into the part of our discussion when the Committee takes that up.

13

12

- 14 Councilmember Elrich.
- 15 Yeah, and I guess I would be interested in hearing from the Civic Fed, you know, is it
- 16 something in writing about what you think the Council ought to specifically consider in
- terms of impact. I think the point is good because these ZTA's, the life of them is often 17
- exactly what you described here. You two negotiated with each other to get something 18
- 19 you want, in order to avoid spot zoning, you write a ZTA that covers all the C-2 property
- 20 next to a Transit Center in County, none of those other properties have had any
- 21 negotiation with any property owner assuring that anybody else would get what you
- 22 managed to get by negotiation.

23

- 24 Brian Fougler,
- 25 We understand that. Like I said, our research indicates there are just two other sites in
- the County that would be affected and we think one, it's the right thing to do there. 26

27

- 28 Councilmember Elrich,
- 29 So I think these are things we need, these are the discussions we need to have and so
- 30 I'm interested in what the broader questions are we ought to be looking at.

31

- 32 Jim Humphrey,
- The statement was made, for instance that Langley Park wasn't included because all 33
- 34 the C-2 property or commercial property there was in another County and that's not
- 35 what the map in the Park and Planning staff packet shows.

36

- 37 Councilmember Elrich.
- 38 One-fourth of it is in Montgomery County.

39

- 40 Jim Humphrey,
- 41 It shows C-2, our C-2 properties that would be impacted within 500 feet of a Transit
- 42 Center.

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44 Council President Knapp,



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Council President Knapp,

1 Any information you have, Mr. Humphries, please share that. 2 3 Jim Humphrey, The Planning staff report was incredibly useful. 4 5 6 Council President Knapp. 7 Okay. Councilmember Floreen. 8 9 Councilmember Floreen, 10 Thanks. Just a question, a request of staff, whenever we get to this in Committee. Could 11 you ask Linda McMillan to talk about how this relates to the housing policy issues that 12 are before the Planning Board now and the different quarter reports where they've been 13 talking about housing as well? Thanks. 14 15 Council President Knapp, 16 Thank you very much. I see no further questions. 17 18 Unidentified 19 Thank you very much. 20 21 Unidentified 22 Thank you. 23 24 Unidentified 25 Thank you very much. 26 27 Council President Knapp, 28 Thank you. Agenda item 8. This is a public hearing on a Special appropriation to the Maryland National Capital Park and Planning Commission's FY09 Capital Budget and 29 30 amendment to the FY09-14 Capital Improvements Program for \$1,589,000 for the Rock 31 Creek Trail Pedestrian Bridge. Persons wishing to submit additional material for the 32 Council's consideration should do so before the close of business on July 17, 2008. A 33 PHED Committee worksession is tentatively scheduled for July 21, 2008 at 9:30 a.m. 34 Please call 240-777-7900 for information. For beginning your presentation, please state 35 your name clearly for the record. We have four speakers. The first is Mr. Hanson speaking on behalf of the County Planning Board, Arquilla Ridgell Mid County 36 37 Recreation Advisory Board, Joe Fritsch as an individual, and Jean Arthur speaking on 38 behalf of Montgomery County Roadrunners Club. Chairman Hanson, you are the first 39 speaker and it says you are speaking on both this and the next item. 40 41 Royce Hanson, 42 Yes.

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Okay.

1 2 3

Royce Hanson,

Do you want me to hold off on the next item until that part starts?

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Council President Knapp,

Go ahead. You can do them both at one time.

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Very good. I'm Royce Hanson. I'm Chairman of the Montgomery County Planning Board. With regard to the Rock Creek Trail Bridge, this past year, or past May rather the Parks Department bid the Rock Creek Trail Bridge project for construction, which attributable to rapidly rising construction costs, we now know exceeds the costs we included in our CIP request. To fund the increase in costs this appropriation would add 1.589 million in federal transportation enhancement funds secured through the state. With this addition Parks has successfully obtained a total of 3.957 million in federal transportation enhancement funds and we've also obtained 1.631 million in program open space funds, these are state open space funds rather than local space funds, making a total federal and state funded portion 5.588 million. The 2.763 million in County bond funds already approved by Council will go to make up the total of 8.351 million for the project in a one-third, two-thirds state to County and federal funding ratio. The federal transportation enhancement program is specifically aimed at community projects designed to strengthen the intermodal transportation system and even a casual glance at the maps shows the importance of the Rock Creek Trail as a bike and pedestrian transportation route in addition to its role as a recreational amenity. At the time of ever rising gas costs, investment in bike access is all the more critical in safety among all transportation modes corresponding greater. Unfortunately, this opportunity for a choice of transportation modes is diminished owing to the lack of safe crossings at arterial roads jeopardizing safety for all users as well as continuity, which is vital to the bike transportation system. I really do want to emphasize the continuity aspect of building continuity in our bike system. The bridge solves some both safety and continuity problems. And the impetus for the bridge originated with the community and the County Council in response to safety concerns and accident statistics at this intersection between individual, or between pedestrians and vehicles or bicyclists. The Board urges the Council to approve the appropriation of the additional state funding allowing the expenditure of these funds in Montgomery County and for the Parks

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Council President Knapp,

Thank you very much. Did you want to speak on the second one?

Department to be able to proceed to construct this project.

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42 Royce Hanson,

With regard to the Silver Spring Transit Center, the Planning Board urges you to

increase the supplemental appropriation requested by the Executive by \$1,319,384 to

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include four essential design elements that were value engineered out of the project and excluded from the Executive's request. Three of these elements were among nine that were included in the Memorandum of Understanding executed by the Commission, the Executive, and WMATA in recognition of the Commission's release of its park easement at the Transit Center site and our agreement to accept less area in replacement open space. We're pleased that the two replacement open spaces at the Metro Plaza and the former Jug Handle, which will become the Gene Lynch Urban Park, will be integral parts of the Sarbain's Transit Center. We're disappointed to see the other elements excluded. They represent a small fraction of the total cost, but add great aesthetic and functional value to the project. The first of these will add only \$55,000 to the project's cost. It will allow pedestrian areas leading to Ramsey Avenue, including the central island, be constructed with a concrete base, a bond break, and concrete surface so that the top layer can be easily removed and replaced with Silver Spring standard streetscape when the private segment of the center is developed. Without this addition, the pedestrian friendliness and attractiveness of the center will be reduced and the County will build at a lower standard than we demand of the private sector. The second improvement costs only \$17,000. Would you let me finish this?

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Council President Knapp,

20 Yes.

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Royce Hanson,

Yeah. It would provide specially paved crosswalks across Wayne and Ramsey Avenues similar to the ones installed at Fenton and Ellsworth. These will significantly improve pedestrian safety and promote the County's commitment to pedestrian safety in the highest use and public visibility. The third element consists of two parts. A -- glass canopy at the plaza entrance to the Metro at a cost of \$445,000. And the use of the same material to fully enclose the escalators 1 and 2 and stairs 1 and 5 at a cost of \$332,384. The elimination of the canopy will diminish the experience of daily transit riders passing through the major gateway to Silver Spring, which is the second busiest Metro system in the entire system. It will provide shelter and illuminated at night, signify the portal to Silver Spring. The metal has been partially substituted for the full glass enclosures to the stairs and escalators which would add character to the station. distinguishing it from being merely a utilitarian bus garage. Together with the canopy, they're important place making features. We hadn't expected the fourth element, the transit store and police building to be eliminated from the plaza. It was not presented to the Board at mandatory referral as an item that was a candidate for value engineering. This distinctive glass building anchors the entrance plaza and provides a strong security and information resource. It's been moved to the back of the center on the second level and replaced by a planter. We think police and information are more useful at this location than potted plants. Moreover, this building provided an edge to the plaza, separating it from the lanes serving hundreds of buses entering and exit on Coleville Road. In conclusion, the Planning Board urges the Council to restore these design elements to make the center a more inviting and unique part of the travel experience of



those using it. They add only 1.4% to the overall cost, but substantially improve the center's appearance, convenience, safety, and connections to the Silver Spring community.

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- Council President Knapp,
- 6 Thank you.

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- Royce Hanson,
- 9 Thank you.

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- 11 Council President Knapp,
- 12 Ms. Ridgell.

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- 14 Arquilla Ridgell,
- 15 Good afternoon. My name is Arquilla Ridgell and I'm here representing the Mid County
- 16 Recreation Advisory Board in support of building the Rock Creek Trail Pedestrian
- 17 Bridge. The Rock Creek Pedestrian Bridge can represent a community bond and safe
- connection for the pedestrians of Montgomery County. The majority of the bridge users
- will be County citizens, hikers, cyclists, and pedestrians. And I think that there will also
- be great benefits to the County, and it will increase the pedestrian use on the Rock
- 21 Creek Trail. Currently, Viers Mill is a common turn around point for all types of trail
- users, due to the difficulty of the at grade crossing and the trail turning into a
- 23 neighborhood sidewalk for a short distance. Large groups blatantly cross against the
- 24 light while attempting to take advantage of the long trail, meaning they have to cross
- Viers Mill Road in order to continue on the trail. The bridge will increase the trail use,
- because of the safe crossing, which in turn means longer routes for commuters and
- 27 recreation users. And also I think this will also have an impact on the future relationship
- with the Maryland State Government. This project is a joint effort between the Maryland
- 29 State Government and the Montgomery County Government. If the Montgomery County
- 30 Government backs out of the agreement, then this will send the Maryland State
- 31 Government a negative message for relationships on future projects, joint projects
- which will lead to less amenities for citizens as the County will have to go it alone with
- more projects in the future. And also, I think it's a question of safety. The real question
- and test of whether or not to build the Rock Creek Pedestrian Bridge is simply a matter
- of safety. If the safety of all types of trail users is important to this Council, then build a
- bridge. If not, then don't build it. I hope that you will consider building it.

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- 38 Council President Knapp,
- 39 Thank you.

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- 41 Arquilla Ridgell,
- 42 Thank you.

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44 Council President Knapp,



1 Mr. Fritsch.

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Joe Fritsch,

Hello. My name is Joe Fritsch. This is Alec and Aiden, by the way. As a regular trail user, I just wanted to give my input. One of the major problems with the intersection as it is, is that the at grade crossing, when you're crossing Veer's Mill in the crosswalk, there is a left turn lane off of Aspen Hill crossing at the exact same time. You've got, the crosswalk users have the light at the exact same time as the left turn users, bringing up a dangerous conflict issue. I've seen, personally on a bicycle, I get in the straight car lane, or the left turn straight car lane, since there does not continue on. I do not use the crosswalk, I find it too dangerous. And with the increase of cycling, we've seen the problems with the ICC with the number of cyclists and overall users on the ICC, is just increasing greatly which is bringing up some of the issues there. And part of the issue with the ICC problem, sorry, not the ICC, that was Thursday's meeting. Last night's meeting was the Capital Crescent Trail, Capital Crescent Trail and the crowdedness on the Capital Crescent Trail. Part of the problem is the Capital Crescent Trail is the only true three mile bicycle trail that we have where you have limited at grade crossings and being ten feet wide. This bridge would help to increase the users on it. This would help to increase the safety. This would spread out the users throughout the counter so people aren't getting in their cars and driving down to the Capital Crescent Trail, to ride there from the Gaithersburg and the upper mid County region. The other point I'd like to make, if money is taken from this project, and the project is canceled, the money that is taken from this project needs to go to other cycling projects, other multiuse trail projects. Thank you very much.

242526

Council President Knapp,

Thank you very much. Ms. Arthur.

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Councilmember Floreen.

30 Oh good.

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Jean Arthur,

I do have for the rest of you, I just know – and Ms. Floreen bikes, so I will give you some too. I'm representing Montgomery County Roadrunners Club. I'm a Board member. I was President from 2003 to 2006 and we are totally in support of this bridge over Viers Mill Road. From the first time we heard about it, I think around 2001 or so, we've been excited about it and we've been anxiously waiting to see work start. We consider the Rock Creek Park, the bike path, our second home. We do have physical space on South Lawn, but one of the attractions of that South Lawn space is how close it is to the trail, now we can just run down to the trail after a meeting and go for a run. We use all 14 miles of that trail on a regular basis. It would be wonderful if we can cross Vi`ers Mill Road over the cars rather than with the cars. We totally support the project and we hope

that you approve this funding. And by the way, for the future, we would also like to see

an above grade crossing at Randolph Road. And the socks that I gave you are from the



race that I direct, which is the Pike's Peak 10K which goes from Shady Grove Road down Rockville Pike to White Flint. It's the most wonderful thing to see 3,000 people running down Rockville Pike on a Sunday morning. Like I said, I am the race Director and I have socks that all of you can get, if you just let me know when I get up after my testimony I will hand you a pair.

6 7

- Council President Knapp,
- 8 Very good. Thank you very much. Councilmember Leventhal.

9

- 10 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 11 Chairman Hanson, this is a good opportunity. I want to raise with you that I've heard that
- the restriction on nighttime access to Rock Creek Park is posing a problem for bicycle
- commuters. Particularly in certain times of the year when it gets dark very early, if we
- want to encourage people to use bicycle as their primary means of transportation to and
- 15 from work, Rock Creek Trail could be a very useful commuting route, and obviously, we
- don't want people loitering in parks or doing inappropriate activities, but using the park
- for bicycle commuting, I wonder if there's a way we could encourage that.

18

- 19 Rovce Hanson.
- 20 I'll look into that. I'll ask Parks Department to take a look at that.

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- 22 Councilmember Leventhal,
- Thank you.

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- 25 Royce Hanson,
- See if maybe we can expand hours or ultimately, there may be, we may need some
- 27 lighting or something like that too.

28

- 29 Councilmember Leventhal.
- Yeah. I mean, the commuters I've heard from have their own lights on their own
- 31 bicycles.

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- 33 Royce Hanson,
- 34 Yeah.

35

- 36 Councilmember Leventhal,
- And they're happy to ride through the woods, but they're not allowed to.

38

- 39 Council President Knapp,
- 40 Very good. There are no more questions for this panel, thank you very much. Okay, our
- 41 final panel for the afternoon is a public hearing on a Supplemental appropriation to the
- 42 County Government's FY09 Capital Budget and amendment to the FY09-14 Capital
- 43 Improvements Program for \$16,720,000 for the Silver Spring Transit Center. Persons
- 44 wishing to submit additional material for the Council's consideration should do so before

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- the close of business on July 17, 2008. A T&E Committee worksession is tentatively
- scheduled for July 21, 2008 at 2:30 p.m. Please call 240-777-7900 for information.
- 3 Before beginning your presentation please state your name clearly for the record. And
- 4 our second hearing for which each of these people is speaking to as well is a public
- 5 hearing on a Supplemental appropriation to the County Government's FY09 Capital
- 6 Budget and amendment to the FY09-14 Capital Improvements Program for \$2,500,000
- 7 for the Silver Spring Civic Building. Action is scheduled at the conclusion of the hearing.
- 8 And again, before beginning your presentation please state your name for the record.
- 9 We have five panelists. Diane Schwartz Jones speaking on behalf of the County
- 10 Executive, Cathy Stevens speaking on behalf of Silver Spring Citizen's Advisory Board,
- Jon Lourie speaking on behalf of Silver Spring Urban District Advisory Board, Jack
- Requa speaking as Washington Metro Area Transit Authority, and Jane Redicker
- speaking on behalf of the Greater Silver Spring Chamber of Commerce. Ms. Schwartz
- Jones, you are our first speaker.

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- 16 Diane Schwartz Jones,
- 17 Thank you Mr. Knapp.

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- 19 Council President Knapp,
- Thank you.

- 22 Diane Schwartz Jones,
- Good afternoon. President Knapp, members of the County Council. My name is Diane
- 24 Schwartz Jones and I'm an Assistant Chief Administrative Officer in the County
- 25 Executive's Office. Art Holmes, Director of the Department of Transportation, and I are
- 26 here today speaking on behalf of the County Executive in support of the supplemental
- 27 appropriation for the Silver Spring Transit Center and to explain the rationale for the
- specific items of work included or, in this case, not included in the proposed project. I
- 29 appreciate the opportunity to speak with you today regarding the Silver Spring Transit
- 30 Center project and the request for an additional \$16,720,000, which when appropriated
- will reflect a total project budget of \$91,374,000. The amount of our request reflects
- deferral or elimination of certain elements of design which results in a cost savings for
- the County of over \$3.5 million. In an optimal world where our projects did not need to
- compete against each other for limited funds, we would not have to make as many hard
- decisions about where to reduce costs. The reality is, that in addition to funding a
- 36 multimodal Transit Center that meets our transit needs and creates transit oriented
- development opportunities, we must fund a multiple of capital projects, including road
- 38 surface improvements, land acquisitions, construction of facilities such as libraries,
- recreation centers, and schools and so we made some hard cost reduction decisions for
- 40 this very important project. We realize that it is unusual to be here along with our
- 41 colleagues from WMATA and Park and Planning. Over the past year through a
- 42 collaborative exchange of ideas with WMATA and Park and Planning, we recognized
- 43 that the County would need to scrutinize the scope of the project for cost savings. Our
- 44 project partners knew this and thus we agreed on an approach whereby we would



1 present our request and both WMATA and Park and Planning would at that time use 2 this opportunity to request additional funds for elements that they respectively want 3 included in the project. In a perfect world, we would fund everything. Our MOU 4 addressed the funding process. And so you see all of us now before you. We do not 5 consider this disagreement to be adversarial nor do we consider the items of disagreement to be contentious. Rather, we recognize that each agency has its own 6 7 challenges, objectives, and professional opinion on the value of various elements of the 8 project. We will build the Transit Center in accordance with the funding decisions that 9 you make. We have provided you with written testimony which provides much greater 10 details about the project than what we can provide in three minutes. The County 11 Executive feels strongly though that there are many additional competing CIP needs, 12 including road services improvements as I mentioned, and land and other capital 13 projects, which require County financial resources. Funding the additional \$3.5 million in 14 architectural elements requested by Maryland National Capital Park and Planning 15 Commission and WMATA would deplete the already minimal resources and result in 16 foregoing other projects. With this, I would like to turn this over to Art Holmes who can describe the elements for you. And as you can see, we have boards in order or for you 17 to see which elements are proposed for elimination. 18

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Arthur Holmes, Jr.,

Thank you Diane. Good afternoon President Knapp and members of the County Council. As Diane mentioned, we have identified various items for deletion in order to maintain a reasonable level of funding for this project. However, even with the recommended deletions we have developed a state of the art Transit Center for Silver Spring that will function well as a gateway to downtown Silver Spring and befitting the name the Paul Sarbain Transit Center. Let me first point out that of the ten items originally deemed important by Park and Planning and WMATA, we are including 5.5 of them in our contract. Only 4.5 of them are proposed for deletion. The items to be included in the construction of which there is no dispute include the streetscape along Coleville Road, installation of the Silver Spring type light fixtures, street light fixtures, shade tree requirements, canopies on middle and top levels, construction of canopies along glass roof panels, green roof over the south end of the facility.

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Council President Knapp,

35 Quickly run through the rest of the list.

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Arthur Holmes, Jr.,

Okay. Let me just run through, and give you some idea. Breakaway concrete for future brick sidewalk, and he's putting up the cost of those items, staff asked for a crosswalk.

40 41

Council President Knapp,

We're not taking action on this item today. This will go. [laughter]. All right. Go ahead, quickly.



1 Arthur Holmes, Jr.,

A canopy at the entrance of the Metro Station, construction of stairs and an escalator

3 enclosed using all glass panels.

4 5

- Councilmember Leventhal,
- 6 Lovely Bruce Johnston.

7

- 8 Arthur Holmes, Jr.,
- 9 Instead we're constructing a mix of glass and metal panels. The additional escalator at
- the upper level in the south end of the facility, an additional stair outside of the interstate
- bus location, and location of the transit store in the transit plaza, and also all these items
- as Diane has indicated would come to a total of about \$3.4 million in additional costs.

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- 14 Council President Knapp,
- 15 Okay. Thank you.

16

- 17 Diane Schwartz Jones,
- 18 To be clear though, the, I'm sorry, to be clear that the transit store will go into the back
- 19 of the Transit Center.

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- 21 Council President Knapp,
- 22 Okay.

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- 24 Diane Schwartz Jones,
- 25 At the second level.

26

- 27 Council President Knapp,
- 28 I'm sure we'll have questions. Ms. Stevens.

- 30 Cathy Stevens,
- Thank you Council President Knapp. I am a poor substitute today. Darien Unger, our
- 32 Board Chair, his wife had a baby yesterday, so we apologize for the last minute
- 33 substitution. I am representing the Silver Spring Citizen's Advisory Board. Our Board is
- requesting full funding for both the Silver Spring Civic Building and Veteran's Plaza
- 35 project and the Silver Spring Transit Center. Our community in Silver Spring has been
- waiting many years for both projects and we look forward to the completion and their
- completion at the highest level of excellence that will reflect well on the County and
- 38 serve the people of the community well in addition. We urge the Council to provide the
- 39 additional 2.5 million for the Civic Building and Veteran's Plaza. Community members,
- 40 as you know, have been very actively, and deeply interested and involved in this
- 41 project, in the planning, the discussion, and shepherding the project through for many
- 42 years, in painstaking processes, through compromise, budget cuts and value
- 43 engineering and additional compromise as recently as last spring. The Civic Building
- and Veteran's Plaza will be the heart of Silver Spring. We've waited a long time to have



1 this heart and we ask to just remind you that the community of Silver Spring lost its 2 community meeting space when the armory was torn down years ago. And that was 3 torn down in order to start the building of the retail space that now spans Ellsworth 4 Drive. We urge you to approve this funding so that the project which is now very 5 overdue can be started and built to its full expectations for all of the community members. The Paul Sarbain Silver Spring Transportation Center is also a key to our 6 7 County success and our Silver Spring success. We need to facilitate public 8 transportation in our region. A safe, inviting, and successful transportation center is 9 necessary to this. The current Silver Spring Metro Station has been mentioned as one 10 of the busiest in the system and we anticipate that the number of commuters will only 11 grow for that and so we feel that the items that were value engineered out have gone 12 beyond our preferences and beyond the needs of the community. We were again 13 surprised and disappointed with the news from the County Executive that the 14 construction bids were over by about \$18 million. And at this point, we urge full funding 15 for this project, which means that we're asking for funding beyond what was requested 16 by the County Executive. Over the last two years, the Planning Board and our Board have agreed on several design limits that we considered absolutely essential for the 17 transportation center to be successful. Those elements include the key escalators, 18 19 transparent walkways, escalator roofs, the canopy, and several other design features to 20 maintain the transportation center as a walkable, light, and inviting area. No one wants 21 us to look like the New York City Port Authority complex. We don't want to dissuade 22 people from using this public transportation. The goals of the project are to encourage 23 people using this. The County Executive has requested only the additional \$16.7 million for the project. We're asking for support beyond that, so that we can get what the 24 25 community is due on that and have the transportation center built to its level of 26 excellence. I thank you for your time today.

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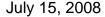
Council President Knapp, Thank you. Mr. Lourie.

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Jon Lourie,

32 Good afternoon. My name is Jon Lourie. As the Chair of the Silver Spring Urban District 33 Advisory Committee I'm here to testify on its behalf. The Committee requests the 34 County Council fund supplemental appropriation for two projects that are of critical 35 importance to the Silver Spring community, the Silver Spring Civic Building and Veteran's Plaza and the Silver Spring Transit Center. The Silver Spring Civic Building 36 37 and Veteran's Plaza is the last, but most important public piece of Fougler Pratt 38 downtown Silver Spring redevelopment project. The Civic Building and Veteran's Plaza 39 were proposed in the downtown Silver Spring project master plan as a replacement for 40 the historic Silver Spring Armory and Coon Park. The project was endorsed by the Silver Spring Redevelopment Steering Committee in 1998, which envisioned the Civic 42 Building and Veteran's Plaza as a cultural center that would draw the broadest 43 spectrum of the community on a regular basis, provide a synergistic and street 44 activating relationship with adjacent retail and restaurants, and become the new





1 community heart and living room for downtown Silver Spring. The project also includes 2 a veteran's memorial respecting the service and dedication of Silver Spring veterans. 3 Initial proposals called for construction of the Civic Building and Veteran's Plaza to 4 begin in 2002 with the facilities to open by 2003. More recently, once the A&E firm 5 started work, the project schedule was updated for construction to begin in February of 2006. Now after another two and a half years, the construction contract is ready to be 6 7 signed and we can finally start construction. Unfortunately, the delays and the yearly 8 escalation of construction costs have significantly affected the project costs leading to 9 our current request for an additional \$2.5 million. I served on the Silver Spring 10 Redevelopment Steering Committee as well as the subsequent Civic Building Steering Committee, which worked for years to develop a program for the Civic Building and 11 12 Veteran's Plaza. I also served as a stakeholder member of the design group that met 13 regularly with the architects during the design process. We pushed hard for the design of a quality project, while remaining aware of the limited resources available to execute 14 the project. The project program requirements has not grown since its inception. In fact, 15 16 it has been cut back over the years and extensively reviewed and value engineered for projected cost overruns. Further cuts would significantly reduce the functionality and 17 quality of the facility and require further time for redesign and approvals. The private 18 19 portions, the retail, restaurant, and movie theaters of downtown Silver Spring 20 redevelopment project have been a resounding success, but without the community 21 focus, Civic Building and Veteran's Plaza, the project is incomplete. We respectfully ask 22 for your approval of the funding of the Civic Building so construction can start 23 immediately. A second project requiring supplemental funding and equally important to the future of downtown Silver Spring is the proposed Silver Spring Transit Center. The 24 25 Transit Center will provide a hub for our rail and bus transportation systems, greatly enhancing circulation and improving pedestrian access and safety. The present Silver 26 27 Spring bus rail connection is chaotic, over utilized, and dangerous. Congestion along Wayne Avenue and the Coleville Road Jug Handle connection has conflicting bus to 28 29 vehicular traffic flow as well as a treacherous and unsafe pedestrian environment. This 30 situation has been exacerbated by recent down County growth and increased volume of 31 buses accessing the site. The facility does not meet current needs and will not come 32 close to meeting the needs of the future residents and employees of Silver Spring. The 33 new Silver Spring Transit Center project will nearly double the capacity of bus service 34 and provide an important link for intra-city bus service. It would also provide connections 35 to regional bike ways such as the Metropolitan Branch Trail and the Capital Crescent Trail and accommodate the future connection to the Purple Line. The Transit Center will 36 37 provide capacity and access improvements to pedestrian and bus circulation that will 38 meet down County transportation needs for many years to come. The Silver Spring 39 Urban District Advisory Committee asks that you approve the County Executive's \$16.7 40 million request for additional funding for the Transit Center. The Silver Spring Urban 41 District Advisory Committee will be meeting this Thursday and will further review the Transit Center and the construction items that have been value engineered from the 42 43 project. We will submit a letter to you with our review comments. 44



1 Council President Knapp,

2 Thank you.

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Jon Lourie.

The Silver Spring Urban District Advisory Committee asks that you approve the additional funding for both of these critical Silver Spring projects. We appreciate your continued support.

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Council President Knapp,

10 Thank you very much. Mr. Requa.

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Jack Requa,

13 President Knapp, members of the Council, thank you for this opportunity to testify today. For the record, my name is Jack Regua and I'm the Assistant General Manager for 14

Operation Services for Metro. I'm here to urge your support for the proposed 15

16 supplemental appropriate and to urge your consideration of funding of an escalator

between the second and third levels of the Paul S. Sarbain Silver Spring Transit Center.

Metro has been working with the County on this project for more than nine years, and 18

19 we're extremely pleased that after these many years of collective effort we're about to

see this project come to fruition. This multimodal Transit Center will serve as a nexus for

a wide variety of transit users including MTA commuter bus, Marks Brunswick Line, the

22 University of Maryland Shuttle, Silver Spring Intra-City Van Go, Metro rails, Red Line,

and numerous Metro bus and ride-on routes. The center is also being designed to 23

accommodate the future Purple Line as well as bike and pedestrian users from the 24

25 Capital Crescent Trail and the Metropolitan Branch Trail. That many transit uses

26 converging in one area, it is not an exaggeration to expect that this Transit Center will 27

become a model that transit agencies -- will try to emulate. Metro is fully aware during

these tight fiscal times that every dollar spent by governments must be fully justified. 28

The effort to value engineer this project has been methodical and focused. I do want to 29

30 draw your attention to one element, an escalator connecting the second and third levels

31 that Metro strongly recommends be added back into the project. In terms of the budget, 32 the estimated cost of the escalator is \$1.238 million. The current plan has removed this

33 escalator, but has left an open space on the third level to accommodate the escalator in

the future. That is a viable option. However, Metro estimates that deferring this to 34

35 become a standalone future project would increase the cost to 1.6 to 1.7 million without

36 accounting for any inflation. To help explain the need for this escalator, consider a

37 patron arriving in a bus from Coleville Road at the south end of the Transit Center, and

38 whose destination is either south Silver Spring or the kiss and ride taxi facilities on the

39 third level. Their options are to take one elevator at that end of the Transit Center.

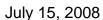
40 Second option would be, walk up two flights of stairs representing a 47 foot elevation

41 change, walk to the north end where there are two additional elevators, or take the

42 escalator to the second level and then walk to the stairs or elevator to the third level.

43 Having the ability to take an escalator all the way up is a choice one would have at most

44 stations in the Metro system. It is qualitatively the most comfortable choice for most





people, and may be faster than waiting for and taking an elevator. Additionally, direct access from south Silver Spring to station entrance is enhanced with a continuous cascading travel plan on escalators. There are also quantitative reasons for funding the escalator. Today, demand for access to the Transit Center from the south is not nearly as high as the demand from the north. However, we are aware that the Planning Board has raised the height limit south of the station to 200 feet, and that the first of the new buildings is making its way through the approval process. We estimate that the three elevators will be able to handle less than one-third of the projected peak hour demand meaning that at a peak hour nearly 1,000 people will be relying on the stairs, at least in part, for vertical transportation. This is well within the capacity of the stairs, but the full elevation change is greater than we would normally expect for those going up stairs. Therefore, in addition to approving the supplemental request before you today, I also encourage you to add the necessary funds to restore this escalator to the Transit Center project. Thank you again for your continued support of Metro, and for this opportunity to testify.

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Council President Knapp,

Thank you very much. Ms. Redicker.

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Jane Redicker,

President Knapp and members of the Council, good afternoon. My name is Jane Redicker and I'm President of the Greater Silver Spring Chamber of Commerce, a membership organization representing almost 400 businesses, small and large, which together form the backbone of the economic renaissance in Silver Spring. On behalf of the Chamber, I'm here today in support of two measures. One, the supplemental appropriation of \$2.5 million for the Silver Spring Civic Building, and two, a supplemental appropriation of \$16.7 million for the Silver Spring Transit Center project. These appropriations, which we understand would be funded through GO Bonds and land sale proceeds will provide the funds needed to go forward with construction of these two very important projects for Silver Spring. First, the Civic Building in Veteran's Plaza. This project is vital to the heart and soul of the revitalization and is the last piece of redevelopment of downtown Silver Spring. Completion of the Civic Center will fulfill the County's promise to replace the armory and Coon Park, both among the first victims of demolition to make way for redevelopment. The Civic Building and Plaza will be used by not only community groups but also by businesses in downtown Silver Spring for conferences, training, and business shows. This facility must be built with the highest quality materials originally specified to ensure that it fulfills its goals as the landmark anchoring the downtown area. Unfortunately, the project has been delayed in part due to the optional method development process through Park and Planning, further, the cost of steel, copper, oil, and concrete, all significant components of construction have continued to escalate during the past year. These combination of delays and commodity cost increases have resulted in the need to request an increase in the appropriations to move forward. Second, the Silver Spring Transit Center. Chamber has long supported the redevelopment of a regional Transit Center in downtown Silver Spring. The Silver



- 1 Spring Metro is one of the most heavily used in the Washington area and current Transit
- 2 Center has the highest bus volume in the system. Completion of this project sets the
- 3 stage for numerous smart growth opportunities in Silver Spring and is even more
- 4 important as fuel prices continue to rise and more people rely on public transit. The
- 5 Chamber understands that this request for supplemental appropriations is not
- 6 unexpected, Late last year it was estimated that the cost for the Transit Center would
- 7 exceed the funding available by 15 to 20 million and a decision was made to move
- 8 forward and obtain actual costs instead of using estimated numbers. Further, as we said
- 9 with the Civic Building, the increases in the costs of steel, copper, oil, and concrete
- have added to that cost. At the same time, the value engineering that has been done by
- the County has reduced the potential overall cost. Taken together, these factors still
- result in the need for a supplemental appropriation to move it forward. In conclusion,
- 13 Silver Spring has waited a long time for both of these projects. It's time to put the
- shovels in the ground and get moving on the Silver Spring Civic Center and the Silver
- 15 Spring Transit Center. We urge you to approve the County Executive's requests for both
- of these supplemental appropriations and we thank you for your time.

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- 18 Councilmember Andrews,
- Okay. Thank you very much. We do have a few guestions or comments.
- 20 Councilmember Floreen.

21

- 22 Councilmember Floreen.
- 23 Thank you. Glenn, we're going to take this up next week?

24

- 25 Glenn Orlin,
- 26 Monday.

27

- 28 Councilmember Floreen,
- Yeah. Before then, if you could put your head together with Park and Planning and
- anyone else and see if for the Transit Center, whether some of these issues could be
- 31 funded through developer contributions at a later date, or is there is a way address this?
- We actually did take that up with the entrance to the Silver Spring Metro on another
- environment, I forget now, a couple years ago, we said could this be funded through?

34

- 35 Glenn Orlin.
- I understand it's like a \$360,000 bond that the Park and Planning has to be able to use
- for the project in Silver Spring, which I think has not been allocated yet, is that right
- 38 Chairman Hanson? There was a \$360,000 bond for.

39

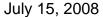
- 40 Royce Hanson,
- 41 Has restricted use.

42

- 43 Councilmember Floreen,
- 44 Maybe we'll re-restrict it. But if you could look at what other options might be available.

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Glenn Orlin, Okay.

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Councilmember Floreen,

To add at least the things that are shown here in pink. I have to say, it's rare that you get to see the products of your decision, but just at Strathmore, seeing where they value engineered the escalator out of that facility, just brings home to me the need to try to do this right the first time. For these things, if we can look at what pieces of this could be perhaps put in a category for some other funding, developer funding, or whatever through the development, the regulatory process that would help.

11 12

13 Glenn Orlin,

14 Okay.

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16 Councilmember Floreen,

17 Thanks.

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19 Councilmember Andrews,

20 Okay. Thank you. Councilmember Leventhal.

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Councilmember Leventhal,

This has been very educational. I want to thank the participants from Silver Spring. We've heard a lot about this disagreement between the Executive Branch and Park and Planning. In fact, there was a front page article in the Gazette about it. I'm looking at these two side by side depictions and I had to really, and I have now, listened very carefully and kind of squint to see that there was a striking difference between the drawing on the left side and the drawing on the right side and yet there's been rhetoric in the press, and even here this afternoon from Park and Planning suggesting that if you didn't do the items that Park and Planning were asking for, the project would be ugly and that I guess this project on the left side is what is considered ugly by Park and Planning. And yet, really, as I'm looking at it here, now I realize this is at, from some distance and I'm not standing right up front and I can't, I don't have the benefit of actually seeing the canopy at the Metro Station, for example, but if these little design elements are the difference between, you know, ugly and beautiful, I guess, you know, beauty is in the eye of the beholder, but I think perhaps the rhetoric has overtaken the reality here. I think the Executive Branch, and I would probably be among those who would beat up the Executive Branch if the cost overruns were higher so, you know, there does come a time where we asked government to identify savings. Here, government has identified savings, and I guess in the interest of design excellence, Park and Planning is here to say that the philistines of the Executive Branch just don't appreciate true beauty but again, if we could put those side by side, the difference is not that stark to my eye. Now, I'm not trained in architecture or in planning but maybe we could tone down the rhetoric and not sling around words like ugly and try and work



1 together as institutions of government rather than being as oppositional as this project has been. Anyone who wants to comment on that is welcome to do so. 2

3

- 4 Councilmember Andrews.
- 5 No comments. I'll take their silence as they appreciate architectural beauty. Okay.

6

- 7 Councilmember Trachtenberg,
- 8 And savings.

9

- 10 Councilmember Andrews,
- 11 Right, okay, Councilmember Elrich then Councilmember Ervin.

12

- 13 Councilmember Elrich,
- 14 I'm not sure that as George has said, the – quite as dire though I do see virtue in
- including some of the things, particularly the store at the bottom in the Transit Center. 15
- 16 I'm interested in either finding some money one way or the other to restore some of the
- elements to this project that were taken out. I don't think anybody should beat up 17
- anybody for the cost escalations. I mean, the Executive doesn't have much to do with 18
- 19 the changing, you know, price of all the factors that go into this and, you know, we
- 20 complain as we do about all the other prices that have come in higher. I mean, we don't
- 21 seem to have much control over that which the private sector dictates. The numbers are
- 22 what they are. I'm not happy but those are the numbers we're dealing with. One of my
- questions is, does anything that's been done here impact on the connection of the three 23
- 24 trails, the Green Trail, the Metropolitan Branch Trail, and the Capital Crescent Trail?
- 25 These are all going to connect nicely together?

26

- 27 Bruce Johnston.
- 28 Yes, all of the trails will connect along and between the Transit Center in a rail line. And 29
- the Silver Spring Green Trail will connect along [inaudible] the elements that are in 30 dispute here will have any impact on this.

31

- 32 Councilmember Elrich,
- 33 So all of that will stay intact then?

34

- 35 Bruce Johnston,
- 36 Right.

37

- 38 Councilmember Elrich,
- 39 Okay. I hope you can work this out in committee and find some funding for it.

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- 41 Councilmember Andrews,
- Okay. Thank you. Councilmember Ervin. 42

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44 Councilmember Ervin,

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Thank you very much, and thank you all for your testimony. I have a couple of questions. One is, first of all, I don't have the benefit Royce of your written testimony, but I listened carefully as you were giving your testimony, and I have two quotes and I want you to respond to them. One is the County will build at a lower standard than we expect of the private sector, that really stuck out in my mind, and that you believe that we need to restore these vital elements. I'm listening carefully as my colleagues and I are paying close attention and I want to ask you what the vital elements are and if you could speak to these standards. Because I think we've had this conversation too as it relates to the library.

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Royce Hanson,

Yes. I think it's a little different conversation as it relates to the library. I think we passed out to you a summary of the elements that were included as an appendix to the Memorandum of Agreement between, or Memorandum of Understanding between us, the Executive Branch, and WMATA. As Art mentioned, as Mr. Holmes had mentioned, five and a half of the nine elements were included in the project, and we're very pleased about that. The ones that were not included, one of which doesn't really show up in design at this point, but it's important later on, and that is to have a bond seal between the top layer of concrete and the bottom layer of concrete in the pedestrian areas on the top level that connect Ramsey. That's so that those can, so that that top level can be removed when the private development occurs and the streetscape, the standard Silver Spring streetscape can be included. This would be one of the elements that we would ordinarily just require of a private element building something in Silver Spring. The Silver Spring streetscape is one of the must do items. Here, there was a good reason for not doing it at this time because there may be some different kinds of treatment to that area that will occur once private development on the remainder of the site transpires. So making it easy to take up that top layer and then replace it, rather than to do it now, and then have to go in and take it up the hard way later on to make some of the changes that may involve some additional landscaping or things like that would make some sense. The difference between using the fritted glass and a combination of glass and metal is primarily an aesthetic element, which is important both daytime in terms of the way things look, and especially at night, because this can be lighted, and provides a much more inviting aspect to the system. Similarly, the canopy over the entrance may not look like a great big deal, but we felt that it is significant in terms of the convenience and attractiveness of the area. It provides some shelter. It also, again, is lighted at night, and can help with people understanding where the entrance to the Metro is and provide a more inviting aspect. The transit store and police station is an element that we really didn't include in our essential elements because we had thought it was a given. Its removal I think though has a couple of effects that are important. While the planter that would replace it would provide some seating area on the plaza, it nonetheless does not provide any barrier between the plaza and the buses entering and exit off of Coleville and a large number of buses are going to come through there. I think the peak hours estimated isn't it about 135 each way. About 100. Yeah. Somewhere in that range. So it's going to be a busy area and having some barrier there is important.



The other thing that is important is that the station there would provide an opportunity for electronic signing information that would be available to passengers arriving or departing through the area. Plus a place for the transit police to be stationed, providing information, providing a sense of security to the area. There's some debate as to whether or not police presence makes people feel safe or not, I guess it's our judgment that it probably lends to a feeling of security in the area. So those are reasons why we had included those matters, and while we think they're important to provide the kind of amenity that we would expect to the private sector if this were being privately developed.

Councilmember Ervin,

No, I appreciate that. That was really important. My other question has to do with the Purple Line, and where is the proposed entrance, if there is going to be a Purple, how does that play into the plan here?

 Bruce Johnston,

I'm Bruce Johnston with DOT, Department of Transportation. Purple Line alignment right now is kind of in flux and I don't know that there's any recognized or established entrance into it, but we have maintained a swath of area where the Purple Line passed through here, and that basically would pass over what's called the Metro Plaza entrance and over the bicycle trail which is going up in elevation over here in between this existing tower and the Transit Center and continue on. So, we've just provided for a swath of an area for the Purple Line to go through. We've been working with Diane Ratcliff of the Maryland Transit Administration, she's one of our partners in securing that area for the Purple Line and they're comfortable with the area that we've left aside. Would it be possible to address a couple of the other comments Mr. Hanson?

Councilmember Ervin,

29 Sure, I.

Bruce Johnston,

And if I can, I will show you on the slide, the area of, is this on? Is that better? Is that better? Okay. The bond break concrete that is proposed is basically on the top level in the pedestrian areas around the top level and in the island in the middle of the kiss and ride area and the taxi area. The reason that we're proposing concrete is basically for maintenance purposes and to provide a better walkable surface. We have gotten feedback from, I'm not sure, the disabilities group that brick pavers are much more difficult to traverse for the mobility impaired and also for maintenance. Concrete and WMATA will be maintaining this Transit Center after we build it, concrete is much easier to maintain. Now the idea is that this concrete, instead of building it in one pour, as Mr. Hanson mentioned, it would be poured in two pours with a bond break. The top level could be jack hammered way by the developer of the transit oriented development and brick pavers could be installed. If that happens, WMATA will no longer be on the hook to maintain it and it will probably be maintained by the County actually through the Silver



1 Spring Urban District through an agreement with Park and Planning. It gets to be very convoluted and the cost of that maintenance then is a long term issue. So it's not just 2 3 the \$17,000, the little red tag I put up here, to change it from one pour of concrete to 4 two. It's the long term maintenance that we have a difficulty with, and the disability 5 aspects of it. With respect to a couple of the other things, the glass enclosures, this plan, item 2A, shows the mix of glass and metal. The metal edge is only around the 6 7 edge, I mean, for the most part, these enclosures, I'm guessing are probably 95% glass 8 and they have a little bit of metal edge at the corners there. And if you look closely, you 9 can see the difference. I know you can't from there, but that's with the all glass. It's a 10 subtle difference, in some respects a distinction without much of a difference. I'm not 11 sure about a number of the other things. The transit store, we had proposed to be 12 relocated from the area in this location, and it would be located back at this location. 13 One of our concerns is that we don't really want the police to be sitting in their office. That would be a more visible area. But we don't want them to be sitting in their office. 14 15 We want them to be out walking around. So, we don't see a real benefit for having the police station right out there in the front. Their offices if they need to report something 16 could be in the back. It's more of a product area. The canopy again, let me see where 17 the canopy is, this is a picture of the canopy, about 400 and some thousand dollars for 18 19 the canopy. We just felt for the physical benefit that that provides, there is an aesthetic 20 benefit we agree, but for the practical benefit that it provides in terms of weather protection for anybody in that Metro Plaza, when they can simply duck inside the station 21 22 to get out of the weather, we thought it was worthwhile not to include it.

2324

Councilmember Ervin,

I want to follow up one thing Bruce while you're up there. What about the electronic signing, which I thought the Chairman raised a really good point.

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28 Bruce Johnston,

29 Excellent idea.

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31 Councilmember Ervin,

32 Yes.

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34 Bruce Johnston.

We have included in this project, and in fact, there is a sister project for intelligent transportation software, but we've included in this project the conduits, the connectivity for intelligent transportation signage at every bus stop that will be, I mean, we're putting the conduit and the infrastructure in this other project and there has to be some correction of the language connections between the WMATA language and the ride-on language and the MTA language. They don't quite all speak to each other yet, but that future project will provide that intelligent information to all of the transit users at every one of the bus stops.

42 43 44

Councilmember Ervin,



44

1 What is the price tag again on the overhang, the canopy? 2 3 Royce Hanson, 4 About 445. 5 6 Bruce Johnston, 7 445,000 plus. 8 9 Royce Hanson, 10 445,000. 11 12 Bruce Johnston. 13 Plus a contingency. 14 15 Councilmember Ervin, 16 I don't know. 17 18 Glenn Orlin, 19 Would the Purple Line cover it? 20 21 Councilmember Elrich, 22 Purple Line goes through, doesn't that wind up, not only covering that, but probably 23 having a bad impact on the trees? 24 25 Bruce Johnston. 26 The Purple Line, in our, I guess in my vision of it, what I understand so far, would be 27 elevated over this area with probably somewhere in this area, a big column which would hold it up, and those would be strategically located along here but yes, it would be an 28 elevated structure over it. How wide it is. I don't know. 29 30 31 Councilmember Elrich, 32 So, does that obviate the need for the canopy? 33 Councilmember Andrews, 34 All right. Yeah, Marc, hang on a second. I want to come back to Councilmember Ervin 35 who still has the floor. 36 37 38 Councilmember Ervin, 39 Done. 40 41 Councilmember Andrews, You're done? Okay. All right. Go ahead then Councilmember Floreen then 42 43 Councilmember Leventhal.

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- 1 Councilmember Floreen,
- Well, I just ask when we get into committee, we understand exactly how this works with
- 3 the Purple Line. I guess we haven't been briefed on the details of the project recently.
- 4 So, as we understand the interrelationship between the engineering elements of this
- 5 project and how we expect that they'll fit in with the Purple Line, and so we can make
- 6 the right recommendations on these elements. We realize, we're seeing a visual here. I
- 7 am, I think for one, understand what we're funding in this picture, what is assumed to
- 8 come later, and what we're not. It might be more helpful to do in Committee.
- 9
- 10 Bruce Johnston
- And if you like, I request ask Diane Repp or somebody from the Purple Line if they can
- be there Monday.
- 13
- 14 Councilmember Ervin
- 15 It would be helpful, well just to understand what we're assuming because that overhang
- issue, the tree issue, the open space issue, may or may not, you know, we just need to
- 17 understand what it is, how it's going to work.
- 18
- 19 Councilmember Andrews,
- Okay, Councilmember Leventhal. Yeah, I agree, if we could even get a diagram. I
- mean, we're describing things, if we could see them visually, the point of all is to try and
- help us understand it visually and then with respect to the Purple Line, then we can
- discuss this in Committee, is that ugly or is that beautiful. I mean, I'm kind of, really, I'm
- serious here. I mean, a lot of the debate on my friends from the Silver Spring Citizen's
- 25 Advisory Board and I really appreciate their input and their being very thorough in giving
- us recommendations, but I feel like they've been sold on this vision that somehow the
- 27 County is proposing something ugly and nobody wants anything ugly, of course, for
- downtown Silver Spring. But, you know, if Park and Planning is going to lay down edicts
- about what constitutes beauty we'd need to know how the Purple Line fits in an
- aesthetic vision as well.
- 31
- Royce Hanson,
- We'll try to get that for you as to how it fits in.
- 34
- 35 Councilmember Andrews,
- 36 Okay.
- 37
- 38 Councilmember Leventhal,
- I would actually, I would even tolerate is little bit of ugliness, if we could get the Purple
- Line. But if we could get a beautiful Purple Line, that would be even better.
- 41
- 42 Royce Hanson,
- 43 It won't affect the Purple.
- 44



- 1 Councilmember Andrews,
- 2 Councilmember Trachtenberg says you can't go wrong with the Purple. Okay. All right.
- 3 Thank you all very much. I think that's it for the questions. We have Action scheduled on
- 4 item 10 which is a Supplemental appropriation to the County Government's FY09
- 5 Capital Budget and amendment to the FY09-14 Capital Improvements Program of
- 6 \$2,500,000 for the Silver Spring Civic Building. The PHED Committee is unanimously
- 7 recommending that the expenditure schedule for the Silver Spring Civic Building project
- 8 be revised. We have a portion of construction funding from FY09 to FY10 since
- 9 construction has not begun and therefore will not be complete in FY09 and the
- 10 Committee recommends approval of the \$2.5 million supplemental appropriation based
- on revised PDF and pending the outcome of the July 15 public hearing which we've
- had, so all those in favor of the Committee recommendation.

13

- 14 Glenn Orlin,
- 15 Mr. Andrews?

16

- 17 Councilmember Andrews,
- 18 Yes.

19

- 20 Glenn Orlin,
- 21 Let me just point out, there is an addendum in today's packet.

22

- 23 Councilmember Andrews,
- 24 Okay.

25

- 26 Glenn Orlin,
- 27 Which has the revised PDF, based on the feedback from the Executive Branch that was
- asked by the Committee, how much of the work could be done, in FY09 could be moved
- to FY10. Their answer was \$805,000. And so what you'd be approving, if you agree with
- that, would be the supplemental appropriation for \$2.5 million, but the PDF that's on,
- 31 what I call circle 6 on the back part of the addendum.

32

- 33 Councilmember Andrews,
- Okay. Very good. Thank you for that addition.

35

- 36 Glenn Orlin,
- 37 Sure.

38

- 39 Councilmember Andrews.
- 40 Yes, well the motion is before us. It's recommended, it's a Committee recommendation.

41

- 42 Glenn Orlin,
- 43 Right.



- 1 Councilmember Andrews,
- 2 So we need six votes. All those in favor of the Committee recommendation, raise your
- hand. That is everybody present. I will run down the list, that's all six, do we have six?
- 4 Okay. All right, and there's Councilmember Elrich as well. That's seven. Okay. So 7-0.
- 5 We now will move on directly, okay, to a Briefing on the WMATA Bus Priority Corridor
- 6 Plan. Dr. Glenn Orlin is going to lead us through this I believe.

7 8

- Glenn Orlin.
- 9 Well, I'm just going to introduce the folks.

10

- 11 Councilmember Andrews,
- 12 All right. Very good.

13

- 14 Glenn Orlin,
- 15 Jim Hughes from WMATA is here and Charlie Scott also and Gary Ehrnrich from DOT.
- 16 I'm just going to spend a minute, I'm going to have to lower the screen while Jim starts
- talking, and then I'll, then he'll give the presentation. Mr. Knapp had asked for this
- presentation. The Board got a presentation on this back in May, the WMATA Board that
- is, and the staff has been going around the region sharing this information with other
- 20 stakeholders. Jim, it's on you.

21

- 22 Councilmember Andrews,
- 23 Okay. Councilmember Floreen, some opening comments?

24

- 25 Councilmember Floreen,
- I just wanted to say I look forward to hearing this presentation. We have asked, I have
- 27 asked the T&E Committee will receive from the County, I'm hoping this fall, the County's
- transit plan. Hopefully together we will have a coordinated system that we can at least
- start talking about how we're going to implement. So I just wanted to say that at the
- outset, this is part of a larger puzzle, right? Yes. Thanks.

31

- 32 Councilmember Andrews,
- Okay. Well, good afternoon, please introduce yourself for the listening audience.

- 35 Jim Hughes,
- Good afternoon, and thank you for bringing me here today to make this presentation.
- 37 My name is Jim Hughes. I'm the Managing Director of Planning at WMATA. This is
- pretty much a presentation we made to our Board last month, about what we see is the
- future bus operations in the region. I will go through it fairly quickly because it's been a
- 40 long day for you. Over the past few months, we've been looking at both where we're
- 41 going with the rail system, where we're going with the bus system. And a couple months
- 42 earlier, we talked about how we're expanding on rail, going to 8 car trains and adding
- capacity on the rail side. This is the counterpart for the bus side. If you would start with
- the first slide, it's actually page number 3. I think you have it in front of you. And what





1 we see is that generally, bus carries about 45% of our bus, of our riders in Metro, and rail carries about 55. Right side of the slide shows the reach of the bus and the reach of 2 3 the rail. The rail is primarily along the rail lines, and yet the bus goes into a lot of the 4 neighborhoods. That's basically what we're trying to show in terms of where we are, as 5 we begin in the next 20 years to reach capacity on the railroad, what can we do on the bus side? We also looked at the region. The region is growing, you know that, the entire 6 7 region's growing. Jobs are up 34% between now and the next 25 years or next 20 8 years, between now and 2020. Population is going to grow. These are all numbers from 9 COG. Households are up. Everything is happening. We see a need to be doing 10 something different, both for bus and for rail. Strategically, in bus we've looked at, we've done a lot of studies, we've worked with all the jurisdictions including the County and 11 12 the District and various states and said what can we do? We've got more and more 13 studies, and it's time to get beyond the studies. So we're proposing a new type of 14 program. So it won't go, we see a lot of growth in terms of potential, in terms of bus. 15 We've got a challenge from our Board, basically saying it's time now to put out the plan 16 for bus. So we came up with a Bus Priority Corridor which is the next slide. And if you just keep this up for a while I'm going to talk numbers around the slide. What we've 17 proposed is a network of 24 corridors. They're the red lines on the slide. They are high 18 19 rider ship on our existing bus lines. They're not necessarily new corridors to new areas. 20 They represent 14% of our bus lines, but they carry 50% of our current bus riders, 220, 21 000 riders a day or 70million rider as year, currently ride on those corridors. We've 22 selected these corridors based on a number of things. In terms of performance, they're 23 all high volume lines. We've got lots of buses, very close headways. We've looked at growth in the area, where it's happening, the land use, where it's going to happen in the 24 25 next five, six years, and we've put together a schedule around this map that says we 26 could implement these in the next six years, none of this is funded yet, but these are the 27 types of programs we could implement in the next six years and really have a tremendous growth in terms of our ridership. How we're going to go about that, next 28 slide if you would. We've done some of these corridors. We've implemented one on 29 30 George Avenue within a district. This map in front of you is one we implemented at the 31 end of June which is Pennsylvania Avenue, our heaviest bus corridor. And what we've 32 done is we've taken a corridor, we've gone and looked specifically at each of the stops. 33 Where do people get on, where do they get on at and we've restructured the service, so 34 that we've kept the local service from --, we've added feeder services around the area, 35 so people can get from neighborhood into the routes and we've added express service 36 in the peak to get people a faster public transit on bus. And by doing this, we believe 37 that we can improve the travel time by somewhere 15 to 20% in terms of the trials, so 38 an average 30 minute bus trip can be reduced by somewhere between 6 to 8 to 10 39 minutes. A real savings for the customers.

40 41

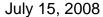
- Councilmember Andrews,
- 42 Good.

43

44 Jim Hughes,



1 We've done it by talking to operators, we've done it by talking to communities, we've 2 done it by talking to the local politicians. This plan on Pennsylvania Avenue took us 3 about a year to develop, but it's now implemented and it's not perfect, but it's working 4 really well given two weeks. And so we have seen travel times savings. Word of mouth 5 people are going, have you tried the express, it's great out there. So, we're getting, seeing people to shift. And yet people that need to travel from one end to the other still 6 7 have that. Again, how do we pick our corridors? We did it on passengers. We did it on 8 where the development was going to happen. A couple interesting numbers. I won't go 9 through them all. Each of these corridors averages about 10,000 riders a day. A number 10 in the bottom right box. We carry a lot of people per hour, a lot of people per trip. You know, the average passenger trip time is 40 minutes on this. We're trying to cut that by 11 12 20%. And the last one says that most of the these corridors are all bus corridors. About 13 6% of them are transferring from bus to rail. 94% of them are just bus riders. This is how we're going to improve the service for our bus riders in the next six years. Part of what 14 we've laid out also is what helps make this is happen is improvements in the highway 15 network. Each of the these corridors is a target for signal priority, each of these 16 17 corridors is an improvement for having better bus stops along it. As we go along a corridor and there's now 45 stops, as we put the express in, there's only 15 stops, it's 18 19 faster we want to put something at those stops, new shelters, new signage, new 20 amenities for customers. We also would like to have signal priorities. There are a couple 21 of places where we've suggested queue jumper type of things. We're being requested 22 to look at lanes along some of these corridors. None of them are specific yet. We told 23 our Board we'd come back in November with the specifics for the corridors, but it's 24 going to take more than just WMATA to implement, it's going to take all of the 25 jurisdictions. The next slide shows some of the traffic congestions. Interesting thing, since 2000, the last nine years, buses have seen a reduction in average speed, we're 26 27 somewhere between 15 to 30% operating slower. That's the congestion in the area. As our buses slow down, we add more time. So this priority corridor allows us to get that 28 29 time back and give the advantage back to buses. And so what we're trying to do is get 30 that speed back. Next slide is just saying that, what can we handle? Three or four 31 corridors a year every year for the next six years gets us all these corridors 32 implemented. It comes with a cost, it comes with an operating cost about \$25 million 33 more a year now that is in our FY09 budget. And one time capital. We need more 34 buses, we need garage space to store those, we need some transit facilities both along 35 the corridors and places for buses to turn around, roadway improvements, park and ride 36 signal, and garage capacity. We've listed them all in there. About 60% of that cost is a 37 cost that would come directly through WMATA and again, our funding partners, the 38 state and federal government and about 55% of that is really the highway improvements that we're look for, again, the state and the local governments. They're identified in 39 40 there. We think there's a tremendous benefit to our riders. Half our bus riders could end 41 up with a 20% time savings. If we get a 5% ridership increase in here, we can carry 10 million more riders a day on the bus. We think there's a capability of doing that because 42 43 that's where the corridors are growing. We listed some policy considerations because 44 this is a plan for our Board to adopt but we think we can do the three to four corridors a





1 year. That's asking them for three to four million dollars more a year. Again, that's not in our budget yet, but we're going to put it in our '10 request, more buses and places to 2 3 store them. And we've also asked our Board and they've responded very positively, 4 they would like to be spokespeople for this. So, I originally anticipated to have a Board 5 member here with us today to help promote this and I think as we get into the funding phase, you'll see them sitting behind this saying, this is where we should be going. So 6 7 the next, the rest of this is sort of where we go next. We're coming back to them in 8 September saying, here's what we're doing next year, here's what we're doing the 9 following year, coming back in November, and saying here is all of our long term capital 10 projects and where it fits in our capital programming. If I could just get to the slide with all the corridors, page number 17. This is the description of each of the corridors that we 11 12 put up there and I'm going to end with this slide, and not go any further, but these are 13 the 24 corridors. The ridership is on average weekday ridership in here, we're interested in where they run. Some of them we've already implemented. Columbia Pike in Virginia 14 15 got started. We have seen 15% increases in savings in travel time. We've also seen a 16 15% increase in ridership down there. Richmond Highway, we've seen a 6% ridership increase and we've seen a 20% decline in, reduction in travel times. Georgia Avenue, 17 we started as a peak hour only laying on top of it. The express service, those express 18 19 buses are now full, we're adding more service to that. We've been able to reduce some 20 of the local service out there to help supplement that. Again, it's a 20% travel time. 21 We've seen some successes. What we're trying to do now is wrap it into a plan, wrap it 22 into this because what we're getting is some people saying well, I want it in my corridor, why aren't you doing it in my corridor? We're trying to come up with this plan. This list of 23 24 corridors, this is our priority. We've done some preliminary work with the jurisdictions, 24 25 which ones come first. The Board has directed us to go back out to each of those jurisdictions and say, what are your priorities, how can we juggle this and get it within a 26 27 six year corridor? We've had some six year timeframe. We've had some jurisdictions say no, add some. We've had one say take one off and add another. That's what we're 28 29 going through now. We have another meeting tomorrow afternoon with all the technical 30 staff saying, well, where are our comments for all this. We're going to wrap that up and 31 bring it back to the Board in September. We're really excited about this. We think it really is a way to improve our bus system. You'll see new buses out there, you'll see 32 33 different colored buses out there, you'll see similar types of things that are going to get people to want to ride bus again. So this is the outline of the plan. With that, I'll stop and 34 35 entertain questions.

36

- 37 Councilmember Andrews.
- Thank you very much for a very clear and concise presentation. Start with
- 39 Councilmember Floreen.

40

- 41 Councilmember Floreen,
- 42 Thank you.

43 44

Councilmember Andrews,



1 Councilmember Ervin.

2 3

Councilmember Floreen,

4 I understand this is a plan in process.

Jim Hughes,

7 Yes.

9 Councilmember Floreen.

But, can you tell us a little bit more about what exactly the plan is? I see on circle 8, we've got bus only lanes identified and I suspect some parking plans or whatever. Do you have for each corridor, is that what you're working through?

14 Jim Hughes,

15 That's what we're working for.

Councilmember Floreen,

Those specific elements.

Jim Hughes,

I'm sorry, I didn't mean to interrupt you. That's what we're working through now, for instance, we're now working, we've got two corridors underway, 16th Street, and we've got Leesburg Pike where we're out looking, this is where the stops are, this is where the bottle necks are, and solutions to that with the communities. We've also got the Viers Mill plan that the County put together, that's got some aspects of it, and we're now in the phase of that corridor of going back and doing all the stop by stop ridership that we've got, also running time by stop by stop. So that that will lead us to which of those improvements will benefit the rider the most. That's probably going to take us 6 months to come up with, in terms of this is a package that we think to get together, in the past, we've put it together in about 3 months, we gone out to the public, we've revised it, come back and say, okay, this is where we want to be in Viers Mill Road, for instance, if that's our next corridor, and we say, next year, this year we'll plan for it, next year we'll implement it. Each of these are one year in advance.

Councilmember Floreen.

That's so wonderful. You know, around here it takes us many years to do much of anything. So, you're working closely with the County staff, I see they're nodding their heads.

42 Jim Hughes,

I hope they're nodding behind me.



- 1 Councilmember Floreen,
- 2 They are, they are. Because this is of course, tremendously important to us and just
- 3 understanding the elements of what you're thinking about in terms of roadway capacity
- 4 and timing and all of that. That is the biggest issue. I would urge our County staff to take
- 5 a very aggressive and creative approach to problem solving and we, I mean, that's
- 6 really what we wanted to hear from County staff in terms of looking at functional bus
- 7 ways that really serve that way and prioritize bus service. Maybe this is an answer to a
- 8 number of the kinds of issues that we've been looking at, but understanding the detail,
- 9 we tended to get very mired in the details without a clear vision of the object. If we can,
- if this is the way to do it, I really think it's just marvelous. You said, you know, you're
- going to be, it's collaboration with the jurisdictions, given Virginia's transportation
- challenges, I don't know, are they coming to the plate and contributing to the costs of all
- 13 of this?

14

- 15 Jim Hughes,
- Our Board members in Virginia are very supportive of this. And two of the successful
- 17 corridors we have are already in Virginia. The challenge in Virginia is actually going to
- 18 be on the capital side.

19

- 20 Councilmember Floreen,
- 21 Yeah.

22

- 23 Jim Hughes,
- So when we need more buses, I think that we've got some ability to fund that. I think
- 25 that we're going to have a tremendous amount of support. I think the highway portion of
- 26 it, the signal priorities, some of the stop improvements, some of the, are going to lag
- 27 behind.

28

- 29 Councilmember Floreen,
- And those are parts that you will expect the local jurisdiction contribution for.

31

- 32 Jim Hughes,
- For the Department of Transportation in Virginia in that particular case.

34

- 35 Councilmember Floreen.
- 36 Yeah. Why did you start there instead of here in Maryland? Or Montgomery County.

37

- 38 Jim Hughes,
- 39 History.

40

- 41 Councilmember Floreen,
- That's okay, you are where you are. Well, we really do need to understand how we're
- 43 going to make this happen. So we will be following this really, really closely.



1 Jim Hughes,

I commit to you, as we go through each of these, we can keep the Council updated as to where each of the projects are so as we start a corridor study project, where we are sort of halfway through and we're done with it and then tie it back to implementation, so we can give you progress updates as we go along.

5 6 7

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Councilmember Floreen,

Yeah. And we're going to want to understand how it works with our ride-on service and how these pieces are going to function together. Great.

10 11

Jim Hughes, Thank you.

12 13

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Councilmember Andrews,

Okay. Thank you. Councilmember Ervin.

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Councilmember Ervin,

Thank you very much for being here. I really appreciate first of all, Glenn Orlin's packet, because I think it, as usual has a lot of really good information. I see on the first page, one of the things that I'm most excited about, and concerned about at the same time, is that the buses are full. I've ridden Q2 a lot up Viers Mill, and the ride-on buses in rush hour traffic, sometimes you have to wait for two, maybe three buses depending on where in the County you live, to get on the ride-on bus, to go to the Metro or to the transit station to change. So what I've noticed is that we just need more. How do you get people out of their cars and onto the bus has been an ongoing conversation about who prefers transit over bus. And one of the things I've noticed is that folks really want to be able to sit down while they're waiting, or if it's raining, or if the weather is bad, be able to be out of the, not out in the elements. So what is WMATA's plan to build more structures for people to sit down at bus stops, or to have cover over their heads? I've seen this a lot of times that you're driving down, especially on Vier's Mill, there's not very many covered bus stops and I don't know whose responsibility that is. Oh, is it yours? It would make it a lot easier for people, if it's the County's responsibility, then how do we work that into the plan? Because I can see that a lot more people would be amenable to riding the bus if they knew they didn't have to just stand out in the elements and wait for the bus to come. But thank you very much for being here. I agree with everything that Councilmember Floreen said. I think that we've done a really good job in the County to respond to our citizens' request for more and more and more. And we're doing all we can to keep up with that.

38 39

40

Jim Hughes,

41 If I could just make two quick comments.

42

43 Councilmember Andrews,

44 Sure.





1 2

Jim Hughes,

One about the shelters, we were able, as we did the corridor on Pennsylvania Avenue, we twisted arms, we got the District to put up 30 shelters along that corridor and they are programmed for information in the future and lighting in the future so that we're able, they are in the middle of trying to put up more shelters with an advertising campaign. So we had some things going with us, we're able to do that. The other thing about how we can make this effective, if we reduce the travel time, we can actually get more trips out of the buses so we can put more service out there without buying new buses. That's part of what we're trying to accomplish by the overall program. So, there's a lot of little things in here that I glossed over, but we are trying to get more, some with more resources and some with the same resources.

Councilmember Ervin,

Okay. Thanks.

Councilmember Andrews,

Thank you. This appears to be a very well thought out plan to increase usage and increase the efficiency of the system and the operating costs seem manageable. The way I read it, is that over six years, the scaled in, by the time that it's fully implemented, which is six years, the annual operating costs are about \$25 million. Is that right?

Jim Hughes,

That's correct.

Councilmember Andrews,

Okay. The capital costs though that are outlined here, of course, are much larger, \$326 million and my question is, how much of that is in the budget now, if any? And we've heard a lot about Metro's challenges in keeping up with the current system, so what is the plan there in terms of getting that additional capital money? And how much, if any, is in the current capital budget?

Jim Hughes,

At the moment very little of that is in our current program. We did our Metro Matters program which goes through the year 2010. So most of this money is beyond that. And so, with this summer, this September, we're bringing our Board with a capital program from 2011 to 2015 and all of these numbers are in there. I will caution you that that money is not funded yet. We're also, we're going to lay it out for the Board, this is what we need, we're going to come to some reasonable number and then come up with a funding plan for it between us and our jurisdictions, probably similar to Metro Matters. So yes, we're asking for more money and more needs, but we're putting all of our capital needs there, including this bus growth.

Councilmember Andrews,



Okay. And just spell out, one of the terms that's used here, that may not be intuitive is platform, was it platform, there, platform hours. I could guess, but just tell me.

3

- 4 Jim Hughes,
- 5 Those are actually the hours that a bus is driving up and down a road.

6

- 7 Councilmember Andrews,
- 8 Okay.

9

- 10 Jim Hughes,
- An operator sits on a platform, technical term should be in there.

12

- 13 Councilmember Andrews,
- 14 Okay.

15

- 16 Jim Hughes,
- 17 We call them platform hours.

18

- 19 Councilmember Andrews,
- 20 Okay. All right. Councilmember Leventhal and then.

21

23

24 25

- 22 Councilmember Leventhal,
 - Earlier today, we adopted a set of transportation priorities for state funding, and two of our top three priorities are Bus Rapid Transit on Georgia Avenue and Bus Rapid Transit on Viers Mill Road. And I don't know whether you or maybe Gary or Carolyn or Glenn or someone can explain to me how does this relate to that?

2627

- 28 Glenn Orlin,
- Actually, I had sort of the same question. It goes beyond that, because also one of these corridors is the Purple Line corridor effectively. So, three of these corridors are ones where we actually have either active or planned major investment studies that are going and the question, I guess to follow up on Mr. Leventhal's question, when the feds are comparing the benefits of each of those larger facilities to something, are they comparing it to something like this which is like a TSM alternative, or are they

35 36

- 37 Garv Erenrich
- 38 Gary Erenrich, Department of Transportation. To try to answer your question, it's a very
- 39 good question, there is an overlap because Viers Mill, Georgia Avenue, the priority

comparing it to a no build, because that makes a difference.

- 40 corridors for us, obviously, for Council, but the projects that are in those are heavy
- 41 construction projects, they're civil projects, whereas they're building exclusive guide
- ways. Building a bus way in a median of Georgia Avenue. In terms of Viers Mill, building
- separate lanes for buses only, taking right-of-way, and what's talked about here is
- basically using the existing roadways as much as possible with the benefit of some



queue jumpers, where they can be put in, where they have some benefits and some priority signal treatments. So this is the first.

3

- 4 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 5 I saw one graphic on G Street downtown that looked like a dedicated bus lane.

6

- 7 Councilmember Floreen,
- 8 Yeah.

9

- 10 Jim Hughes,
- We've identified, we've talked about, we haven't written down, some dedicated bus
- lanes but there are very few of them. And the one that you saw was actually one that
- was there years ago that has been taken up. That was the one in downtown.

14

- 15 Councilmember Leventhal,
- So you wouldn't be asking, on Georgia Avenue or Viers Mill Road in particular, you wouldn't be asking in your plan for a dedicated lane?

18

- 19 Jim Hughes,
- No. Might be a queue jumper around one intersection where we think is key in terms of
- 21 making the traffic flow. We had these discussions also in the District and also in
- 22 Maryland, excuse me, District in Virginia where they have longer term plans to have
- 23 BRT or have a light rail line, and I would like you to think of this as really just a stepping
- stone to get there, whether it's a TSM. This is what you would do with the existing right-
- of-way, this is what you would do with the existing resources and a little bit more in
- terms of not a capital project to get them there. It does help develop the corridor. It
- 27 helps promote growth in a sooner time period. We could implement this type of thing in
- 28 2009, 2010 along Viers Mill Road. Let the longer term BRT happen. We've got to deal with a little bit of the construction time period, but it really is a developmental thing to
- with a little bit of the construction time period, but it really is a developmental thing to continue to grow the corridor.

31

- 32 Councilmember Leventhal,
- How much permission do you need from the State Highway Administration to make
- these changes on state roads?

35

- 36 Jim Hughes,
- Without the details in front of us, the real answer is we don't need a lot. We're going to
- need some, as a signal, maybe not in Montgomery County, but the signal priority type of
- thing is the permission that we're looking for working with them. But we do want them to
- 40 buy into the plan, because we want them in the future to say well, I'm going to repave a
- part of the road. We want them to think that's one of these corridors, what can I do as I
- repave the road? What can I do to improve the corridor?

43 44

Councilmember Leventhal,

130

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Okay. Getting back to my initial question. What is the difference between BRT which we're proposing on Viers Mill and Georgia and what you're proposing is what you're proposing may actually happen in the relatively feasible?

4 5

- Gary Erenrich
- 6 It's less, it's less, it's less costly to build.

7 8

- Councilmember Leventhal,
- 9 BRT might take 60 years.

10

- 11 Jim Hughes,
- Well, this is a much more short term improvement.

13

- 14 Councilmember Leventhal,
- 15 Yeah.

16

- 17 Gary Erenrich
- 18 This is a good first phase because with BRT, you can implement it in phases, blocks at
- 19 a time, or block segments at a time, where you have congestion and you have a right-
- of-way.

21

- 22 Councilmember Leventhal,
- Sure.

24

- 25 Gary Ehrnrich,
- You can, like Viers Mill, we have bus lanes on Viers Mill right now. We're using them,
- 27 particularly going westbound, that's pretty much an exclusive bus lane, but how can we
- use that better or what can we do going eastbound? We know where the intersections
- are, the problem intersections. But the issue on Viers Mill is, to do the gueue jumpers.
- 30 you need to take property, you need to take some fast food, perhaps some fast food
 - operations or some other property, and that's a very difficult thing to do.

31 32

- 33 Councilmember Leventhal,
- Thank you.

35

- 36 Councilmember Andrews,
- 37 Councilmember Floreen, then Councilmember Elrich.

- 39 Councilmember Floreen.
- Well, again, I don't want to let perfect be the enemy of the good in moving this stuff
- 41 forward. But these are important issues that I hope we can talk about this fall as we look
- 42 at transit to understand what's, you know, what works best, what's reasonably doable.
- We are a little frustrated with having these grand plans that we're not able to implement.
- So I think we're all collectively pretty thrilled about seeing something that might happen



within our, you know, while we're still in these positions or close to them. If there are other ways that we can improve this kind of thinking, I know dollars are going to be tight, but let's put it all on the table and see where we can go with this stuff.

3 4 5

1

2

Councilmember Andrews,

Very good. Councilmember Elrich.

6 7

Councilmember Elrich,

8 9 My office is actually spending some serious money along with Roger to look at BRT 10 planning and what some of the implications are for that both in terms of cost and 11 functionality. I agree, this is a stepping stone. It's an intermediate step. It's, depending 12 on the BRT system you adopt, any bus they invest in today can be used on a BRT 13 system, there's no contradiction, for example, between buying, you know, a new Metro bus of any propulsion system and then being able to transfer that bus into a BRT 14 15 system. So the investments made in that form of capital would be well spent, no matter 16 what you're doing. I had a conversation with I guess it was Neil Peterson about, you know, their view of BRT particularly on Georgia Avenue or in any place actually, their 17 biggest concern, other than how do you find the money for it, is the left turn movements. 18 19 And this continues to be a conundrum for the state is how are you going to govern the 20 left turn movements because essentially, if the BRT runs down the center or down the 21 median strips, you've got to be able to accommodate people going left. And there are all 22 kinds of ways of doing it. And some involve the same impact as a queue jumper which 23 is you wind up taking some property, others involve slightly widening the roads as you get to intersections and dedicating, sometimes you talk about going under or over the 24 25 intersections, but there are, you know, solutions. All solutions cost money. But we're trying to get an idea of what can be done. I was in New York and talking to the people 26 27 who are implementing New York's Bus Rapid Transit system on the surface of New York, which totally blew me away. This is downtown Manhattan, and they're taking two 28 29 roads between 1st and 7th Avenue that are currently six lanes and they're converting 30 them to four lane roads one way, and two lanes of cars, and two lanes of buses. They're 31 flat out taking two lanes of auto use out altogether and just putting buses. And they're 32 taking 34th Street and some of the other east west roads in Manhattan and doing the 33 same thing, taking away car lanes and putting in dedicated bus. So they're doing this in 34 downtown New York, I found that absolutely amazing.

35 36

Councilmember Andrews,

37 Thank you Councilmember Elrich. Well, there's a lot of interest as you can see in this, 38 and everyone's excited that this can be done quickly compared to most projects that 39 we're familiar with. So, that's one of the advantages of buses.

40

41 Jim Hughes,

42 Yes it is.

43 44

Councilmember Andrews,



Make quick changes, and they're flexible, and they're inexpensive compared to some projects, some other transportation projects. Thank you for the presentation, thank you for being here. I think the Council looks forward to continuing to work with Metro and WMATA on these issues and appreciate your Briefing.

5

- 6 Jim Hughes,
- 7 Well, thank you very much.

8

9 Councilmember Andrews,

Now, we have one more item of business for the Council today, and that is we have a proposed closed session. I need a motion actually for a proposed closed session which

is scheduled to take place right away in the sixth floor conference room.

13

- 14 Councilmember Floreen.
- 15 So moved for the purpose as stated.

16

- 17 Councilmember Andrews,
- All right. There you go. If you just want to read it out.

19

- 20 Councilmember Floreen.
- 21 Pursuant to Maryland Code, State Government Article 10-508 A7 and 8 on a first
- 22 amendment issue.

23

- 24 Councilmember Andrews.
- 25 Right. To receive legal advice regarding pending or potential litigation. Hear a second?

26

- 27 Councilmember Trachtenberg,
- 28 Second.

- 30 Councilmember Andrews,
- Okay. All those in favor of a closed session say aye. Okay. All right. Let's.